Technical Working Paper:
Development of the 2010 CPS-
Based Eligibility Estimates, SNAP
QC- Based Participation Estimates, and SNAP Participation Rates

Final
May 3, 2013
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Joel Smith

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## I. INTRODUCTION

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) helps low-income individuals purchase food so they can obtain a nutritious diet. Most individuals whose financial resources fall below income and asset thresholds established by the federal government are eligible for SNAP. Under federal rules applicable in all States, SNAP households in which all members receive cash benefits from Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), or, in some places, general assistance are categorically eligible for SNAP. Individuals in these "pure public assistance" households are not subject to SNAP income and asset limits.

Not all individuals who are eligible for SNAP participate. Some choose not to participate, but others are unaware they are eligible for benefits. An important measure of the program's performance is its ability to reach its target population, as indicated by the proportion of people eligible for benefits who actually participate-the program's participation rate. Eslami et al. (2012) present estimated national participation rates for individuals, households, and subgroups of individuals and households in fiscal year (FY) 2010. Their report also presents benefit receipt ratesthat is, the amount of benefits received by participants as a proportion of total benefits for which eligible individuals qualify. Cunnyngham (2012) presents FY 2008 through FY 2010 State SNAP participation rates.

The participation rates presented in Eslami et al. (2012) and Cunnyngham (2012) estimate the percentage of individuals eligible under federal SNAP income and asset rules who chose to participate in the program. They do not include individuals who were categorically eligible through State broad-based categorical eligibility (BBCE) and narrow categorical eligibility (NCE) policies. States can confer BBCE for SNAP through programs that provide a TANF or State Maintenance of Effort (MOE)-funded non-cash benefit-sometimes as simple as a brochure on assistance programs-to a large number of households. States can confer NCE through non-cash

TANF/MOE-funded benefits or services provided to a small targeted group of households that, in most cases, formerly received or were diverted from TANF cash benefits. Although they were not included in either report, participation rate estimates that include individuals eligible solely through State BBCE policies were developed in tandem with the estimates presented in Eslami et al (2012) and Cunnyngham (2012).

This report documents the methodology used to produce the FY 2010 national estimates presented in Eslami et al. (2012) and the FY 2008 through FY 2010 State direct sample estimates used to develop the estimates presented in Cunnyngham (2012). The remainder of this introductory chapter discusses some challenges faced when estimating SNAP participation rates. Succeeding chapters describe each component of the methodology in detail. Values presented in the body of the report are for the FY 2010 estimates. Appendix A contains values for the FY 2008 and FY 2009 State direct sample estimates.

Participation rates are calculated by dividing the estimated number of participants by the estimated number of eligible individuals. For estimated participation rates to be meaningful, the estimates of participants and eligible individuals must be methodologically consistent. For instance, it is important that the two sets of estimates be for the same time period and the same population. Ideally, a single data set would be the best source for deriving estimates of both participants and eligible individuals. However, the best data for estimating numbers of participants—SNAP Quality Control (SNAP QC) data-do not include information on eligible individuals. Similarly, the best source for deriving annual estimates of eligible individuals-the Current Population Survey (CPS) Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC)—underreports SNAP participation. Consequently, a primary challenge in estimating SNAP participation rates is producing estimates of the rate numerator and denominator that are as methodologically consistent as possible. Other challenges arise from the lack of availability of information necessary to determine eligibility and benefits on the CPS ASEC. An overview of specific challenges is provided below.

## A. Challenges in Estimating Number of Eligible Individuals

Some data needed to simulate noncitizen eligibility not available. The CPS ASEC collects data on whether a person is native-born, a naturalized citizen, or a noncitizen. Because program eligibility rules distinguish between various categories of noncitizens, we impute whether a noncitizen is undocumented, a refugee, or subject to income and asset deeming from a sponsor. (See sections II.A. 3 and IV.B for more information.)

Using annual data to estimate monthly eligibility. The CPS ASEC provides data on income for the previous calendar year. Because SNAP eligibility is based on monthly income, we allocate the annual income amounts in the CPS ASEC over the 12 months of the calendar year. (See Section II.B for more information.)

Using calendar year data to simulate fiscal year eligibility rules. SNAP eligibility rules generally apply to a fiscal year (beginning on October 1 of one year and ending September 30 of the following year). To create a fiscal year data file that aligns to fiscal year program rules, we combine data from two years of the CPS ASEC. (See Section II.C for more information.)

Underreported participation in SSI and TANF. As in many surveys, participation in SSI and TANF is underreported in the CPS ASEC. To ensure that benefits from these programs are correctly included in SNAP eligibility and benefit determinations, we simulate eligibility, participation, and benefits for both SSI and TANF. (See Chapter III for details.)

SSI, TANF, and SNAP unit formation. Eligibility for SSI, TANF, and SNAP is determined based on the income and assets of individuals who are required to apply together for each program, as determined by the program's rules. These "filing units" do not always include everyone in a household, so we use program rules and available data to simulate the formation of SSI, TANF, and SNAP units. (See sections III.A.1, III.B.1, and IV.A, respectively.)

Data on expenses and assets not available. Information on certain expenses is needed to calculate net income for SNAP eligibility and benefit determinations, and information on assets is
needed to determine asset eligibility for SSI, TANF, and SNAP. Because these data are not available in the CPS ASEC, we use equations estimated on the SNAP QC data to estimate SNAP net income and a Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP)-based microsimulation model to estimate SSI, TANF, and SNAP asset eligibility. (See Sections III.A.2, III.B.2, IV.D, and IV.E, respectively.)

## B. Challenges in Estimating Number of Participants

Data on assets not available. To estimate a "federal rules" participation rate, we need to exclude from the numerator those participants on the SNAP QC data file who are eligible through State categorical eligibility rules but who would fail the federal asset test. Because the SNAP QC data file does not include the data on assets needed to determine asset eligibility, we use an equation estimated on SIPP data to predict the probability that income-eligible units would fail the federal SNAP asset test. (See Section V.B.)

## II. CREATION OF THE CPS- BASED ELIGIBILITY FILE DATABASE

The estimates of eligible individuals are derived from a microsimulation model that uses CPS ASEC data and detailed information on program rules to simulate eligibility for SNAP. This chapter describes the initial processing of the CPS ASEC data, the allocation of annual income to monthly amounts, and the creation of a fiscal year file from two calendar year CPS ASEC data files.

The CPS is a monthly survey of households sponsored jointly by the U.S. Census Bureau and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Each household is interviewed once a month for four consecutive months one year, and again in the corresponding time period a year later. The annual ASEC supplement contains additional data on work experience, income, noncash benefits, and migration. Because the CPS ASEC is released on a regular schedule and is consistent from year to year, it can be used to estimate trends in SNAP eligibility and participation rates.

The fiscal year 2010 eligibility file uses the 2010 CPS ASEC (sample size of 76,260) and the 2011 CPS ASEC (sample size of 75,188 ). (See Table A. 1 for CPS ASEC sample sizes for previous years.)

## A. Initial Data Processing

Several of the first steps in the creation of the CPS-based eligibility file are similar to those initially developed for the MATH CPS model development, although the current programs are in SAS rather than Fortran (Smith 2004).

## 1. Convert Raw CPS Data into MATH Model Format

The raw CPS ASEC data are converted into a format readable by the MATH model using three SAS programs: COMPARE-CONTENTS.SAS, MATHPC-HEADER.SAS, and MAKE-BINFILE.SAS. The COMPARE-CONTENTS program compares the contents of the previous and current year's CPS ASEC and summarizes the differences in its output. MATHPC-HEADER.SAS uses values such as the number of households found on the current CPS ASEC and the monthly and annual poverty guidelines to create the initial header file for the MATH file. Finally, the program

MAKE-BIN-FILE.SAS uses the outputs of the first program to convert the CPS ASEC into the initial MATH database, a hierarchical structure of household, family, and person-level records.

## 2. Recode CPS Data

The CODECPS (Recode Current Population Survey Data) module creates a set of key variables by recoding, renaming, or reformatting certain CPS ASEC variables and by creating new variables from combinations of CPS ASEC variables. This process ensures that the model has all the variables it needs in the expected format and that the variables remain relatively constant across years even if the values of the CPS ASEC variables change. CODECPS also creates some variables not available in the raw CPS ASEC.

## 3. Randomly Assign Some Noncitizens to Be Undocumented and Some to be Refugees

The CPS ASEC does not include data on whether a noncitizen was admitted as a refugee. To simulate eligibility rules for refugees, some noncitizens are randomly assigned to be refugees based on their year of arrival in the United States (Table II.1).

Table II.1. Probability a Newly Arrived Noncitizen Is a Refugee or Asylee

|  | Probability of Being a Refugee or Asylee by Year of Arrival |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| FY 2008 file | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 |  |  |
| FY 2009 file |  |  | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.11 |  |
| FY 2010 file |  |  | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.11 |

Source: Tabulations based on Department of Homeland Security Yearbook of Immigration Statistics data.

The CPS ASEC does not include data on whether a noncitizen is in the United States lawfully. The probability that a noncitizen is undocumented is derived using noncitizen population counts from CPS ASEC and unpublished estimates developed by Dr. Jeffrey Passel for the Pew Hispanic Center of the number of undocumented foreign-born included in the CPS ASEC (Tables II. 2 and A.2). These probabilities are then used to randomly assign the appropriate percentage of noncitizens to undocumented status.

Table II.2. Estimated Percentage of Noncitizens Who Are Undocumented, FY 2010

| State or Group of States | Percent | State or Group of States | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: |
| Alabama | 95.5 | Missouri | 46.3 |
| Alaska | 30.7 | Nebraska | 51.6 |
| Arizona | 72.6 | Nevada | 83.2 |
| Arkansas | 58.0 | New Jersey | 51.6 |
| California | 45.2 | New Mexico | 71.4 |
| Colorado | 71.7 | New York | 29.5 |
| Connecticut | 45.3 | North Carolina | 71.9 |
| Delaware | 62.2 | Ohio | 52.5 |
| District of Columbia | 51.8 | Oklahoma | 70.1 |
| Florida | 48.0 | Oregon | 77.5 |
| Georgia | 75.3 | Pennsylvania | 45.1 |
| Hawaii | 41.9 | Rhode Island | 45.5 |
| Idaho | 65.1 | South Carolina | 61.1 |
| Illinois | 57.7 | South Dakota | 42.9 |
| Indiana | 78.5 | Tennessee | 71.3 |
| lowa | 68.5 | Texas | 59.2 |
| Kansas | 65.1 | Utah | 83.3 |
| Kentucky | 57.0 | Virginia | 57.0 |
| Maryland | 54.0 | Washington | 42.4 |
| Massachusetts | 39.0 | Wisconsin | 64.1 |
| Michigan | 45.2 | Wyoming | 57.2 |
| Minnesota | 48.8 | Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, North Dakota, | 55.3 |
|  |  | West Virginia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Montana |  |
| Source: | Unpublished estimates prepared for the Pew Hispanic Center by Dr. Jeffrey Passel and CPS |  |  |
| Note: |  |  |  |

## 4. Identification of Certain Types of Individuals

The DEFSTA (Defining Status) module creates flags that identify disabled individuals, full-time students, household heads, spouses of household heads, and principal earners in a family. While most of these types of individuals are relatively straightforward to identify, identifying disabled individuals is slightly more complex. Individuals are flagged as disabled if they were nonelderly (under age 60) and (1) were coded as having a health problem which prevented work or were not working because they were ill or disabled; or (2) received SSI or Medicare; or (3) were not working and received (a) a pension and left their job because of health reasons, (b) veteran's benefits for a disability, or (c) social security for a disability.

## B. Allocate Annual Income to Monthly Amounts

Reported annual income in the CPS ASEC is converted to monthly amounts using the ALLOY routine. The ALLOY routine has separate algorithms for allocating monthly amounts for earnings, unemployment compensation, public assistance, asset income, and other unearned income. ALLOY also simulates the monthly employment status for each individual who reports either earnings or being unemployed.

## 1. Determine Employment Status

Before allocating earnings, reported annual labor-force activity is allocated into monthly activity.
Individual months of employment are assigned such that the simulated outcomes reflect the variation in the BLS monthly estimates of national employment and unemployment and match the annual employment and unemployment levels in the CPS ASEC.

First, monthly unemployment and employment targets are determined, with adjustments to the number of weeks unemployed when there is an indication of potential underreporting (Smith 2010). Next, initial probabilities of employment and unemployment for each individual are set to the number of adjusted weeks unemployed and the number of weeks employed, divided by 52 . The initial probabilities of employment and unemployment are then adjusted to match the targets. Finally, the monthly labor-force status for each individual is randomly selected. Tables II. 3 and A. 3 show employment estimates from the BLS and CPS ASEC, employment targets, and simulated employment in the eligibility file.

## 2. Allocate Earnings

First, the average monthly earnings for each individual are determined by dividing the reported annual amount by the number of weeks worked, and multiplying the result by the number of weeks in a month (4.333). Then, average monthly earnings amounts are assigned to the months of employment as determined by the preceding employment status algorithm.

Table II.3. Employment Estimates, Targets, and Simulated Results, 2010

|  | Number Employed (000s) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | | Percent difference |
| :---: |
| (Simulated - Target) |

Sources: BLS labor force estimates from the CPS ASEC

## 3. Allocate Unemployment Compensation

The CPS ASEC does not report duration of unemployment compensation receipt, so number of months of receipt and monthly amounts are simulated. The number of weeks of unemployment compensation receipt is derived by dividing the annual reported amount on the CPS ASEC by the average weekly unemployment compensation in each State, as shown in Tables II. 4 and A.4. Monthly unemployment income is then calculated by multiplying weekly unemployment compensation by the number of weeks in a month (4.333). Unemployment compensation is allocated throughout the year based on the estimated number of weeks the income is received.

## 4. Allocate Asset Income and Other Unearned Income

General assistance and asset income, which includes interest and dividends, are distributed uniformly over the year. Energy assistance income is distributed over October through March. Other unearned income is allocated according to the age of the individual receiving the income, the kind of income, and the annual amount. Income received by elderly individuals is distributed uniformly over the year. Income received by nonelderly individuals is distributed over a randomly selected number of months using a set of probabilities that differ according to whether the income is classified as "regular" or "irregular" (Table II.5). Income from Social Security, pensions, and worker's compensation is treated as regular income, since it is usually received for a full year.

Alimony, child support, educational assistance, and financial assistance are treated as irregular, since individuals usually receive it for a few months a year. The first month of receipt is also randomly selected.

Table II.4. Average Weekly Unemployment Compensation, 2010

|  | Average Weekly <br> Unemployment <br> Compensation | State | Average Weekly <br> Unemployment <br> Compensation |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| State | 206 | Montana | 272 |
| Alabama | 239 | Nebraska | 252 |
| Alaska | 214 | Nevada | 318 |
| Arizona | 278 | New Hampshire | 272 |
| Arkansas | 301 | New Jersey | New Mexico |
| California | 347 | New York | 397 |
| Colorado | 327 | North Carolina | 316 |
| Connecticut | 247 | North Dakota | 307 |
| Delaware | 299 | Ohio | 298 |
| District of Columbia | 231 | Oklahoma | 310 |
| Florida | 273 | Oregon | 297 |
| Georgia | 416 | Pennsylvania | 276 |
| Hawaii | 255 | Rhode Island | 290 |
| Idaho | 317 | South Carolina | 338 |
| Illinois | 295 | South Dakota | 380 |
| Indiana | 321 | Tennessee | 236 |
| lowa | 326 | Texas | 251 |
| Kansas | 289 | Utah | 223 |
| Kentucky | 209 | Vermont | 316 |
| Louisiana | 274 | 316 |  |
| Maine | 316 | Virginia | 297 |
| Maryland | 392 | Washington | 288 |
| Massachusetts | 297 | West Virginia | 384 |
| Michigan | 356 | Wisconsin | 255 |
| Minnesota | 190 | Wyoming | 275 |
| Mississippi | 244 |  | 337 |
| Missouri |  |  |  |
| Source: | U.S. Department of Labor, Unemployment Insurance Data Summary |  |  |

Table II.5. Cumulative Probabilities Used to Determine Duration of Receipt

| Months of <br> Receipt | Regular <br> Income | Irregular <br> Income | Months of <br> Receipt | Regular <br> Income | Irregular <br> Income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0.098 | 0.197 | 7 | 0.309 | 0.614 |
| 2 | 0.149 | 0.300 | 8 | 0.325 | 0.652 |
| 3 | 0.187 | 0.378 | 9 | 0.344 | 0.686 |
| 4 | 0.244 | 0.483 | 10 | 0.372 | 0.716 |
| 5 | 0.263 | 0.542 | 11 | 0.391 | 0.761 |
| 6 | 0.288 | 0.585 | 12 | 1.000 | 1.000 |

Source: Doyle and Trippe 1991

## C. Combine Two CPS ASEC Files to Create Fiscal Year File

Two calendar year CPS ASEC files are combined to create a fiscal year eligibility file. The eligibility file uses the simulated last quarter of the CPS ASEC for the earlier year and the simulated first, second, and third quarters of the CPS ASEC file for the later year. For the FY 2010 file, this means that October through December 2009 are simulated using the 2010 CPS ASEC (which reports 2009 income data) and January through September 2010 are simulated using the 2011 CPS ASEC (which reports 2010 income data). Fifty percent of each year's sample was interviewed in both years. However, each file is weighted independently and we treat each observation as unique.

## III. SIMULATE SSI AND TANF IN THE ELIGIBILITY FILE

SSI and TANF eligibility, participation, and benefits are simulated in the eligibility file because participation in both programs is underreported in the CPS ASEC.

## A. Simulate SSI

The SSI program is funded primarily by the federal government and provides need-based financial assistance to elderly and disabled individuals. To be eligible for SSI, individuals must be age 65 or older, or have a severe impairment lasting or expected to last at least one year. Certain noncitizens are categorically ineligible for SSI. To be potentially eligible, a noncitizen must be in one of the following categories:

- Refugees and asylees (for up to seven years)
- Legal permanent residents who were lawfully living in the U.S. on August 22, 1996, and are blind or disabled
- Legal permanent residents who were receiving SSI on August 22, 1996, and are lawfully living in the U.S.
- Legal permanent residents who have been lawfully in the U.S. for five or more years and have earned or can be credited (from their spouse or parents) with 40 qualifying quarters of earnings
- Legal permanent residents who are currently on active duty in the U.S. armed forces or are honorably discharged veterans; their spouses and dependent children are also potentially eligible

SSI is simulated in three steps. First, SSI units are formed. Second, asset and income eligibility tests are applied to determine whether each unit is eligible for SSI, and benefits are computed for eligible units. Finally, a calibration process selects eligible units to participate so that the simulated caseload matches SSI administrative data across a number of dimensions. These steps are described below.

## 1. Create SSI Units

Individuals who are elderly or disabled are assigned to an SSI unit, along with their spouse, if applicable. Disabled adults are identified earlier in the file creation process. (See Section II.A.4.)

Because of data limitations, the disability status of children under age 15 cannot be determined. Therefore, during the SSI unit formation process, we randomly assign some children to be potentially disabled and then determine whether they are eligible for SSI. If so, and if they are selected during the SSI calibration process, they are simulated to be disabled and SSI recipients. If the potentially disabled children are not eligible for SSI or are not selected during the calibration process, we do not continue to simulate them as disabled. The percentage of children simulated to be potentially disabled varies by age: 15 percent of children ages 0 to 5,8 percent of children ages 6 to 10,3 percent of children ages 11 to 15 , and 1 percent of children ages 16 and 17 are randomly selected.

Once initial SSI units are formed, ineligible noncitizens are excluded. Following the eligibility rules listed above, the following noncitizens are simulated to be potentially eligible for SSI:

- Those who arrived in the U.S. before 1996 and either were elderly in 1996 or are currently disabled
- Those simulated earlier in the file development process to be refugees who have not been in the U.S. for more than seven years (see Section II.A.3)
- Noncitizens who have 40 quarters of work history, randomly selected based on Panel Study of Income Dynamics data (17.8 percent of remaining noncitizens)


## 2. Simulate SSI Eligibility

Income eligibility. Income eligibility is determined by comparing an SSI unit's net countable income with the combined federal and State SSI benefit guarantees. Countable income is calculated by summing income from all sources and deducting $\$ 20$ of income (deducted first from unearned income and then from earned income), $\$ 65$ of earned income, $\$ 1,640$ of earnings of individuals under age 22 who are regularly attending school, and 50 percent of the remaining earnings. Countable income also includes income deemed from an SSI-ineligible spouse or parent. Income eligible units are simulated to be eligible for State supplements.

An SSI unit passes the income test if its countable income is less than the combined federal and State guarantee for its State, living arrangement, and category. The 2010 eligibility estimates use the

2010 federal SSI guarantees of $\$ 674$ per month for an individual and $\$ 1,011$ per month for a couple. States have the option to supplement federal payments and may vary their supplement levels by the living arrangements of the recipients. For example, States may choose to provide a higher level of support to individuals living in a licensed group home than to individuals living independently. Since individuals living in institutions are not included in the CPS, the SSI routine assumes that all units eligible for a State SSI supplement received the "living independently" State supplement amount. Among States that supplement SSI, State guarantees for an individual who is living independently range from $\$ 5$ to $\$ 362$ per month. States may also vary their supplement by whether the SSI recipient is elderly or disabled. The State SSI supplements for elderly and disabled individuals are shown in Tables III.1, A.5a, and A.5b. (States not listed do not provide an SSI supplement.)

Asset eligibility. The 2010 asset limit was $\$ 2,000$ for an individual and $\$ 3,000$ for a couple. Countable assets do not include the value of a home, burial plots, certain personal goods, life insurance policies under $\$ 1,500$, or the highest-valued vehicle.

The CPS ASEC does not contain information on asset balances, so SSI asset eligibility is imputed with an equation estimated on a SIPP-based microsimulation model. Table III. 2 presents the SSI asset equation coefficients.

Benefit computation. SSI benefits are calculated for all SSI units that pass the asset and income tests. The simulated benefit amount is the difference (if positive) between the combined federal and State guarantee and the unit's countable income.

## 3. Simulate SSI Participation

The final step in the SSI simulation is selecting SSI participants from the pool of simulated eligible individuals to match control totals (by age, State, and income source) drawn from Social Security Administration (SSA) administrative data. Tables III.3, III.4, A.6a, A.6b, and A. 7 show the control totals used for the calibration and the final simulated participant totals.

Table III.1. State SSI Supplements for Individuals and Couples Living Independently, January 2010

|  |  | State SSI Supplements by Unit Type (\$) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Elderly Individual | Disabled Individual | Elderly Couple |
| State | 362 | 362 | 528 | Disabled Couple |
| Alaska | 171 | 171 | 528 |  |
| California | 25 | 25 | 396 | 396 |
| Colorado | 168 | 168 | 387 | 387 |
| Connecticut | 53 | 53 | 274 | 274 |
| Idaho | 10 | 10 | 20 | 20 |
| Maine | 129 | 114 | 15 | 15 |
| Massachusetts | 14 | 14 | 202 | 180 |
| Michigan | 81 | 21 | 28 | 111 |
| Minnesota | 5 | 5 | 11 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 36 | 0 | 74 | 0 |
| Nevada | 41 | 41 | 42 | 42 |
| New Hampshire | 31 | 31 | 25 | 25 |
| New Jersey | 87 | 87 | 104 | 104 |
| New York | 42 | 42 | 84 | 84 |
| Oklahoma | 22 | 22 | 33 | 33 |
| Pennsylvania | 40 | 40 | 79 | 79 |
| Rhode Island | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| Utah | 52 | 52 | 99 | 99 |
| Vermont | 46 | 46 | 92 | 92 |
| Washington | 84 | 84 | 132 | 132 |
| Wisconsin | 25 | 25 | 56 | 56 |
| Wyoming |  |  |  |  |

[^0]Table III.2. SSI Asset Equation Coefficients

| Explanatory Variable | Coefficient |
| :--- | ---: |
| Constant | 2.3125610 |
| Homeowner | -0.8640628 |
| Homeowner by SSI unit's interest income | 7.3579520 |
| In North Central | 0.1443733 |
| In South | 0.2413597 |
| In West | -0.2869501 |
| More than one SSI unit in household | 0.4658835 |
| Number of children in SSI unit | -1.4944670 |
| Number of elderly in SSI unit | -0.4400995 |
| Number of high school graduates by SSI unit's earnings | 0.0538283 |
| Number of high school graduates by SSI unit's net income | -0.0510030 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent | -0.3028685 |
| Number of SSI unit members not in the labor force | 0.1585487 |
| SSI unit head is African American | 0.9700721 |
| SSI unit head is Hispanic | 0.6273463 |
| SSI unit head is not white, African American, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.2468549 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by homeowner | -0.3787424 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by in North Central | -0.3527378 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by in West | 0.4857918 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by number not in the labor force | 0.3294281 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by number of children in SSI unit | 0.5734457 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by number of high school graduates | -0.5090151 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by SSI unit's dividend income | -16.11029 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by SSI unit's earnings | -0.2875219 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by SSI unit's net income | 1.1877910 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by SSI unit's rental income | -12.28553 |
| SSI unit passes net income test by unit head is other race | 0.7285853 |
| SSI unit's dividend income | -2.1642610 |
| SSI unit's dividend income squared | 383.0569 |
| SSI unit's earnings | -0.1721697 |
| SSI unit's earnings squared | 3.1547600 |
| SSI unit's interest income | -86.85640 |
| SSI unit's interest income squared | 437738.9 |
| SSI unit's interest income to the third power | -638000000 |
| SSI unit's net income | -0.5796843 |
| SSI unit's net income squared | 49.56915 |
| SSI unit's net income to the fourth power | 8367.063 |
| SSI unit's net income to the third power | 0.18186252 |
| Type of SSI unit |  |

Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model

Table III.3. State SSI Control and Simulated Participant Totals, by Age, 2010

| State | Control Totals |  |  | Simulated Participant Totals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or Older | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or Older |
| Alabama | 30,045 | 112,238 | 29,937 | 33,299 | 118,836 | 29,995 |
| Alaska | 1,239 | 7,972 | 3,031 | 1,122 | 8,799 | 2,972 |
| Arizona | 20,526 | 63,335 | 26,016 | 19,668 | 70,129 | 24,847 |
| Arkansas | 27,009 | 63,775 | 15,961 | 27,065 | 66,381 | 14,546 |
| California | 111,206 | 613,109 | 544,808 | 112,480 | 604,510 | 526,913 |
| Colorado | 8,660 | 41,675 | 15,176 | 9,258 | 41,148 | 14,824 |
| Connecticut | 7,950 | 36,904 | 13,375 | 9,022 | 39,306 | 13,412 |
| Delaware | 3,626 | 9,622 | 2,556 | 3,681 | 9,582 | 2,532 |
| District of Columbia | 4,391 | 15,791 | 4,189 | 4,380 | 15,160 | 4,387 |
| Florida | 92,928 | 233,396 | 158,039 | 94,504 | 228,336 | 161,567 |
| Georgia | 41,154 | 137,475 | 49,869 | 38,990 | 139,989 | 51,358 |
| Hawaii | 1,721 | 14,611 | 8,565 | 1,633 | 14,483 | 9,097 |
| Idaho | 5,277 | 18,227 | 3,732 | 5,220 | 17,236 | 3,449 |
| Illinois | 44,751 | 168,598 | 59,930 | 41,532 | 170,880 | 60,833 |
| Indiana | 25,707 | 79,539 | 12,784 | 26,432 | 81,186 | 11,957 |
| Iowa | 7,943 | 32,817 | 6,874 | 7,328 | 33,137 | 5,813 |
| Kansas | 8,765 | 30,354 | 6,722 | 9,049 | 31,005 | 6,596 |
| Kentucky | 30,328 | 129,720 | 32,280 | 29,308 | 128,848 | 31,332 |
| Louisiana | 35,551 | 106,924 | 32,194 | 38,207 | 112,706 | 34,138 |
| Maine | 3,900 | 26,299 | 5,287 | 4,032 | 24,450 | 4,737 |
| Maryland | 16,889 | 65,697 | 24,800 | 17,298 | 66,410 | 25,512 |
| Massachusetts | 23,202 | 119,236 | 50,560 | 19,352 | 123,827 | 53,584 |
| Michigan | 41,454 | 173,668 | 38,427 | 39,673 | 187,175 | 38,121 |
| Minnesota | 12,984 | 54,850 | 18,648 | 13,174 | 52,451 | 18,466 |
| Mississippi | 24,020 | 75,879 | 25,670 | 23,173 | 77,430 | 26,915 |
| Missouri | 22,796 | 91,969 | 19,078 | 20,268 | 102,590 | 17,227 |
| Montana | 2,523 | 12,184 | 2,825 | 2,733 | 11,897 | 2,871 |
| Nebraska | 4,071 | 17,652 | 3,952 | 4,516 | 18,129 | 4,082 |
| Nevada | 7,724 | 22,657 | 10,627 | 7,130 | 23,653 | 9,550 |
| New Hampshire | 2,400 | 13,532 | 1,983 | 2,561 | 14,381 | 1,946 |
| New Jersey | 24,884 | 89,936 | 53,771 | 23,373 | 90,187 | 53,014 |
| New Mexico | 9,103 | 35,212 | 16,183 | 8,886 | 34,174 | 16,633 |
| New York | 83,532 | 362,848 | 234,811 | 83,509 | 372,269 | 241,256 |
| North Carolina | 41,767 | 133,220 | 44,456 | 43,689 | 137,816 | 42,057 |
| North Dakota | 1,089 | 5,591 | 1,622 | 1,125 | 5,524 | 1,578 |
| Ohio | 48,693 | 198,054 | 38,823 | 48,443 | 200,957 | 37,449 |
| Oklahoma | 17,722 | 61,395 | 14,604 | 17,948 | 64,231 | 13,708 |
| Oregon | 9,984 | 49,654 | 15,113 | 10,775 | 49,242 | 14,265 |
| Pennsylvania | 70,104 | 226,308 | 61,527 | 67,305 | 230,623 | 63,866 |
| Rhode Island | 4,607 | 21,027 | 7,125 | 4,193 | 20,536 | 7,270 |
| South Carolina | 20,280 | 69,298 | 22,432 | 22,098 | 74,443 | 24,605 |
| South Dakota | 2,431 | 8,473 | 2,944 | 2,260 | 9,363 | 2,922 |
| Tennessee | 25,042 | 117,036 | 32,425 | 25,280 | 107,049 | 32,247 |
| Texas | 129,744 | 318,912 | 167,907 | 134,824 | 322,786 | 168,045 |
| Utah | 5,295 | 18,271 | 4,513 | 4,274 | 17,813 | 4,089 |
| Vermont | 1,861 | 10,941 | 2,487 | 1,532 | 10,226 | 2,330 |
| Virginia | 24,082 | 90,349 | 33,874 | 24,591 | 92,021 | 34,737 |
| Washington | 17,238 | 89,661 | 30,548 | 16,023 | 87,111 | 30,831 |
| West Virginia | 9,193 | 59,531 | 11,611 | 9,225 | 61,572 | 8,586 |
| Wisconsin | 20,587 | 71,021 | 15,868 | 20,826 | 71,823 | 15,841 |
| Wyoming | 971 | 4,608 | 790 | 954 | 4,669 | 715 |

[^1]Table III.4. National SSI Control and Simulated Participant Totals, by Income Source, 2010

|  | Control Totals |  |  | Simulated Participant Totals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older |
| All | 1,239,269 | 4,631,507 | 2,041,490 | 1,237,225 | 4,698,485 | 2,029,617 |
| No other income | 914,566 | 2,795,274 | 783,371 | 1,226,530 | 3,169,393 | 793,907 |
| Earnings | 2,255 | 230,469 | 26,964 | 670 | 233,273 | 97,063 |
| Social Security | 92,154 | 1,458,740 | 1,147,069 | 7,631 | 926,503 | 1,221,262 |

Source: SSA's SSI Annual Statistical Report, 2010

## B. Simulate TANF

TANF is a block grant program designed to provide temporary assistance to needy families while helping recipients move into work. States have wide latitude in establishing programs and setting eligibility requirements.

The TANF simulation follows a process similar to the SSI simulation. It first places household members into TANF units, then determines whether the TANF unit is eligible for benefits and, if so, predicts benefit amounts and finally selects TANF participants from among eligible units. In States where TANF program rules differ for applicants and ongoing recipients, the more generous eligibility requirements applicable to ongoing recipients are simulated.

## 1. Create TANF Units

In households that contain children or a pregnant woman, TANF units are formed to include related children, the head of their family, and the spouse of the head. If an adult pregnant woman does not have any dependents, she forms her own TANF unit. Foster children and SSI recipients are not included in TANF units. If multiple families live in one household, multiple TANF units are formed. If a TANF unit does not contain any adults, data on household relationships are used to try to identify an adult in the household likely to be responsible for the care of the minor children. If found, such adults are added to child-only TANF units.

## 2. Simulate TANF Eligibility

Income eligibility. TANF income eligibility rules are established by each State and can include a gross income test, a net income test, both types of income tests, or neither. The 2010 eligibility simulation uses TANF rules for July 2009. States that did not have explicit income tests for ongoing recipients include Alabama, California, the District of Columbia, Idaho, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, and Wyoming. Income tests for other States are listed in Table III.5. The first column after the State name indicates whether the State applies a gross and/or net income test, along with the percentage of the State threshold under which the indicated type of income must fall. For instance, in Alaska, TANF units must have gross income under 185 percent and net income under 100 percent of the listed threshold. A few States limit their income tests to earned or unearned income, or have two income tests that use two different sets of thresholds. Although Table III. 5 only presents thresholds for TANF units with up to six members, most States increase the thresholds for larger TANF units (Smith and Wang 2012).

Net income is calculated by subtracting an earnings deduction and, in some States, a dependent care deduction from a unit's gross earnings. Earnings deductions vary by State. Some States disregard a dollar amount of earnings (for instance, the first $\$ 150$ ), others disregard a percentage of earnings, and still others combine both approaches. States that allow a dependent care expense deduction deduct dependent care expenses from gross income up to the maximum deduction amount or earnings, whichever is lower. Table III. 6 shows the earnings and dependent care deduction policies for States with a net income test.

Table III.5. State TANF Income Tests and Thresholds, July 2009

| State | Type of Income and Percentage of Threshold | TANF Unit Size |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Alaska | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross < 185\% net < } \\ & 100 \% \end{aligned}$ | 814 | 1,301 | 1,464 | 1,627 | 1,790 | 1,953 |
| Arizona | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross < 185\% net < } \\ & 100 \% \end{aligned}$ | 567 | 765 | 964 | 1,162 | 1,360 | 1,559 |
| Arkansas | Net < 100\% | 223 | 223 | 223 | 223 | 223 | 223 |
| Colorado | Gross unearned < 185\% | 117 | 331 | 421 | 510 | 605 | 697 |
| Connecticut | Gross unearned < 100\% | 472 | 627 | 768 | 903 | 1,033 | 1,169 |
| Connecticut | Gross earned < 100\% | 903 | 1,215 | 1,526 | 1,838 | 2,150 | 2,461 |
| Delaware | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross < 185\% net < } \\ & 100 \% \end{aligned}$ | 650 | 875 | 1,100 | 1,325 | 1,550 | 1,775 |
| Florida | Gross < 185\% | 903 | 1,215 | 1,526 | 1,838 | 2,150 | 2,461 |
| Georgia | Gross < 185\% | 235 | 356 | 424 | 500 | 573 | 621 |
| Hawaii | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross < 185\% net < } \\ & 100 \% \end{aligned}$ | 939 | 1,265 | 1,590 | 1,916 | 2,242 | 2,568 |
| Indiana | Net < 100\% | 903 | 1,215 | 1,526 | 1,838 | 2,150 | 2,461 |
| Iowa | Gross < 185\% | 365 | 719 | 849 | 986 | 1,092 | 1,216 |
| Kentucky | Gross < 185\% | 401 | 460 | 526 | 592 | 658 | 724 |
| Maine | Gross < 100\% | 485 | 762 | 1,023 | 1,286 | 1,548 | 1,811 |
| Massachusetts | Gross < 185\% | 428 | 531 | 633 | 731 | 832 | 936 |
| Mississippi | Gross < 185\% | 218 | 293 | 368 | 443 | 518 | 593 |
| Missouri | Gross < 185\% | 393 | 678 | 846 | 990 | 1,123 | 1,247 |
| Montana | Gross < 185\% | 345 | 464 | 583 | 702 | 821 | 940 |
| Montana | Net < 100\% | 271 | 364 | 458 | 551 | 644 | 738 |
| Nevada | Gross < 130\% | 903 | 1,215 | 1,526 | 1,838 | 2,150 | 2,461 |
| New Mexico | Gross < 85\% | 903 | 1,215 | 1,526 | 1,838 | 2,150 | 2,461 |
| New York | Gross < 185\% | 414 | 501 | 691 | 825 | 964 | 1,059 |
| Oklahoma | Gross < 185\% | 398 | 499 | 645 | 798 | 933 | 1,068 |
| Oregon | Gross < 100\% | 345 | 499 | 616 | 795 | 932 | 1,060 |
| Pennsylvania | Net < 100\% | 205 | 316 | 403 | 497 | 589 | 670 |
| South Carolina | Gross < 185\% | 433 | 583 | 733 | 883 | 1033 | 1183 |
| Tennessee | Gross < 185\% | 696 | 896 | 1,066 | 1,211 | 1,335 | 1,441 |
| Texas | Net < 100\% | 78 | 163 | 188 | 226 | 251 | 288 |
| Utah | Gross < 185\% net<100\% | 329 | 456 | 568 | 665 | 757 | 834 |
| Virginia | Gross < 185\% | 174 | 257 | 322 | 386 | 457 | 509 |
| Washington | Gross earned < 100\% | 1,131 | 1,431 | 1,767 | 2,085 | 2,403 | 2,721 |
| West Virginia | Gross < 100\% | 581 | 786 | 991 | 1,196 | 1,401 | 1,606 |
| Wisconsin | Gross < 115\% | 903 | 1,215 | 1,526 | 1,838 | 2,150 | 2,461 |

Source: The Urban Institute's Welfare Rules Database, funded by U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Administration for Children and Families (ACF) and HHS Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation (ASPE)

Table III.6. Earnings and Dependent Care Deduction Policies for States with TANF Net Income Test, July 2009

| State | Earnings <br> Deduction | Maximum Dependent Care Expense Deduction per Dependent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source: The Urban Institute's Welfare Rules Database, funded by HHS ACF and HHS ASPE

Asset eligibility. To be asset eligible, the TANF unit's countable assets must be less than the State's asset limit (Table III.7). Countable assets include cash in savings accounts, money markets, certificates of deposit, interest-earning checking accounts, stock and mutual funds, and 401K, IRA, and Keogh accounts (less an early withdrawal penalty fee). Some States also count a portion of the value of a unit's vehicles toward the asset limit. Alabama, Arizona, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Utah, and Virginia do not include vehicles in a unit's countable assets. Other States rules for counting vehicle assets are listed in Table III.8.

The CPS ASEC does not contain information on asset balances, so TANF asset eligibility is imputed with a set of equations estimated on a SIPP-based microsimulation model. The TANF asset equation coefficients are presented in Table A.8.

Table III.7. State TANF Asset Limits, July 2009

| State | Asset Limits |
| :--- | :--- |
| Delaware, Georgia, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, | $\$ 1,000$ |
| Texas, Washington | $\$ 1,500$ |
| Indiana | $\$ 2,000$ |
| Arizona, Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, |  |
| Mississippi, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, South Dakota, |  |
| Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, West Virginia | $\$ 2,000$ for financial resources |
| Kentucky | $\$ 2,000, \$ 3,000$ for units with elderly |
| Alabama, Alaska, California, District of Columbia, New York | $\$ 2,000$ for one person, $\$ 3,000$ for two, |
| Illinois | $\$ 2,500$ |
| Massachusetts, South Carolina, Wisconsin, Wyoming $\$ 50$ for each additional person |  |
| Arkansas, Connecticut, Michigan, Montana, North Carolina | $\$ 3,000$ |
| New Mexico | $\$ 1,500$ for liquid resources, $\$ 2,000$ for |
| North Dakota | $\$ 3,000$ for one person, $\$ 6,000$ for two, |
| Nebraska | plus $\$ 25$ for each additional person |
| Hawaii, lowa, Minnesota, Missouri | $\$ 4,000$ for one person, $\$ 6,000$ for two |
| Oregon | $\$ 5,000$ |
| Ohio | $\$ 10,000$ |

Source: The Urban Institute's Welfare Rules Database, funded by HHS ACF and HHS ASPE

## Table III. 8 State TANF Rules for Counting Vehicle Assets

| State | State Rule for Counting Vehicle Assets |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alaska | Exclude one vehicle per driver and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Arkansas | Exclude one vehicle and count the fair market value (FMV) of remaining vehicles. |
| California | Exclude vehicles with equity of $\$ 1,501$ or less plus one vehicle per driver. Count <br> remaining vehicles at the greater of their equity or their FMV less $\$ 4,650$. |
| Colorado | Exclude one vehicle per working adult and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Connecticut | Exclude a vehicle used to produce income or transport a disabled person. If the unit <br> does not have such a vehicle, count one vehicle at its equity less $\$ 9,500$. Count the <br> equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Delaware | Count one vehicle at its equity less $\$ 4,650$ and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Florida | Count one vehicle at its equity less $\$ 8,500$ and count the equity of remaining vehicles. <br> Georgia <br> the unit works, count one vehicle at its equity less $\$ 4,650 ; ~ i f ~ t h e ~ u n i t ~ c o n t a i n s ~ a ~ m a r r i e d ~$ <br> couple and both work, count a second vehicle in the same manner. If no one in the unit <br> works, count one vehicle at its equity less $\$ 1,500$. Count the equity of remaining cars. |
| Idaho | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person and vehicles <br> with a FMV under $\$ 1,500 . C o u n t ~ o n e ~ v e h i c l e ~ a t ~ i t s ~ F M V ~ l e s s ~$ 4,650. |

Table III. 8 (continued)

| State | State Rule for Counting Vehicle Assets |
| :---: | :---: |
| Indiana | Count one vehicle at its equity less \$5,000 and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Iowa | Exclude one vehicle. Count the equity less $\$ 4,658$ for one vehicle per worker and the full equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Maine | Exclude one vehicle and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Massachusetts | Count one vehicle at the greater of its FMV less $\$ 10,000$ or its equity less $\$ 5,000$. Count remaining vehicles at the greater of FMV or equity. |
| Minnesota | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person. Count one vehicle at its FMV less $\$ 15,000$. Count remaining vehicles at the sum of their FMV less \$7,500. |
| Missouri | Exclude one vehicle. Count another vehicle at its equity less \$1,500 and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Montana | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person and one remaining vehicle. Count the equity of non- excluded vehicles. |
| Nebraska | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person and one remaining vehicle. Count the equity of non- excluded vehicles. |
| Nevada | Exclude one vehicle and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| New Hampshire | Exclude one vehicle per driver and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| New Mexico | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person plus additional vehicles up to the number of workers in the unit. Count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| New York | Count one vehicle per worker at its FMV less $\$ 9,300$. If the TANF unit does not contain workers, count one vehicle at its FMV less $\$ 4,650$. Count the FMV of remaining vehicles. |
| North Dakota | Exclude one vehicle and count the equity of remaining cars. |
| Oklahoma | Count one vehicle at its equity less \$5,000 and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Oregon | Count one vehicle at its equity less \$10,000 and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Pennsylvania | Exclude one vehicle and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Rhode Island | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person and one vehicle per adult up to two. Count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| South Carolina | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person and additional vehicles up to the number of drivers. Count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| South Dakota | Exclude one vehicle used to produce income or transport a disabled person. Count additional vehicles up to one per driver at their FMV less $\$ 4,650$. Count the FMV of remaining vehicles. |
| Tennessee | Count one vehicle at its equity less \$4,600 and count the equity of remaining vehicles |
| Texas | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person. Count the FMV less $\$ 4,650$ of remaining vehicles. |
| Vermont | Exclude one vehicle per adult and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Washington | Exclude vehicles used to produce income or transport a disabled person. Count one vehicle at its equity less $\$ 5,000$ and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| West Virginia | Exclude one vehicle and count the FMV of remaining vehicles. |
| Wisconsin | Count one vehicle at its equity less \$10,000 and count the equity of remaining vehicles. |
| Wyoming | Exclude one vehicle, or two if the unit contains a married- couple unit. Count the equity of remaining cars. |

Source: The Urban Institute's Welfare Rules Database, funded by HHS ACF and HHS ASPE

Benefit determination. Most States calculate a TANF unit's benefit by subtracting net income from the maximum benefit amount for the unit's size. In some of these States, the net income used to calculate the TANF benefit differs from the net income used to determine eligibility. Several States have developed more complex benefit calculations.

To streamline the TANF simulation, TANF benefits are predicted using a set of equations based on ACF and SNAP QC data. Two years of ACF data provide average benefits, and the SNAP QC data provide information about benefits across different socioeconomic groups. Predicted benefits are capped at a State's maximum benefit for unit size and, in States with a minimum benefit, are set to missing if below the State minimum. The TANF benefit coefficients are presented in Table A.9. Table III. 9 presents State minimum benefits and maximum benefits for TANF units with up to six members. For maximum benefits for larger TANF units and details on State TANF benefit calculations, see Smith and Wang (2012).

## 3. Simulate TANF Participation

The final step in the TANF simulation is selecting TANF participants from the pool of simulated eligible individuals to match control totals drawn from FY 2009 ACF administrative data. State and national TANF control and calibration totals are presented in Tables III. 10 and III.11, respectively.

Table III.9. State Minimum and Maximum TANF Benefits

|  | Minimum Benefit | Maximum Benefit by TANF Unit Size |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Alabama | 10 | 165 | 190 | 215 | 245 | 275 | 305 |
| Alaska | 10 | 514 | 821 | 923 | 1,025 | 1,127 | 1,229 |
| Arizona | 10 | 204 | 275 | 347 | 418 | 490 | 561 |
| Arkansas | 10 | 81 | 162 | 204 | 247 | 286 | 331 |
| California | 10 | 359 | 584 | 723 | 862 | 980 | 1,101 |
| Colorado | 10 | 99 | 280 | 356 | 432 | 512 | 590 |
| Connecticut | 10 | 344 | 457 | 560 | 659 | 754 | 853 |
| Delaware | 10 | 201 | 270 | 338 | 407 | 475 | 544 |
| District of Columbia | 10 | 270 | 336 | 428 | 523 | 602 | 708 |
| Florida | 10 | 180 | 241 | 303 | 364 | 426 | 487 |
| Georgia | 10 | 155 | 235 | 280 | 330 | 378 | 410 |
| Hawaii | 10 | 376 | 506 | 636 | 766 | 897 | 1,027 |
| Idaho | 10 | 309 | 309 | 309 | 309 | 309 | 309 |
| Illinois | 1 | 243 | 318 | 432 | 474 | 555 | 623 |
| Indiana | 10 | 139 | 229 | 288 | 346 | 405 | 463 |
| Iowa | 10 | 183 | 361 | 426 | 495 | 548 | 610 |
| Kansas | 10 | 267 | 352 | 429 | 497 | 558 | 619 |
| Kentucky | 10 | 186 | 225 | 262 | 328 | 383 | 432 |
| Louisiana | 10 | 122 | 188 | 240 | 284 | 327 | 366 |
| Maine | 10 | 230 | 363 | 485 | 611 | 733 | 856 |
| Maryland | 10 | 255 | 446 | 565 | 684 | 792 | 871 |
| Massachusetts | 10 | 428 | 531 | 633 | 731 | 832 | 936 |
| Michigan | 10 | 305 | 401 | 489 | 593 | 689 | 822 |
| Minnesota | 10 | 250 | 437 | 532 | 621 | 697 | 773 |
| Mississippi | 10 | 110 | 146 | 170 | 194 | 218 | 242 |
| Missouri | 10 | 136 | 234 | 292 | 342 | 388 | 431 |
| Montana | 10 | 281 | 376 | 472 | 568 | 664 | 759 |
| Nebraska | 10 | 222 | 293 | 364 | 435 | 506 | 577 |
| Nevada | 10 | 253 | 318 | 383 | 448 | 513 | 578 |
| New Hampshire | 10 | 489 | 556 | 625 | 688 | 748 | 829 |
| New Jersey | 10 | 162 | 322 | 424 | 488 | 552 | 616 |
| New Mexico | 10 | 266 | 357 | 447 | 539 | 630 | 721 |
| New York | 10 | 414 | 501 | 691 | 825 | 964 | 1,059 |
| North Carolina | 25 | 181 | 236 | 272 | 297 | 324 | 349 |
| North Dakota | 10 | 282 | 378 | 477 | 573 | 670 | 767 |
| Ohio | 10 | 245 | 336 | 410 | 507 | 593 | 660 |
| Oklahoma | 10 | 180 | 225 | 292 | 361 | 422 | 483 |
| Oregon | 10 | 343 | 436 | 514 | 630 | 727 | 848 |
| Pennsylvania | 10 | 205 | 316 | 403 | 497 | 589 | 670 |
| Rhode Island | 10 | 327 | 449 | 554 | 634 | 714 | 794 |
| South Carolina | 10 | 156 | 210 | 263 | 317 | 371 | 424 |
| South Dakota | 10 | 393 | 482 | 539 | 595 | 651 | 709 |
| Tennessee | 10 | 95 | 142 | 185 | 226 | 264 | 305 |
| Texas | 10 | 102 | 211 | 244 | 293 | 325 | 374 |
| Utah | 1 | 274 | 380 | 474 | 555 | 632 | 696 |
| Vermont | 10 | 434 | 536 | 640 | 726 | 817 | 879 |
| Virginia | 10 | 173 | 254 | 320 | 382 | 451 | 479 |
| Washington | 10 | 359 | 453 | 562 | 661 | 762 | 866 |
| West Virginia | 1 | 262 | 301 | 340 | 384 | 420 | 460 |
| Wisconsin | 1 | 628 | 628 | 628 | 628 | 628 | 628 |
| Wyoming | 10 | 195 | 320 | 340 | 340 | 360 | 360 |

Source: The Urban Institute's Welfare Rules Database, funded by HHS ACF and HHS ASPE

Table III.10. State TANF Control and Calibration Totals

|  | Control <br> Totals |  | Calibration <br> Totals |  | State |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Source: FY 2009 ACF administrative data

Table III.11. National TANF Control and Calibration Totals

|  | Control Totals | Calibration Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total TANF units | 1,827,707 | 1,826,932 |
| SNAP eligible units | 1,810,543 | 1,809,062 |
| Units by number of participants |  |  |
| 1 | 483,017 | 292,216 |
| 2 | 659,755 | 758,058 |
| 3 | 385,845 | 440,063 |
| 4 | 183,327 | 207,308 |
| 5 or more | 115,762 | 129,287 |
| Units by number of children |  |  |
| None | 72,307 | 108,786 |
| 1 | 905,526 | 925,597 |
| 2 | 484,843 | 470,009 |
| 3 or more | 365,031 | 322,540 |
| Units by number of infants |  |  |
| None | 1,706,338 | 1,708,170 |
| At least one | 121,369 | 118,762 |
| Units with a married person | 206,544 | 196,808 |
| Units with noncitizen(s) | 76,486 | 72,924 |
| Units by ratio of benefit to maximum benefit |  |  |
| 1 to 20 | 63,204 | 49,023 |
| 20 to 40 | 81,944 | 67,211 |
| 40 to 60 | 157,133 | 142,554 |
| 60 to 80 | 203,918 | 205,935 |
| 80 to 99 | 376,999 | 393,851 |
| Maximum benefit | 944,510 | 968,358 |
| Units by ratio of gross Income to poverty level |  |  |
| No gross income | 1,351,664 | 1,333,500 |
| 1 to 24 | 196,937 | 201,556 |
| 25 to 49 | 111,383 | 117,009 |
| 50 to 99 | 128,013 | 133,778 |
| 100 to 129 | 22,965 | 23,102 |
| 130 to 199 | 16,744 | 17,988 |
| Units by ratio of earned income to poverty level |  |  |
| No earned income | 1,575,428 | 1,519,114 |
| 1 to 24 | 47,839 | 67,722 |
| 25 to 49 | 66,479 | 82,760 |
| 50 to 99 | 104,656 | 118,008 |
| 100 or more | 33,306 | 39,328 |
| Units by ratio of unearned income to poverty level |  |  |
| No unearned income | 1,708,709 | 1,672,626 |
| 1 to 24 | 81,717 | 112,430 |
| 25 to 49 | 22,083 | 25,497 |
| 50 to 99 | 13,350 | 14,905 |
| 100 or more | 1,848 | 1,475 |

Source: FY 2009 ACF administrative data

## IV. SIMULATE SNAP IN THE ELIGIBILITY FILE

SNAP eligibility guidelines, including SNAP unit formation rules, asset limits, and income limits, are applied to each household in the CPS ASEC.

## A. Simulate SNAP Unit Composition

Under SNAP rules, a SNAP unit is defined as individuals who live together and customarily purchase and prepare food together. Individuals who live together but do not customarily purchase and prepare food together usually may apply for SNAP as separate SNAP units. However, spouses must apply together, and parents must apply with their children under age 22 if they are living in the same household. Certain individuals are categorically ineligible for SNAP. These include (1) SSI recipients in California (who receive a small additional cash benefit instead of SNAP benefits), (2) most individuals living in group quarters, (3) most full-time post-secondary students, and (4) ineligible noncitizens.

A small number of individuals are ineligible for SNAP because they are drug felons or ineligible strikers, or because they failed to meet work requirements, violated program rules, or are not cooperating with a child support agency. Additionally, individuals who participate in the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations—about 85,000 individuals in FY 2010—are not eligible to also participate in SNAP. The CPS ASEC does not contain the data necessary to simulate the ineligibility of these groups of individuals.

The simulation of SNAP units within each CPS ASEC dwelling unit, or household, follows the rules described above. In most cases, all members of a household are simulated as being in the same SNAP unit. However, for the relatively small percentage of households with multiple families or unrelated individuals, two or more groups of people may be simulated to form separate SNAP units. Because the CPS ASEC does not identify which household members customarily purchase and prepare food together, SNAP unit formation for these more complex households is imputed
according to patterns observed in a SIPP-based microsimulation model. The unit formation methodology follows these steps:

1. Family-based units are created. Initially, subfamilies form units separately from the primary family. An unmarried partner of the householder and that person's children are included in the householder's unit. A child of the householder who is under age 22, along with the child's spouse and children, are included in the householder's unit. Unrelated individuals form their own units.
2. SNAP and public assistance units are aligned. SNAP units are combined if all members of both SNAP units are members of the same simulated TANF unit. A related subfamily is added to the primary family's unit if all members of the subfamily and primary family receive public assistance. However, units in which all members receive SSI are not combined with other units.
3. Some units are combined. Unrelated individuals with no income are added to the unit of another unrelated individual, if there is one. If the unit containing unrelated individuals still has no income, it is added to the unit of a subfamily that contains at least one member who does not receive public assistance. Additionally, (1) a percentage of unrelated individuals with income are combined with other units, and (2) a related subfamily with nonelderly SSI income is added to the primary family unit.
4. Some units are split. Elderly individuals and couples with SSI form their own units. A small percentage of other elderly individuals and couples also form their own units.

Table IV. 1 shows the number of SNAP units formed by whether the household contains more than one SNAP unit, whether the SNAP units are strictly family based or if adjustments were made, and whether the household contains a categorically ineligible person. Note that "SNAP unit" refers to a group of individuals who are simulated to apply for SNAP as a unit. At this stage of the SNAP simulation, eligibility has not yet been determined, so Table IV. 1 includes SNAP units later determined to be ineligible for SNAP as well as eligible nonparticipating and eligible participating SNAP units.

## B. Identify Eligible Noncitizens

In FY 2010, the following groups of lawful permanent resident noncitizens were eligible for SNAP:

- Noncitizens who are under age 18
- Noncitizens who are receiving disability benefits
- Noncitizens who have lived legally in the United States for more than five years
- Noncitizens who were admitted as refugees or granted asylum or a stay of deportation
- Other groups of noncitizens, such as lawful permanent residents with a military connection or with 40 qualifying quarters of work

Table IV.1. SNAP Unit Formation Results, FY 2010

|  | All | Household Contains a Categorically Ineligible Person |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No | Yes |
| Total SNAP units | 122,867,716 | 122,030,018 | 837,698 |
| In household with only one SNAP unit | 112,614,879 | 112,008,867 | 606,012 |
| Household consists solely of one family or individual | 101,240,139 | 100,798,359 | 441,780 |
| Household includes more than one family or unrelated individuals | 11,374,740 | 11,210,508 | 164,232 |
| In household with multiple SNAP units | 10,252,837 | 10,021,151 | 231,686 |
| Units are strictly family-based | 7,382,130 | 7,219,655 | 162,475 |
| Step 1 adjustments were necessary to align with SNAP rules | 301,595 | 296,750 | 4,845 |
| Other adjustments were made to match SIPP model unit composition | 2,569,112 | 2,504,746 | 64,366 |

Source: January 2010 simulation

All individuals simulated earlier in the file development process to be undocumented noncitizens are ineligible for SNAP and individuals simulated to be refugees are potentially eligible (see Section II.A.3). The CPS ASEC distinguishes between citizens and noncitizens and includes information that makes it possible to identify noncitizens who are eligible because they are under age 18, receiving disability benefits, or have been in the country for at least five years.

As a result of the more stringent sponsor deeming provisions implemented in 1997, certain noncitizens are subject to the deeming of their sponsors' income and assets until they have 40 quarters of work credited to them or until they naturalize. These noncitizens are likely either to not be eligible or to choose to remove themselves from the SNAP unit to avoid negative repercussions to their sponsors. This provision does not apply to immigrants without sponsors or to those who were sponsored by an institution or employer. It also does not apply to immigrants living with their sponsor, since the sponsor's income would already be considered under regular program rules.

We used data from the New Immigrant Survey (NIS) to estimate the percentage of noncitizens who are likely ineligible due to the more stringent sponsor deeming provisions. The NIS is a sample of all adult immigrants admitted to legal permanent residence between May and November of 2003, with a sample size of 8,572 . The data file contains information from the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services about the class of admission of the sampled immigrant, as well as self-reported information about sponsors, joint sponsors, income, and other members of the household.

According to NIS data, an estimated 26.4 percent of documented nonrefugee noncitizens who have been in the country between 5 and 10 years have a sponsor who lives in a separate household and whose income and assets would be deemed to the noncitizen during the SNAP eligibility determination. To simulate the likely ineligibility of noncitizens subject to sponsor deeming, we randomly assigned 26.4 percent of noncitizens who arrived after 1997 and have been in the country less than 10 years are to be ineligible.

A prorated portion of ineligible noncitizens' income is assigned to the SNAP unit with which they are affiliated, and ineligible noncitizens' assets are included in the SNAP unit's countable assets.

To retain sample size, the eligibility assumptions for these noncitizens are implemented through unit replication and weighting adjustments that reflect the likelihood of eligibility for SNAP units of a certain composition. For example, if a SNAP unit has one noncitizen, the record for that SNAP unit is replicated. In the first copy of the record, the noncitizen is included in the SNAP unit and the unit weight is multiplied by the probability that the noncitizen is eligible for SNAP. In the second copy, the noncitizen is excluded from the SNAP unit and the unit weight is multiplied by the probability that the noncitizen is ineligible.

## C. Identify Categorically Eligible SNAP Units

Certain SNAP units are categorically eligible for SNAP and are therefore not subject to SNAP income or asset limits. SNAP units are categorically eligible if (1) all members receive cash public assistance benefits, (2) a unit member participates in a narrowly targeted program funded with
federal TANF or State maintenance of effort (MOE) money, or (3) the unit qualifies under State broad-based categorical eligibility policies.

SNAP units in which all members receive SSI, cash TANF benefits or, in some places, general assistance have long been and remain categorically eligible for SNAP. These "pure public assistance" SNAP units are identified in the CPS ASEC using simulated TANF and SSI receipt along with reported general assistance receipt.

Many States provided narrowly targeted TANF/MOE-funded noncash services that confer categorical eligibility for SNAP to program participants. These services, which can include work support, child care, transportation, family preservation, and other short-term assistance, are generally provided to only a small number of people. Comprehensive data on participation in these types of programs is not available in the CSP ASEC or from other data sources, so categorical eligibility conferred through narrowly targeted programs is not simulated in the eligibility file.

Many States use a simple TANF/MOE-funded service, such as a brochure on assistance programs, to confer categorical eligibility on a broad group of people. States with BBCE policies establish income and asset limits, and sometimes unit composition constraints, for the program. State policies are used to simulate BBCE in the eligibility file. However, SNAP units eligible solely through BBCE are not included in the participation rates presented in Eslami et al. (2012) and Cunnyngham (2012). The participation rates presented in those reports include only individuals in SNAP units who pass all applicable federal SNAP income and asset tests or are pure public assistance.

Table IV. 2 presents the State policies simulated for FY 2010. (Tables A.10a and A.10b present BBCE policies for FY 2008 and FY 2009, respectively.) Fourteen States—Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Hawaii, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming—did not have BBCE during FY 2010. Seven States—Florida, Kentucky,

Table IV.2. State Broad-Based Categorical Eligibility Income, Asset, and Unit Composition Requirements, FY 2010

| State(s) | Unit Composition | Asset Limit | Income Limit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Gross | Net |
| Alabama, Illinois, Ohio, South Carolina, West Virginia, Kentucky (second half) | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Arizona, Connecticut, Oregon, Maine (second half) New Jersey (second half) | All units | None | 185 | None |
| California | Child with elderly or disabled | None | None | 100 |
|  | Other units with child | None | 130 | 100 |
| Delaware, District of Columbia, Michigan, Nevada, Washington, Wisconsin, Florida (second half), North Carolina (second half) | All units | None | 200 | None |
| Georgia | Pure elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Idaho | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | 100 |
|  | All other | None | 130 | 100 |
| Maine (first half) | Child (includes 18 and in HS) and caretaker | None | 185 | None |
| Maryland | Child (includes 18-19 and in HS) | None | 200 | None |
| Massachusetts | Child (includes 18) and caretaker, elderly, or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | 100 |
| Montana (first half) | Elderly or disabled | None | None | 100 |
|  | All other | None | 185 | 100 |
| Montana (second half) | All units | None | 200 | 100 |
| Minnesota | Elderly or disabled <br> All other | \$7,000 for financial assets | $\begin{gathered} 165 \\ 130 \end{gathered}$ | None <br> None |
| Mississippi (second half) | All units | None | 130 | None |
| New Hampshire | Child under 22 and caretaker | None | 185 | None |
| New Mexico (second half) | All units | None | 165 | None |
| New York | Elderly or disabled or dependent care expenses | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| North Dakota | All units | None | None | 100 |
| Oklahoma (second half) | Elderly or disabled | None | None | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Pennsylvania | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 160 | None |
| Rhode Island | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 185 | None |
| Texas | All units | $\begin{gathered} \$ 5,000 \text { (exclude } \\ \$ 15,000 \mathrm{FMV} \\ \text { from one vehicle) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 165 | None |
| Vermont | All units | None | 185 | 100 |

Louisiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, New Mexico, and North Carolina—implemented a BBCE policy and two more-Maine and Montana-changed their BBCE policy during FY 2010.

## D. Determine Income Eligibility

To meet federal income limits, SNAP units without an elderly or disabled member must have gross countable income no greater than 130 percent of the HHS poverty guideline, and net income no greater than 100 percent of the HHS poverty guideline. SNAP units with an elderly or disabled member only face the net income limit of 100 percent of the HHS poverty guideline. SNAP gross and net income screens are presented in Tables IV. 3 and A.11).

Table IV.3. SNAP Maximum Allowable Gross and Net Monthly Income Eligibility Standards, FY 2010

| SNAP Unit Size | Gross Income (\$) |  |  | Net Income (\$) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 48 Contiguous States, Guam, and the Virgin Islands | Alaska | Hawaii | 48 Contiguous States, Guam, and the Virgin Islands | Alaska | Hawaii |
| 1 | 1,174 | 1,466 | 1,350 | 903 | 1,128 | 1,039 |
| 2 | 1,579 | 1,973 | 1,816 | 1,215 | 1,518 | 1,397 |
| 3 | 1,984 | 2,480 | 2,282 | 1,526 | 1,908 | 1,755 |
| 4 | 2,389 | 2,987 | 2,748 | 1,838 | 2,298 | 2,114 |
| 5 | 2,794 | 3,494 | 3,214 | 2,150 | 2,688 | 2,472 |
| 6 | 3,200 | 4,001 | 3,679 | 2,461 | 3,078 | 2,830 |
| 7 | 3,605 | 4,508 | 4,145 | 2,773 | 3,468 | 3,189 |
| 8 | 4,010 | 5,015 | 4,611 | 3,085 | 3,858 | 3,547 |
| Each Additional Member | 406 | 507 | 466 | 312 | 390 | 359 |

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Net income is calculated by subtracting allowable deductions from gross income. Deductions include a standard deduction given to all SNAP units and deductions for earned income, dependent care expenses, medical expenses (for elderly or disabled individuals), child support payments, and excess shelter expenses, when applicable. The CPS ASEC does not include data on expenses necessary to calculate net income, so net income is estimated with an equation based on SNAP QC data. Net income equation results are presented in Tables IV. 4 and A.12.

## E. Impute Asset Eligibility

To meet federal income limits, non-categorically eligible SNAP units without an elderly or disabled member must have gross countable income no greater than 130 percent of the HHS
poverty guideline, and net income no greater than 100 percent of the HHS poverty guideline. Non-categorically-eligible SNAP units with an elderly or disabled member only face the net income limit of 100 percent of the HHS poverty guideline.

The federal asset limit for non-categorically eligible SNAP units without an elderly or disabled member is $\$ 2,000$. The federal asset limit for non-categorically eligible SNAP units with an elderly or disabled member was $\$ 3,000$ through FY 2011.

Table IV.4. SNAP Net Income Regression Equation Results, FY 2010

| Explanatory Variable | Coefficients | Explanatory Variable | Coefficients |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Constant | -270.36963* | Gross income as percent of poverty | -2.52623 * |
| Gross income minus standard and earned income deductions | 0.21931 | In Alaska | $-85.12507_{*}$ |
| No housing expenses | 179.17704* | In Hawaii | 57.68911* |
| Maximum allowable shelter expense deduction | -0.06719* | In the Northeast region | $-146.45463_{*}$ |
| Earned income | -0.15939* | In the Mid- Atlantic region | 0.20187 |
| TANF income | 0.06934* | In the Southeast region | 53.3572* |
| TANF income squared | - 0.00003 | In the Midwest region | -18.81100* |
| SSI income | -0.06404* | In the Southwest region | 62.62352* |
| SSI income squared | 0.00009* | In the Mountain Plains region | 16.23999* |
| Gross income | 0.92035* | Participating in MFIP | 80.11777* |
| Gross income squared | 0.00001* | SNAP unit size | -36.86257* |
| Gross income between $\$ 101$ and \$200 | 133.82089* | Member under age 60 and receiving SSI | 33.06993 * |
| Gross income between $\$ 201$ and \$300 | 123.32331* | Member age 60 or older and receiving SSI | 31.94422 * |
| Gross income between \$301 and \$400 | 83.55997* | Elderly member | 10.94200 * |
| Gross income between \$401 and \$500 | 35.86379* | Single adult with child(ren) | $-7.66022 *$ |
| $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | 0.8310 | Multiple adults | -10.23457* |
| Adjusted R ${ }^{2}$ | 0.8308 | Sample Size | 37,777 |

*Indicates significance at the .05 level using a two-tailed t-test.
and vehicles used to produce income, as a home, to transport a disabled member, or to carry fuel or water is not included in countable assets. As many vehicles as there are adults in the SNAP unit, along with a vehicle for each teenager under age 18 who drives it to work, school, or training, are
counted at the vehicles' FMV in excess of $\$ 4,650$. Remaining vehicles are valued at the higher of the vehicles' FMV in excess of $\$ 4,650$, or equity.

States may adopt their own rules regarding which, if any, vehicles to count toward the SNAP asset limits by aligning their SNAP vehicle rules with those in place for other programs, such as TANF or child care assistance provided those rules are not more restrictive than the federal SNAP vehicle rules. All but two States, North Dakota and Washington, have adopted their own vehicle rules. The State vehicle policies simulated are presented in Tables IV.5, A.13a, and A.13b.

Table IV.5. State Policies for Counting Vehicle Assets, FY 2010

|  | State(s) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Federal rules (Group 1) | North Dakota, Washington |
|  | Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, <br> Connecticut, Delaware, District of <br> Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Indiana, <br> Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, <br> Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, <br> Missouri, Montana, New, Jersey, New <br> Exempt all vehicles (Group 2) <br> Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, <br> Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin |
| Exempt one vehicle (Group 3) | Arkansas, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Nevada, <br> Pennsylvania, South Dakota |
| Exempt one vehicle per driver (Group 4) | Alaska, New York, South Carolina |
| Exempt one vehicle per adult (Group 5) | Idaho, New Hampshire |
| Exempt one vehicle per adult up to 2 vehicles (Group 6) | Rhode Island, Vermont |
| Exempt one vehicle per driver then \$5,000 equity for | Oklahoma |
| remaining vehicles | Minnesota |
| Exempt \$7,500 FMV from each vehicle | Texas |
| Exempt \$15,000 FMV from one vehicle | Nebraska |
| Exempt \$12,000 FMV from one vehicle | Oregon |
| Exempt \$10,000 equity from combined value of all vehicles | Wyoming |
| Exempt two vehicles for a unit with a married couple, one | Vehicle for other units |

Because assets are not reported in the CPS ASEC, the probability that income-eligible SNAP units are asset eligible is predicted with a set of equations based on a SIPP-based microsimulation model. This is done in several steps. First, the SIPP-based model is used to simulate the asset rules in place in FY 2010 in each State or group of States. Each observation, or SNAP unit, in the SIPP-
based model is subjected to each asset test, including each of the State vehicle rules under the federal asset test and each of the State BBCE rules. SNAP units are given two flags for each asset test: one if they are income-eligible under federal rules or meet the income and unit composition requirements of State BBCE rules, whichever is applicable, and another if they pass the associated asset test. The two flags for each asset test, along with additional data on socioeconomic characteristics, are output to a SIPP data extract. Next, the data extract is used to estimate a set of equations-one for each asset rule. Finally, the equations are used in the CPS-based eligibility file to predict the probability that SNAP units that are income eligible or meet their State's BBCE income and unit composition criteria are asset eligible under their State's vehicle or BBCE asset rule, respectively.

In FY 2010, all States maintained the same vehicle rules for the entire fiscal year. In previous years, some States have revised their policies mid-FY year. When that occurs, two sets of equations are estimated-one for the first half of the fiscal year and another for the second half. The two sets of equations are used to estimate SNAP eligibility in both the first and second half of the fiscal year and the results are combined to produce average monthly estimates for the full fiscal year. The SNAP asset equation coefficients are presented in Tables A.14a through A.14e.

## F. Determine SNAP Benefit

SNAP benefits are calculated by subtracting 30 percent of a SNAP unit's net income from the unit's maximum benefit (Tables IV. 6 and A.15). Eligible one- and two-person SNAP units are guaranteed a minimum benefit. Larger eligible SNAP units with net income high enough that they do not qualify for a positive benefit are simulated to be ineligible.

Table IV.6. Maximum and Minimum Monthly SNAP Benefits, FY 2010

|  | Contiguous United States | Alaska | Hawaii |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Maximum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size |  |  |  |
| 1 | $\$ 200$ | $\$ 239$ | $\$ 314$ |
| 2 | 367 | 438 | 575 |
| 3 | 526 | 627 | 824 |
| 4 | 668 | 797 | 1,046 |
| 5 | 793 | 946 | 1,243 |
| 6 | 952 | 1,135 | 1,491 |
| 7 | 1,052 | 1,255 | 1,648 |
| 8 | 1,202 | 1,434 | 1,884 |
| Each Additional Member | 150 | 179 | 236 |
| Minimum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size |  |  |  |
| $1-2$ | $\$ 16$ | $\$ 19$ | $\$ 25$ |

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture

## V. ESTIMATE NUMBER OF SNAP PARTICIPANTS

Estimates of SNAP participants are derived from the SNAP QC database. The development of the SNAP QC database is described in Eslami et al. (2011). This chapter briefly summarizes some aspects of the file development and describes the participant estimation methodology.

## A. SNAP QC Database

The SNAP QC database is an edited version of the raw data file generated by the SNAP Quality Control System and contains data on the demographic and economic characteristics of a sample of participating SNAP units. While most participating SNAP units are subject to sampling, some, such as those receiving benefits for a disaster, are excluded. In addition, certain sampled cases on the raw data file are excluded from the edited SNAP QC database. These include cases that were not subject to review, had incomplete reviews, were found to be ineligible, or had irresolvable data inconsistencies. Tables V. 1 and A. 16 show the number of cases sampled, dropped, and included in the edited file.

Table V.1. Number of Cases Sampled, Dropped from the Edited File, and Included on the Edited File, FY 2010

|  | Number |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cases sampled | 59,870 |
| Cases not subject to review | 2,660 |
| Cases deselected to correct for oversampling | 0 |
| Cases subject to review | 57,210 |
| Incomplete cases | 3,987 |
| Cases completed | 53,223 |
| SNAP units not eligible for a positive benefit | 38 |
| SNAP units not eligible for SNAP | 791 |
| SNAP units eligible for a positive benefit | 52,394 |
| SNAP units dropped due to inconsistencies | 105 |
| SNAP units on the final file | 52,289 |

Source: FY 2010 SNAP Quality Control sample.

The SNAP QC database is weighted to match adjusted SNAP Program Operations totals for SNAP units, individuals, and benefits by State and month. The adjustments to the Program Operations totals are to exclude benefits issued (1) in response to a disaster and (2) to individuals found to be ineligible. The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) provides data on the number of

SNAP units and individuals who received disaster benefits, the amount of benefits issued to those SNAP units, and the amount of additional disaster-related benefits issued to existing SNAP participants. The Program Operations totals are reduced by the disaster-related totals in the months and States in which the disaster relief occurred. The unweighted SNAP QC data file is used to calculate disqualification rates-the percentage that are either ineligible or eligible but not qualifying for a positive benefit-for SNAP units, individuals, and benefits. The benefit disqualification rate also takes into account over- and under-issuances to eligible SNAP units. The Program Operations totals are adjusted by the disqualification rates by State and month.

The identification of pure public assistance SNAP units is important because these units are categorically eligible for SNAP. This identification occurs during the SNAP QC data file development in a two-step process. First, coverage flags are assigned for SSI, TANF, and general assistance. SSI and general assistance cover only the person coded as receiving the income, whereas TANF can cover additional family members. Specifically, TANF received by the head of the SNAP unit or that person's spouse covers the head, spouse, and children; TANF received by a child of the head covers that child and other relatives; and, in child-only households, TANF received by anyone in the household covers all of the children. Second, SNAP units are identified as pure public assistance if everyone in the SNAP unit is covered by TANF, SSI, or general assistance, or if the SNAP unit head had TANF income and all adults were covered by TANF, SSI, or general assistance.

## B. Estimate Participants for Participation Rate Numerator

Participants not included in the estimates of eligibles derived from the CPS-based eligibility file are excluded from the participation rate numerator. Specifically, the CPS ASEC does not include Guam and the U.S. Virgin Islands, so SNAP units from these territories are not included in estimates of participants. As discussed in section IV.C, the CPS ASEC also does not include data on participation in noncash TANF-funded programs that confer narrow categorical eligibility for

SNAP, so SNAP units not eligible under either federal rules or State BBCE rules are excluded from the rate numerator. In addition, the participation rates presented in Eslami et al. (2012) and Cunnyngham (2012) are limited to individuals eligible under federal rules, so SNAP units eligible solely through State BBCE policies are also dropped from the rate numerator in those reports.

To identify participating SNAP units that would not pass the federal income tests, the federal income limits are applied to all units that are not pure public assistance units. Those with gross income above the federal limits are excluded from the participant estimates. The SNAP QC data file does not include comprehensive data on participants' assets, so the probability that income-eligible units that are not pure public assistance would fail the SNAP federal asset test is predicted with an equation based on a SIPP-based microsimulation model. The asset equation coefficients are presented in Table V.2.

Table V.2. SNAP Asset Ineligibility Equation Coefficients, FY 2010

|  | Model Coefficient |
| :--- | ---: |
| Midwest | 1.510 |
| South | 1.056 |
| West | 0.356 |
| Very generous State BBCE policy | 2.121 |
| State asset test excludes all vehicles | 1.966 |
| State asset test excludes most vehicles | 1.305 |
| Very generous State BBCE policy and State asset test excludes all vehicles | 0.198 |
| One or two children under age 5 in SNAP unit | 1.450 |
| One or two children age 5-17 in SNAP unit | 0.611 |
| One or two children of mixed ages in SNAP unit | 0.853 |
| More than two children in SNAP unit | 0.487 |
| At least one elderly person in SNAP unit | 1.114 |
| Single adult female and child(ren) in SNAP unit | 0.482 |
| Unit size | 1.265 |
| Unit size squared | 0.989 |
| Age of SNAP unit head | 0.972 |
| Age of SNAP unit head squared | 1.001 |
| Log earnings relative to poverty line | 0.709 |
| Log SSI relative to poverty line | 0.387 |
| Log Social Security income relative to poverty line | 0.641 |
| Log asset income relative to poverty line | 0.936 |
| Log shelter cost relative to poverty line | 1.055 |
| Person in SNAP unit age 18-59 is not in labor force | 1.337 |
| Person in SNAP unit age 18- 59 works full time | 0.935 |
| No earnings | 1.240 |
| No SSI | 46.42 |
| No Social Security income | 1.670 |
| No asset income | 0.250 |
| No shelter cost | 1.230 |
| Midwest and very generous State BBCE policy | 2.287 |
| South and very generous State BBCE policy | 1.904 |
| West and very generous State BBCE policy | 8.265 |
| Constant | 0.000 |

Source: August 2009 SIPP data

## VI. ESTIMATE SNAP PARTICIPATION RATES

SNAP participation rates are calculated by dividing the estimated average monthly number of participants by the estimated average monthly number of eligible individuals. Eslami et al. (2012) estimate national participation rates for individuals, households (SNAP units), and benefits as well as for various socioeconomic subgroups. Most subgroups for which participation rates are estimated are self-explanatory; however, several require a brief description.

Elderly living alone. These elderly individuals are in a one-person SNAP unit but may live in a household with other people.

Citizen children living with noncitizen adults. The noncitizen adults do not need to be SNAP participants.

Household composition. The composition category "Married Household Head" includes SNAP units in which one of the spouses is not participating in SNAP. It also includes married couples in which one or both spouses are under age 18.

Earnings. In the SNAP QC database, SNAP units with earnings include those that do not report earned income in the month they are reviewed, but have other indicators of earnings. (See Cunnyngham et al. [2012] for more details.)

TANF. In the QC data, more participating SNAP units in California are recorded as receiving cash TANF benefits than seem to be indicated by administrative data from the California Department of Social Services. To adjust for this apparent over-reporting, a small number of California SNAP units in the SNAP QC database who do not appear to be likely TANF recipients are recoded as not receiving TANF.

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## APPENDIX A

TABLES FOR 2008 AND 2009

Table A.1. Unweighted Sample Sizes for the CPS ASEC, FY 2008 and FY 2009

| Fiscal Year | CPS ASEC | Sample Size | CPS ASEC | Sample Size |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 2008 | 75,872 |  | 76,185 |
| 2009 | 2009 | 76,185 | 2010 | 76,260 |

Table A.2. Percentage of Undocumented Immigrants in Noncitizen Population, FY 2008 and FY 2009

| State or Group of States | 2008 | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 70.2 | 87.7 |
| Alaska | 27.0 | 21.0 |
| Arizona | 69.8 | 70.4 |
| Arkansas | 66.6 | 69.6 |
| California | 43.0 | 43.9 |
| Colorado | 70.4 | 64.3 |
| Connecticut | 44.4 | 45.2 |
| Delaware | 67.5 | 64.5 |
| District Of Columbia | 48.6 | 49.8 |
| Florida | 54.2 | 51.5 |
| Georgia | 69.7 | 69.4 |
| Hawaii | 35.5 | 39.3 |
| Idaho | 64.1 | 66.9 |
| Illinois | 40.6 | 52.6 |
| Indiana | 71.1 | 76.6 |
| Iowa | 57.7 | 52.1 |
| Kansas | 57.0 | 57.8 |
| Kentucky | 35.6 | 37.7 |
| Maryland | 54.1 | 54.0 |
| Massachusetts | 42.3 | 41.7 |
| Michigan | 37.0 | 40.9 |
| Minnesota | 43.3 | 47.5 |
| Missouri | 35.9 | 42.0 |
| Nebraska | 66.1 | 57.0 |
| Nevada | 81.1 | 82.3 |
| New Jersey | 52.2 | 51.5 |
| New Mexico | 49.2 | 59.4 |
| New York | 38.3 | 34.7 |
| North Carolina | 72.2 | 68.3 |
| Ohio | 42.0 | 49.6 |
| Oklahoma | 62.4 | 62.4 |
| Oregon | 56.5 | 65.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 42.7 | 43.8 |
| Rhode Island | 38.0 | 40.6 |
| South Carolina | 61.8 | 66.9 |
| South Dakota | 46.1 | 47.7 |
| Tennessee | 69.0 | 68.3 |
| Texas | 49.7 | 52.9 |
| Utah | 68.0 | 69.3 |
| Virginia | 55.2 | 57.0 |
| Washington | 39.1 | 41.7 |
| Wisconsin | 49.9 | 57.1 |
| Wyoming | 68.0 | 68.3 |
| Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, North Dakota, West |  |  |
| Virginia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Montana | 39.6 | 48.5 |

Source: CPS ASEC and unpublished estimates prepared for the Pew Hispanic Center by Jeffrey Passel

Table A.3. Employment Estimates, Targets, and Simulated Results, 2007, 2008, and 2009

|  | Number Employed (000s) |  |  |  | Percent difference <br> (Target - Simulated) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | BLS | CPS ASEC | Target | Simulated |  |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 144,275 | n.a | 141,062 | 140,322 | -0.5 |
| February | 144,479 | n.a | 141,261 | 140,642 | -0.4 |
| March | 145,323 | n.a | 142,086 | 141,565 | -0.4 |
| April | 145,297 | n.a | 142,061 | 141,687 | -0.3 |
| May | 145,864 | n.a | 142,615 | 142,696 | 0.1 |
| June | 146,958 | n.a | 143,685 | 143,584 | -0.1 |
| July | 147,315 | n.a | 144,034 | 143,987 | 0.0 |
| August | 146,406 | n.a | 143,145 | 143,066 | -0.1 |
| September | 146,448 | n.a | 143,186 | 143,089 | -0.1 |
| October | 146,743 | n.a | 143,475 | 143,372 | -0.1 |
| November | 147,118 | n.a | 143,841 | 143,983 | 0.1 |
| December | 146,334 | n.a | 143,075 | 143,083 | 0.0 |
| Annual Total | 1,752,560 | 1,713,526 | 1,713,526 | 1,711,075 | -0.1 |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 144,607 | n.a | 140,430 | 139,676 | -0.5 |
| February | 144,550 | n.a | 140,375 | 139,612 | -0.5 |
| March | 145,108 | n.a | 140,917 | 140,777 | -0.1 |
| April | 145,921 | n.a | 141,706 | 141,618 | -0.1 |
| May | 145,927 | n.a | 141,712 | 141,533 | -0.1 |
| June | 146,649 | n.a | 142,413 | 142,460 | 0.0 |
| July | 146,867 | n.a | 142,625 | 142,715 | 0.1 |
| August | 145,909 | n.a | 141,695 | 141,763 | 0.0 |
| September | 145,310 | n.a | 141,113 | 141,067 | 0.0 |
| October | 145,543 | n.a | 141,339 | 141,319 | 0.0 |
| November | 144,609 | n.a | 140,432 | 140,267 | -0.1 |
| December | 143,350 | n.a | 139,210 | 138,642 | -0.4 |
| Annual Total | 1,744,350 | 1,693,969 | 1,693,969 | 1,691,448 | -0.1 |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 140,436 | n.a | 137,278 | 137,123 | - 0.1 |
| February | 140,105 | n.a | 136,954 | 137,091 | 0.1 |
| March | 139,833 | n.a | 136,688 | 136,676 | 0.0 |
| April | 140,586 | n.a | 137,424 | 137,415 | 0.0 |
| May | 140,363 | n.a | 137,206 | 137,190 | 0.0 |
| June | 140,826 | n.a | 137,659 | 137,316 | -0.2 |
| July | 141,055 | n.a | 137,883 | 137,992 | 0.1 |
| August | 140,074 | n.a | 136,924 | 136,608 | -0.2 |
| September | 139,079 | n.a | 135,951 | 135,346 | -0.4 |
| October | 139,088 | n.a | 135,960 | 135,557 | -0.3 |
| November | 139,132 | n.a | 136,003 | 135,433 | -0.4 |
| December | 137,953 | n.a | 134,850 | 133,310 | - 1.1 |
| Annual Total | 1,678,530 | 1,640,779 | 1,640,779 | 1,637,057 | -0.2 |

Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics Labor Force Statistics from the CPS and CPS ASEC

Table A.4. Average Weekly Unemployment Compensation, 2008 and 2009

| State | 2008 | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 196 | 208 |
| Alaska | 202 | 235 |
| Arizona | 218 | 220 |
| Arkansas | 265 | 282 |
| California | 307 | 311 |
| Colorado | 341 | 361 |
| Connecticut | 322 | 340 |
| Delaware | 257 | 262 |
| District of Columbia | 291 | 303 |
| Florida | 238 | 238 |
| Georgia | 273 | 283 |
| Hawaii | 413 | 423 |
| Idaho | 272 | 275 |
| Illinois | 312 | 328 |
| Indiana | 298 | 307 |
| Iowa | 302 | 320 |
| Kansas | 316 | 354 |
| Kentucky | 300 | 308 |
| Louisiana | 209 | 231 |
| Maine | 265 | 282 |
| Maryland | 305 | 311 |
| Massachusetts | 391 | 419 |
| Michigan | 300 | 309 |
| Minnesota | 347 | 360 |
| Mississippi | 183 | 196 |
| Missouri | 244 | 256 |
| Montana | 255 | 270 |
| Nebraska | 241 | 249 |
| Nevada | 292 | 317 |
| New Hampshire | 272 | 283 |
| New Jersey | 377 | 396 |
| New Mexico | 278 | 300 |
| New York | 307 | 315 |
| North Carolina | 287 | 307 |
| North Dakota | 286 | 311 |
| Ohio | 303 | 321 |
| Oklahoma | 272 | 295 |
| Oregon | 302 | 313 |
| Pennsylvania | 335 | 352 |
| Rhode Island | 370 | 383 |
| South Carolina | 240 | 250 |
| South Dakota | 239 | 254 |
| Tennessee | 221 | 226 |
| Texas | 303 | 325 |
| Utah | 312 | 321 |
| Vermont | 294 | 306 |
| Virginia | 282 | 304 |
| Washington | 355 | 402 |
| West Virginia | 242 | 272 |
| Wisconsin | 273 | 288 |
| Wyoming | 308 | 347 |

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Unemployment Insurance Data Summary

Table A.5a. State SSI Supplements for Individuals and Couples Living Independently, 2008

|  |  | State SSI Supplements by Unit Type (\$) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| State | Elderly Individual | Disabled Individual | Elderly Couple | Disabled Couple |
| Alaska | 362 | 362 | 528 | 528 |
| California | 233 | 233 | 568 | 568 |
| Colorado | 25 | 25 | 368 | 368 |
| Connecticut | 168 | 168 | 256 | 256 |
| Idaho | 32 | 02 | 0 | 0 |
| Maine | 10 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| Massachusetts | 129 | 114 | 202 | 180 |
| Michigan | 14 | 14 | 28 | 28 |
| Minnesota | 81 | 81 | 111 | 111 |
| Nebraska | 7 | 7 | 4 | 4 |
| Nevada | 36 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 61 | 61 | 25 | 28 |
| New Jersey | 31 | 31 | 104 | 25 |
| New York | 87 | 87 | 92 | 104 |
| Oklahoma | 46 | 46 | 0 | 92 |
| Oregon | 2 | 2 | 44 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 27 | 27 | 109 | 44 |
| Rhode Island | 57 | 57 | 15 | 109 |
| South Dakota | 15 | 15 | 15 | 5 |
| Utah | 0 | 0 | 99 | 99 |
| Vermont | 52 | 52 | 92 | 92 |
| Washington | 46 | 46 | 132 | 132 |
| Wisconsin | 84 | 84 | 56 | 56 |
| Wyoming | 25 | 25 |  |  |

Source: State Assistance Programs for SSI Recipients, January 2008
Note: States not listed do not provide an SSI supplement.
Table A.5b. State SSI Supplements for Individuals and Couples Living Independently, 2009

|  |  | State SSI Supplements by Unit Type (\$) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| State | Elderly Individual | Disabled Individual | Elderly Couple | Disabled Couple |
| Alaska | 362 | 362 | 528 | 528 |
| California | 233 | 233 | 568 | 568 |
| Colorado | 25 | 25 | 387 | 387 |
| Connecticut | 168 | 168 | 275 | 275 |
| Idaho | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 |
| Maine | 10 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| Massachusetts | 129 | 114 | 202 | 180 |
| Michigan | 14 | 14 | 28 | 28 |
| Minnesota | 81 | 81 | 111 | 111 |
| Nebraska | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Nevada | 36 | 0 | 74 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 40 | 40 | 41 | 41 |
| New Jersey | 31 | 31 | 104 | 25 |
| New York | 87 | 87 | 92 | 104 |
| Oklahoma | 46 | 46 | 0 | 92 |
| Oregon | 2 | 2 | 44 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 27 | 27 | 79 | 44 |
| Rhode Island | 40 | 40 | 15 | 79 |
| South Dakota | 15 | 0 | 5 | 15 |
| Utah | 0 | 52 | 59 | 5 |
| Vermont | 52 | 46 | 92 | 92 |
| Washington | 46 |  |  |  |

[^2]Table A.6a. State SSI Control and Calibration Totals, by Age, 2008

| State | Control Totals |  |  | Calibration Totals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older |
| Alabama | 29,280 | 105,725 | 31,738 | 28,949 | 111,994 | 32,229 |
| Alaska | 1,188 | 7,370 | 3,056 | 1,081 | 8,673 | 3,100 |
| Arizona | 19,023 | 59,357 | 24,685 | 19,692 | 67,212 | 23,067 |
| Arkansas | 22,914 | 59,158 | 17,000 | 22,519 | 59,896 | 17,277 |
| California | 105,820 | 612,755 | 553,341 | 104,285 | 574,232 | 537,760 |
| Colorado | 7,706 | 37,560 | 14,625 | 7,389 | 43,350 | 15,400 |
| Connecticut | 7,336 | 35,033 | 13,007 | 6,559 | 42,733 | 13,236 |
| Delaware | 3,486 | 8,822 | 2,489 | 3,538 | 9,850 | 2,345 |
| District of Columbia | 4,488 | 14,151 | 4,188 | 4,534 | 13,878 | 4,341 |
| Florida | 84,349 | 211,710 | 148,781 | 81,264 | 221,679 | 151,081 |
| Georgia | 37,511 | 125,301 | 49,991 | 35,815 | 131,842 | 52,075 |
| Hawaii | 1,606 | 13,495 | 8,509 | 1,755 | 13,504 | 8,773 |
| Idaho | 4,728 | 16,430 | 3,497 | 4,275 | 14,922 | 3,026 |
| Illinois | 45,149 | 161,242 | 59,237 | 46,266 | 160,597 | 59,379 |
| Indiana | 23,620 | 71,932 | 12,542 | 24,483 | 79,890 | 8,561 |
| Iowa | 7,684 | 30,823 | 6,927 | 8,490 | 32,041 | 6,049 |
| Kansas | 7,879 | 27,512 | 6,512 | 7,876 | 27,812 | 3,511 |
| Kentucky | 29,715 | 124,211 | 32,883 | 29,785 | 123,495 | 34,212 |
| Louisiana | 32,711 | 99,407 | 33,336 | 31,549 | 109,005 | 33,749 |
| Maine | 3,736 | 24,912 | 5,267 | 3,770 | 23,789 | 5,280 |
| Maryland | 16,163 | 59,664 | 24,899 | 15,450 | 58,385 | 25,522 |
| Massachusetts | 20,972 | 112,166 | 49,317 | 21,368 | 110,572 | 47,644 |
| Michigan | 39,095 | 156,207 | 37,279 | 40,759 | 156,273 | 36,838 |
| Minnesota | 12,297 | 50,591 | 17,785 | 13,072 | 48,787 | 18,479 |
| Mississippi | 22,946 | 72,069 | 27,440 | 21,980 | 73,793 | 26,899 |
| Missouri | 21,293 | 83,822 | 19,334 | 21,202 | 78,510 | 18,492 |
| Montana | 2,260 | 11,215 | 2,558 | 2,377 | 12,631 | 2,540 |
| Nebraska | 3,781 | 16,002 | 3,944 | 3,988 | 16,063 | 2,398 |
| Nevada | 6,817 | 19,930 | 9,932 | 6,927 | 21,805 | 10,671 |
| New Hampshire | 2,213 | 11,687 | 1,911 | 2,074 | 12,071 | 1,785 |
| New Jersey | 23,824 | 83,327 | 52,600 | 25,715 | 84,543 | 55,354 |
| New Mexico | 8,515 | 33,172 | 15,918 | 8,411 | 33,157 | 15,418 |
| New York | 77,436 | 347,026 | 233,803 | 76,416 | 350,529 | 241,969 |
| North Carolina | 40,565 | 122,169 | 45,675 | 42,600 | 125,118 | 44,853 |
| North Dakota | 1,044 | 5,312 | 1,676 | 1,154 | 5,341 | 1,615 |
| Ohio | 45,911 | 181,397 | 37,965 | 42,719 | 181,060 | 36,800 |
| Oklahoma | 16,194 | 56,758 | 14,877 | 16,293 | 59,524 | 14,851 |
| Oregon | 8,891 | 43,430 | 14,033 | 9,488 | 45,508 | 14,795 |
| Pennsylvania | 66,304 | 212,426 | 60,967 | 65,299 | 206,344 | 62,734 |
| Rhode Island | 4,172 | 20,088 | 7,288 | 4,165 | 20,457 | 7,521 |
| South Carolina | 19,630 | 64,320 | 23,192 | 21,078 | 68,174 | 22,562 |
| South Dakota | 2,199 | 7,874 | 3,010 | 2,149 | 8,146 | 2,419 |
| Tennessee | 23,859 | 107,950 | 33,342 | 25,487 | 109,947 | 30,830 |
| Texas | 112,875 | 288,596 | 164,810 | 117,236 | 299,018 | 172,388 |
| Utah | 4,803 | 16,383 | 4,257 | 3,939 | 17,759 | 3,342 |
| Vermont | 1,783 | 10,102 | 2,468 | 1,739 | 8,820 | 2,625 |
| Virginia | 23,222 | 84,215 | 34,385 | 22,659 | 90,775 | 35,939 |
| Washington | 16,063 | 80,232 | 28,679 | 17,193 | 89,290 | 28,330 |
| West Virginia | 9,233 | 58,631 | 11,824 | 9,621 | 54,661 | 7,476 |
| Wisconsin | 18,475 | 64,754 | 15,785 | 18,640 | 64,338 | 16,320 |
| Wyoming | 810 | 4,261 | 832 | 819 | 4,450 | 641 |

Source: SSA's SSI Annual Statistical Report, 2008

Table A.6b. State SSI Control and Calibration Totals, by Age, 2009

| State | Control Totals |  |  | Calibration Totals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older |
| Alabama | 29,956 | 108,632 | 30,732 | 28,255 | 112,443 | 30,177 |
| Alaska | 1,264 | 7,671 | 3,071 | 1,322 | 8,295 | 2,993 |
| Arizona | 19,943 | 60,882 | 25,305 | 21,715 | 63,181 | 25,497 |
| Arkansas | 25,203 | 61,356 | 16,368 | 26,421 | 63,024 | 16,305 |
| California | 109,409 | 601,769 | 538,852 | 109,954 | 605,822 | 537,378 |
| Colorado | 8,120 | 38,856 | 14,975 | 8,234 | 38,801 | 14,419 |
| Connecticut | 7,603 | 35,387 | 13,280 | 6,248 | 38,914 | 13,176 |
| Delaware | 3,567 | 9,199 | 2,533 | 3,713 | 9,673 | 2,224 |
| District of Columbia | 4,485 | 14,910 | 4,180 | 4,786 | 14,618 | 4,080 |
| Florida | 88,993 | 221,055 | 153,525 | 91,548 | 222,133 | 155,438 |
| Georgia | 39,211 | 131,234 | 49,793 | 39,897 | 132,898 | 51,355 |
| Hawaii | 1,697 | 14,037 | 8,532 | 1,818 | 14,082 | 8,528 |
| Idaho | 5,085 | 17,336 | 3,627 | 4,685 | 17,152 | 3,427 |
| Illinois | 45,232 | 164,513 | 59,647 | 43,200 | 167,682 | 58,043 |
| Indiana | 24,832 | 75,217 | 12,742 | 26,911 | 76,079 | 12,599 |
| Iowa | 7,903 | 31,798 | 6,908 | 7,967 | 31,237 | 4,761 |
| Kansas | 8,335 | 29,114 | 6,596 | 7,813 | 29,607 | 5,174 |
| Kentucky | 30,326 | 126,697 | 32,459 | 32,620 | 124,371 | 30,121 |
| Louisiana | 34,238 | 102,717 | 32,735 | 34,902 | 106,723 | 32,623 |
| Maine | 3,867 | 25,469 | 5,223 | 3,981 | 24,799 | 5,209 |
| Maryland | 16,435 | 61,739 | 24,756 | 16,582 | 62,349 | 25,152 |
| Massachusetts | 21,880 | 114,949 | 49,780 | 21,167 | 121,416 | 49,680 |
| Michigan | 40,840 | 164,273 | 37,870 | 41,690 | 164,639 | 37,425 |
| Minnesota | 12,620 | 52,464 | 18,163 | 12,640 | 52,735 | 18,622 |
| Mississippi | 23,867 | 73,788 | 26,461 | 25,916 | 74,356 | 26,188 |
| Missouri | 21,796 | 87,179 | 19,157 | 20,157 | 86,459 | 20,089 |
| Montana | 2,436 | 11,695 | 2,563 | 2,498 | 13,720 | 2,343 |
| Nebraska | 4,010 | 16,684 | 3,922 | 3,340 | 17,121 | 3,763 |
| Nevada | 7,232 | 21,116 | 10,244 | 7,006 | 20,356 | 10,816 |
| New Hampshire | 2,274 | 12,456 | 1,898 | 2,504 | 12,965 | 2,082 |
| New Jersey | 24,351 | 85,606 | 53,109 | 25,035 | 85,913 | 53,898 |
| New Mexico | 8,917 | 34,132 | 16,061 | 8,507 | 31,168 | 16,283 |
| New York | 80,169 | 353,900 | 233,824 | 80,946 | 356,328 | 236,554 |
| North Carolina | 41,328 | 126,989 | 45,012 | 41,270 | 128,660 | 44,637 |
| North Dakota | 1,084 | 5,419 | 1,636 | 794 | 5,426 | 1,659 |
| Ohio | 47,459 | 188,026 | 38,396 | 46,706 | 193,955 | 37,836 |
| Oklahoma | 17,094 | 58,926 | 14,725 | 17,894 | 59,655 | 15,048 |
| Oregon | 9,403 | 46,355 | 14,646 | 9,201 | 46,332 | 13,487 |
| Pennsylvania | 67,969 | 217,878 | 61,104 | 57,199 | 214,773 | 61,283 |
| Rhode Island | 4,361 | 20,170 | 7,051 | 4,254 | 19,504 | 7,358 |
| South Carolina | 20,100 | 66,585 | 22,654 | 20,300 | 69,407 | 20,881 |
| South Dakota | 2,328 | 8,207 | 3,007 | 2,146 | 8,711 | 3,096 |
| Tennessee | 24,782 | 111,801 | 32,742 | 23,469 | 101,998 | 31,658 |
| Texas | 120,467 | 303,169 | 166,293 | 126,673 | 318,097 | 169,922 |
| Utah | 5,093 | 17,131 | 4,380 | 4,836 | 18,838 | 4,180 |
| Vermont | 1,805 | 10,390 | 2,495 | 1,835 | 9,911 | 2,563 |
| Virginia | 23,542 | 86,446 | 34,290 | 23,330 | 87,932 | 34,007 |
| Washington | 16,719 | 84,189 | 29,799 | 16,147 | 83,101 | 30,219 |
| West Virginia | 9,277 | 58,845 | 11,725 | 9,646 | 56,396 | 10,805 |
| Wisconsin | 19,681 | 68,032 | 15,790 | 23,741 | 70,947 | 14,592 |
| Wyoming | 903 | 4,452 | 813 | 840 | 4,308 | 855 |

Source: SSA's SSI Annual Statistical Report, 2009

Table A.7. National SSI Control and Calibration Totals, by Income Source, 2008 and 2009

|  | Control Totals |  |  | Calibration Totals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older | Under 18 | 18 to 64 | 65 or older |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All | 1,153,844 | 4,333,096 | 2,033,561 | 1,155,891 | 4,386,244 | 2,024,502 |
| No Other Income | 854,550 | 2,579,451 | 758,971 | 1,137,202 | 3,017,303 | 733,078 |
| Earnings | 2,798 | 241,897 | 27,843 | 1,746 | 211,259 | 110,805 |
| Social Security | 83,236 | 1,375,160 | 1,154,164 | 15,329 | 806,952 | 1,304,495 |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All | 1,199,788 | 4,451,288 | 2,025,610 | 1,204,256 | 4,499,010 | 2,020,506 |
| No Other Income | 890,620 | 2,674,710 | 772,774 | 1,185,766 | 2,977,443 | 728,335 |
| Earnings | 2,431 | 234,485 | 27,264 | 417 | 248,359 | 116,042 |
| Social Security | 87,207 | 1,399,368 | 1,135,074 | 15,965 | 911,793 | 1,272,824 |

Source: SSA's SSI Annual Statistical Reports

Table A.8. TANF Asset Equation Coefficients

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Alabama | Alaska | Arizona | Arkansas | California |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size | 0 | - 0.90088996 | 0 | 0 | - 1.2317421 |
| Homeowner | -0.96566704 | -0.76609588 | -0.83498904 | -0.86321115 | -0.80316677 |
| Multiple TANF units in household | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.48055606 | 0 |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0.79491412 | 0.52751312 | 0.67111232 | 0.6745574 | 0.53648415 |
| Head is Asian | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.44320818 | 0 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.94270922 | 1.0418497 | 0.92682563 | 0.46982582 | 0.92508901 |
| Head is other race | 0 | 0 | 0.5170459 | 0 | 0 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 1.052204 | 0 | 0.099766424 | 1.4244403 |
| Number age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0.91852855 | 0 | 0 | 1.3225354 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | - 0.57514387 | 0 | -0.49014857 | -0.71149142 | 0.35364486 |
| Number of high school graduates | - 0.70999801 | 0 | -0.30202053 | -0.5136438 | -0.39698969 |
| Number not in the labor force | - 0.32469545 | 0 | -0.35737234 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0.36359495 | 0.41480167 | 0.4576799 | 0.61760958 | 0.33092528 |
| In North Central | 0.54665344 | 0.36430933 | 0.46669093 | 0 | 0.53807335 |
| In South | 1.4035789 | 1.1311411 | 1.2076975 | 0.28701063 | 0.88420719 |
| In West | 0.8777809 | 0.63164802 | 0.68828205 | 0 | 0.34014746 |
| Gross income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.80395575 |
| Gross income squared | -258.95927 | 182.24242 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income to the fourth power | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 39060841 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0.67621563 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.53065916 |
| Earnings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.6912013 |
| Earnings to the third power | 0 | 0 | - 567043.19 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings to the fourth power | 0 | -61463426 | 230712630 | 0 | - 52818209 |
| Earnings by high school graduates | - 0.47159273 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.32403146 |
| Dividend income | 0 | 0 | 76.725668 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income squared | 100093.54 | 197760.15 | 0 | 0 | 195705.86 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | -84.451085 | - 71.929585 | -124.13082 | 0 | -68.599866 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 0 | - 3008.7523 | 0 | 88.597725 | - 2824.7282 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 39.019948 | 0 |
| Interest income | - 177.42919 | -80.300544 | - 153.47555 | - 121.69631 | - 84.608318 |
| Interest income squared | 103372.35 | 91107.691 | 102165.18 | 143901.55 | 98290.64 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 57.694465 | 0 | 46.275675 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 100017.66 | 124216.4 | 123217.35 | 0 | 87776.081 |
| Rental income to the third power | - 110086300 | - 135869210 | - 134073580 | 0 | -96049868 |
| Rental income by homeowner | -24.160284 | -28.804503 | - 29.561574 | 0 | - 21.38058 |
| Income eligible | 0 | 0 | - 1.0523729 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by unit size | 0 | 0.17196758 | 0.14342531 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | 0 | 0 | -0.47972072 | 0 | -0.427336 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0.81130921 | 0.67312569 | 0 | 0.52583647 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 5 to 17 | 0.14322659 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0.67099801 | 0 | 0.69322501 | 0.32522335 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | - 0.70584078 | -0.57807122 | -0.6986194 | -0.23439994 | 0 |
| Income eligible by West | - 0.83664956 | - 0.5586755 | -0.50774905 | -0.35347117 | 0 |
| Income eligible by gross income | - 0.8454017 | -0.8420443 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by earnings | 0.96649416 | 0.68164771 | 0.5033234 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by dividend income | 50.386796 | 45.194619 | 35.118734 | 0 | 38.30631 |
| Income eligible by interest income | - 20.512815 | 0 | - 20.185124 | 0 | 0 |
| Constant | 3.561815 | 2.5818309 | 3.3668913 | 3.5181355 | 3.39835 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Colorado | Connecticut | Delaware | District of Columbia | Florida |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size | -1.1022442 | -1.3581831 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unit size squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12.453946 | 0 |
| Homeowner | -0.67340929 | -0.83055215 | -0.91707913 | -0.7739005 | -0.78087832 |
| Multiple TANF units in household | 0 | 0 | 0.40643229 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is African American/Black | 0.64109407 | 0.38183727 | 0.55753204 | 1.0694493 | 0.65551325 |
| Head is Asian | 2.3919928 | -0.37895565 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is Hispanic | 1.1053202 | 0.79676172 | 0.31805088 | 0.81076968 | 0.59044217 |
| Head is other race | 0.84708265 | 0 | 0 | 0.53627892 | 0 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 1.3433253 | 1.5697989 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number age 5 to 17 | 1.0062548 | 1.4691105 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | 0 | 0.35147408 | -0.581525 | -0.58575988 | -0.65657475 |
| Number of high school graduates | 0 | -0.57133401 | - 0.80651955 | -0.45648266 | -0.40569606 |
| Number not in the labor force | 0 | 0 | -0.23035835 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0 | 0.55271394 | 0.39693415 | 0.34783357 | 0.5342689 |
| In North Central | 0 | 0 | 0.79165249 | 0.63474896 | 0.39725836 |
| In South | 0.30795151 | 0.50843089 | 0.35324909 | 0.87188166 | 0.49393072 |
| In West | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.36620581 | 0 |
| Number receiving general assistance | 0 | 0 | 1.6583714 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income | 0 | -0.37250877 | -0.78764502 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0 | 0.3220133 | 0.40184907 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by interest income | 0 | - 31.906586 | -74.150523 | 0 | -58.774435 |
| Earnings | 0.86463677 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings squared | - 349.46538 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings to the fourth power | 0 | - 30169140 | -27266946 | 0 | -29661273 |
| Dividend income | 0 | 44.547659 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income squared | 21225.895 | 301873.76 | 896514.41 | 233798.29 | 230122.66 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | -5.6027149 | -71.941235 | -657.41972 | - 79.737774 | -53.193181 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 0 | -2519.545 | 1137.5173 | - 3300.8209 | - 1328.8116 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | -11.219581 | -34.953747 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income | - 58.823169 | 0 | 0 | - 167.8562 | 0 |
| Interest income squared | 63769.288 | 107665 | 0 | 94045.302 | 50011.202 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55.921691 | 0 |
| Interest income by homeowner | 0 | - 37.340256 | 0 | 0 | -75.995383 |
| Rental income squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 81916.421 | 0 |
| Rental income to the third power | - 3671335 | -8323015.1 | 0 | -89179925 | 14422952 |
| Rental income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -6.3099246 |
| Rental income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | -20.235571 | 0 |
| Income eligible | -1.4676757 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by unit size | 0.25389374 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by black head | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.60130609 | 0 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | -2.9493763 | 0 | - 1.0413548 | -0.43062421 | -0.65803306 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0 | 0 | 0.56113144 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.17210944 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0.29768687 | 0.16271968 | 0.406577 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by never married | 1.2694414 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by North Central | 0 | 0.38660268 | -0.54443737 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by West | 0 | 0 | -0.21659571 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by dividend income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46.580169 | 0 |
| Income eligible by interest income | 0 | -59.333589 | -93.250595 | - 18.447263 | 0 |
| Constant | 4.633912 | 3.9085087 | 3.5146379 | 3.0236547 | 3.1264675 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Georgia | Hawaii | Idaho | Illinois | Indiana | Iowa |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homeowner | -0.8727851 | -0.7362252 | -0.5752152 | -0.8216945 | -0.9987295 | -0.6636247 |
| Multiple TANF units in household | 0.43033192 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.38120286 |  |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0.3273432 | 1.7494916 | 0 | 0.49543665 | 0.45137812 | 1.6192492 |
| Head is Asian | 0 | 0 | -0.5592431 | -0.4869259 |  | -0.4939917 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.39589283 | 0.98867342 | 0.29776067 | 0.68851668 | 0.41136735 | 0.88677621 |
| Head is other race | 0 | 0.96049865 | 0 | 0.51440736 |  | 0.62390596 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0.28163371 | 0 | 0.20669174 |  | 0.28088702 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | - 0.3801173 | -0.4949808 | -0.536393 | -0.6076811 | -0.5782092 | -0.6355759 |
| Number of high school graduates | - 0.7155626 | 0 | -0.6053304 | -0.590644 | - 0.7801013 | -0.3937706 |
| Number not in the labor force | -0.4796262 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0.2630174 | 0 |
| Number of never- married adults | 0.33770922 | 0 | 0.2526078 | 0.48643231 | 0.40307632 | 0.53537353 |
| In North Central | 0.78990358 | 0 | 0.20649279 | 0 | 0.67804252 | 0 |
| In South | 0.46603574 | 0.52341581 | 0.26334119 | 0.66518384 | 0.43414217 | 0.48167746 |
| In West | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.27901081 | 0 | 0 |
| Number receiving general assistance | 1.7708342 | 0 | 1.7741033 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income | - 0.4196846 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income squared | - 248.48555 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 367.4984 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0.33902272 | 0 | 0.22423613 | 0 | 0.46270918 | 0.14077301 |
| Gross income by interest income | -84.506961 | 0 | 0 | -33.814474 | -70.738319 | -40.455786 |
| Gross income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | -0.5965444 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings to the third power | 0 | 0 | -168029.88 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings by high school graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.1372642 | 0 |
| Earnings by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0.47833633 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income | - 148.12557 | - 35.421582 | 0 | 0 | -400.25995 | -24.923965 |
| Dividend income squared | 147517.82 | 59239.33 | 265727.14 | 0 |  | 32422.195 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | -53.929622 | 0 | -1033.3331 | 0 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 0 | -154.36385 | -886.31696 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | -16.994457 | 0 | 1427.1966 | 0 |
| Interest income | 0 | -71.429023 | -131.87575 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income squared | 0 | 80783.444 | 156974.43 | 117876.68 |  | 88495.941 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | -42.977017 |  | -23.889698 |
| Rental income | 0 | -26.56122 | 0 | 0 | -14.775382 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 0 | 57456.034 | 0 | 0 | 36559.668 | 0 |
| Rental income to the third power | 0 | -53558653 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -5.0547218 | 0 |
| Rental income by interest income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | - 1351.9337 |
| Rental income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | -11.001052 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by black head | 0.49412786 | -1.2491598 | 0.68012623 | 0 |  | -1.3637972 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | -0.9163941 | -0.692707 | 0 | 0 | -0.9845487 | 0 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0.90014933 | 0 | 0.89104893 | 0 | 0.49038574 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0.14319385 | 0 | 0 |  | 0.09775557 |
| Income eligible by HS graduates | 0 | - 0.4043886 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0.43598528 | 0.40374098 | 0 | 0 | 0.39711403 | 0 |
| Income eligible by never married | 0 | 0.78180344 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by North Central | -0.539023 | 0 | 0 | 0.4498465 | -0.3900539 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | - 0.2445797 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by West | - 0.2670284 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by interest income | -99.965772 | 0 | 0 | -67.610475 | -89.681425 | -42.309216 |
| Income eligible by rental income | 0 | 11.497491 | 0 | 8.8020558 | 0 |  |
| Constant | 3.1545584 | 3.1702922 | 2.863992 | 3.4695082 | 3.447086 | 3.4612281 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Kansas | Kentucky | Louisiana | Maine | Maryland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size squared | 0 | 10.342457 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Homeowner | -0.86929584 | -0.75361382 | -0.753117 | -0.80356069 | -0.78701033 |
| Head is African American/Black | 0.67780143 | 0.64889322 | 0.70549146 | 0.46364143 | 0.6591555 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.71318855 | 0.79108714 | 0.60759071 | 0.69693084 | 0.7021381 |
| Head is other race | 0 | 0.52827379 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.17067533 | 0 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | -0.39219105 | -0.47430705 | -0.37282461 | - 0.88717734 | - 0.42990189 |
| Number of high school graduates | - 0.40346273 | -0.46154679 | -0.43349495 | -0.64459054 | -0.43644942 |
| Number not in the labor force | - 0.24090621 | -0.35164375 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0.25843614 | 0.34727568 | 0.26029407 | 0.50243547 | 0.2344938 |
| In North Central | 0.81110158 | 0.43734394 | 0.42501646 | 0.32883274 | 0.42907948 |
| In South | 1.4583979 | 1.2104766 | 1.2921491 | 0.60296646 | 1.2816911 |
| In West | 0.92821759 | 0.74200101 | 0.81842696 | 0 | 0.79647986 |
| Gross income to the third power | 0 | 0 | 0 | -122367.1 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.25703499 | 0 |
| Gross income by interest income | 0 | 0 | 0 | -61.657013 | 0 |
| Earnings to the fourth power | -48441277 | -42825611 | -40253866 | 0 | -40065847 |
| Dividend income squared | 247585.87 | 231752.54 | 243818.31 | 231463.46 | 241235.55 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | -85.062654 | - 81.084297 | -81.137178 | - 54.034039 | -80.294884 |
| Dividend income by interest income | - 3332.9174 | - 3282.8688 | - 3269.8106 | - 1219.2166 | - 3222.4822 |
| Interest income | - 156.64283 | - 169.05036 | - 162.1195 | 0 | - 167.42488 |
| Interest income squared | 102138.33 | 96939.464 | 102058.02 | 52129.926 | 100548.88 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 47.859202 | 55.805457 | 50.611964 | 0 | 53.717118 |
| Interest income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | -64.693302 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 88023.961 | 83474.091 | 80941.213 | 0 | 83017.481 |
| Rental income to the third power | -95913066 | -91241259 | -86556837 | 14506324 | -88848911 |
| Rental income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | -6.9016478 | 0 |
| Rental income by homeowner | -21.946448 | -20.635463 | - 20.84252 | 0 | -21.239107 |
| Income eligible by multiple TANF units | - 0.59652376 | 0 | -0.56842642 | 0 | -0.59415621 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | - 0.45447411 | -0.49106332 | -0.41865743 | -0.60690224 | -0.42919986 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 1.0324356 | 0 | 0.8363432 | 0 | 0.81443573 |
| Income eligible by age 5 to 17 | 0.16383693 | 0 | 0.16087865 | 0.068740445 | 0.15615503 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0.42585428 | 0.28375117 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by North Central | -0.55537071 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | - 1.0242769 | -0.68217003 | -0.82999256 | 0 | -0.78429128 |
| Income eligible by West | -0.97877932 | -0.66543101 | -0.72946571 | 0 | -0.69143193 |
| Income eligible by earnings | 0.28959117 | 0.27073392 | 0.27042777 | 0 | 0.25575593 |
| Income eligible by dividend income | 48.758426 | 48.567186 | 44.557777 | 0 | 43.830302 |
| Income eligible by interest income | - 19.991676 | - 19.376364 | - 19.645094 | 0 | - 19.608687 |
| Constant | 2.9255594 | 3.047451 | 2.8358937 | 3.6679971 | 2.9621721 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Massachusetts | Michigan | Minnesota | Mississippi | Missouri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size | 0 | - 1.0418527 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unit size squared | 0 | 35.030483 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Homeowner | -0.95562691 | - 0.71475699 | -0.67033788 | -0.92765599 | -0.98499854 |
| Multiple TANF units in household | 0.43726212 | -0.64340952 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0 | 0.68033181 | 0.53804019 | 0.76799577 | 2.0958225 |
| Head is Asian | -0.44845497 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.29692855 | 0.70983816 | 0.43272162 | 0.96462452 | 0.7921665 |
| Head is other race | 0 | 0.89535124 | 0 | 0.71091016 | 0.59934528 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0.83834551 | 0.22599735 | 0 | 0.20536453 |
| Number age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0.63289246 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | - 0.66051614 | 0.3159378 | -0.58838464 | -0.60001918 | -0.74441901 |
| Number of high school graduates | - 0.85536922 | -0.31550198 | -0.43454681 | - 0.4500977 | -0.26288844 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0.46189664 | 0.23973556 | 0.39808147 | 0.36737651 | 0 |
| In North Central | 0 | 0.51378712 | 0 | 0.76958096 | 0.5248148 |
| In South | 0.46577696 | 0.79799994 | 0.34133161 | 1.3515545 | 0.77871562 |
| In West | 0 | 0.35558009 | 0 | 0.78826409 | 0.82856541 |
| Gross income | -0.57449179 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income to the fourth power | - 41964989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0.42460825 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by interest income | -55.021601 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -37.43351 |
| Earnings to the fourth power | 0 | 0 | 0 | -25744189 | 0 |
| Dividend income | 108.31755 | 0 | - 31.516456 | 0 | - 25.540982 |
| Dividend income squared | 0 | 0 | 54644.025 | 96260.958 | 37494.026 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | -111.45485 | 0 | 0 | - 82.155983 | 0 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 0 | 0 | -142.03166 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | 0 | -72.248979 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income | 0 | -74.513739 | -71.959952 | -175.38001 | 0 |
| Interest income squared | 0 | 84806.35 | 82590.807 | 100019.79 | 102448.22 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58.094158 | -16.369717 |
| Rental income | 0 | 0 | -3.6515578 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95192.51 | 0 |
| Rental income to the third power | 15391616 | 0 | 0 | - 105802190 | 0 |
| Rental income by HS graduates | -5.3122047 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by homeowner | 0 | - 3.3041439 | 0 | -22.861112 | -3.5170663 |
| Income eligible | 0 | -0.6300591 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by unit size | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.13632132 | 0 |
| Income eligible by black head | 0.56304018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 1.6528193 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | 0 | 0 | -0.63637201 | -0.5822693 | -0.62791517 |
| Income eligible by Hispanic head | 0 | 0 | 0.45582452 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0.51599683 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 0 to 4 | 0.13255123 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0.29636102 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.26273815 | 0.35045189 |
| Income eligible by never married | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.69807603 |
| Income eligible by North Central | 0.35752467 | 0 | 0 | -0.46420944 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.84991497 | 0 |
| Income eligible by West | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.84744245 | - 0.6602171 |
| Income eligible by dividend income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48.468853 | 0 |
| Income eligible by interest income | -95.985701 | 0 | 0 | - 20.916145 | - 74.316405 |
| Constant | 3.7147251 | 3.7999277 | 3.640927 | 3.1586723 | 3.5500478 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Montana | Nebraska | Nevada | New <br> Hampshire | New Jersey |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size squared | 6.7974062 | 0 | 0 | 9.2491589 | 10.823119 |
| Homeowner | - 0.8303333 | -0.76206729 | - 0.83847223 | - 0.95848984 | -0.91900497 |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0.69651842 | 1.6845254 | 0.51695284 | 0.66300678 | 0.79330642 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.61150063 | 0.43658614 | 0.78550868 | 0.92136676 | 1.0500731 |
| Head is other race | 0.84422265 | 0.72653342 | 0 | 0 | 0.67566228 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0.28757689 | 0.17438467 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | -0.43676991 | -0.66944031 | - 0.69521309 | - 0.59634111 | -0.64200022 |
| Number of high school graduates | -0.27900742 | -0.34000783 | - 0.30488399 | - 0.38978861 | - 0.40470654 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0.41751117 | 0 | 0.57377285 | 0.34591373 | 0.30378152 |
| In North Central | 0 | 0.43363276 | 0.3493726 | 0.46592131 | 0.4097929 |
| In South | 0.58341809 | 0.68570497 | 0.53640855 | 0.78721729 | 0.74086117 |
| In West | 0.25339799 | 0.76575532 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income | 0.9284685 | 0.57597897 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income squared | -414.40798 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income to the third power | 0 | -129066.96 | 0 | -78790.184 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | -0.17943674 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by interest income | 0 | -46.036431 | -58.77454 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings to the fourth power | 0 | 0 | - 28014840 | 0 | -23139054 |
| Dividend income squared | 0 | 0 | 226710.38 | 247763.15 | 250397.68 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | -52.973594 | -57.680319 | - 58.450829 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 229.59829 | 125.85111 | - 1219.3399 | -1440.5015 | - 1563.1713 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | -54.916424 | -13.072783 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income | - 73.672288 | 0 | 0 | - 168.44299 | - 173.52071 |
| Interest income squared | 83108.135 | 88865.24 | 49651.893 | 103022.15 | 98259.634 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54.534241 | 58.114211 |
| Interest income by homeowner | 0 | -24.77237 | -63.437753 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 11349.027 | 90311.014 |
| Rental income to the third power | 0 | 0 | 14483645 | 8754816.2 | - 100441070 |
| Rental income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | -7.327717 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by interest income | 0 | - 1379.9284 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by homeowner | -9.8814909 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -21.756565 |
| Income eligible by multiple TANF units | -0.45791912 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by black head | 0 | -1.2578824 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | 0 | -0.71372738 | -0.62383776 | 0 | -0.55244233 |
| Income eligible by Hispanic head | 0 | 0.51339792 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0 | 0 | 0.4481561 | 0.83729981 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.23777048 |
| Income eligible by never married | 0 | 0.64779446 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by North Central | 0.49421022 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by West | 0 | -0.52774622 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by interest income | -78.040797 | - 38.240645 | 0 | -23.150086 | -21.540355 |
| Income eligible by rental income | 7.1707865 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Constant | 2.6411578 | 3.329297 | 3.0725897 | 3.3852516 | 3.3690039 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | New Mexico | New York | North Carolina | North Dakota | Ohio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homeowner | - 0.78420781 | -0.62450135 | - 0.81141189 | -0.59143582 | 0 |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0.74956995 | 0.69874445 | 0.72409352 | 2.2442859 | 0 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.52046387 | 0.60538555 | 0.75986657 | 0.79772758 | 0 |
| Head is other race | 0 | 0 | 1.0885327 | 0.94692394 | 0 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.27195319 | 0 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | -0.31710729 | -0.44808896 | -0.19292414 | -0.73712525 | 0.45976596 |
| Number of high school graduates | -0.69876294 | -0.81211327 | -0.43341774 | -0.3120431 | 0 |
| Number not in the labor force | -0.68137756 | -0.63306069 | 0 | 0 | -1.3680907 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0.35078729 | 0.33841116 | 0.29851019 | 0 | 0 |
| In North Central | 0 | 0.40616251 | 0.23311564 | 0.58737068 | 0 |
| In South | 0.58600527 | 0.44730519 | 0.91582766 | 0.74797407 | 0 |
| In West | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.38080677 | 0 |
| Number receiving general assistance | 1.4346955 | 1.6042066 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.8291087 |
| Gross income squared | -500.79838 | -421.02207 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0.52188063 | 0.40396696 | 0 | 0 | -1.7372454 |
| Gross income by interest income | 0 | -52.002789 | 0 | -44.56057 | 0 |
| Earnings | 0.62750508 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings to the third power | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 296891.01 |
| Earnings by high school graduates | -0.24244811 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings by interest income | -52.608831 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 25.426346 | 0 |
| Dividend income squared | 0 | 219946.75 | 0 | 33565.14 | 0 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | -101.03853 | -50.543186 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 0 | - 1203.1457 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | 93.385194 | 0 | -77.414815 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income | 0 | 0 | - 74.249996 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income squared | 0 | 44139.016 | 84685.231 | 90129.962 | 0 |
| Interest income by homeowner | - 89.446286 | -64.271816 | 0 | - 26.998808 | 0 |
| Rental income | - 35.313369 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 155590.82 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income to the third power | - 171955200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by interest income | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1013.6541 | 0 |
| Rental income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | - 11.939451 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by multiple TANF units | 0 | 0.43143077 | -0.6313734 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by homeowner | 0 | -0.24063035 | 0 | -0.46355592 | 0 |
| Income eligible by black head | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 1.7611412 | -0.73102859 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | -0.61362777 | -0.4753569 | -0.40942319 | -0.70228366 | 0 |
| Income eligible by Hispanic head | 0.45844735 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0.73351492 | 0.53299453 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 0 to 4 | 0.12605929 | 0.14681765 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0 | 0.12217444 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0.44993374 | 0.34251719 | 0 | 0.33110645 | 0 |
| Income eligible by never married | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.80099284 | 0 |
| Income eligible by North Central | 0.68787296 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | 0 | 0 | -0.53113227 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by West | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by gross income | -0.39107512 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by interest income | 0 | 0 | 0 | -40.747088 | 0 |
| Income eligible by rental income | 0 | 0 | 8.8246616 | 0 | 0 |
| Constant | 2.9800649 | 3.252483 | 2.9098029 | 3.620706 | 5.1318304 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Oklahoma | Oregon | Pennsylvania | Rhode Island | South Carolina |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size | 0 | - 1.2277336 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unit size squared | 0 | 41.666781 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Homeowner | -0.91300776 | -0.61598189 | -0.76211941 | -0.72266519 | -0.83643971 |
| Multiple TANF units in household | 0.40178363 | 0 | 0.2996628 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0.53647345 | 1.7228171 | 0.49027003 | 0.5977824 | 0.61459133 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.24673653 | 0.91358509 | 0.36539586 | 0.51955605 | 0.92301161 |
| Head is other race | 0 | 0.75004914 | 0 | 0 | 0.77314417 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 1.220576 | 0 | 0.1209235 | 0.21232512 |
| Number age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0.6531604 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | - 0.68669395 | 0 | -0.73219354 | -0.38130744 | - 0.38737224 |
| Number of high school graduates | -0.85469554 | 0 | -0.52713297 | - 0.67002128 | - 0.40034835 |
| Number not in the labor force | 0 | -0.47362763 | 0 | -0.28982223 | 0 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0.35922233 | 0 | 0.40411381 | 0.25152717 | 0.42529827 |
| In North Central | 0.81071986 | 0 | 0.4422 | 0.79089419 | 0.22214343 |
| In South | 0.43274824 | 0.31367231 | 0.47041234 | 0.58959805 | 1.0680049 |
| Number receiving general assistance | 1.6368448 | 0 | 1.5988277 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income | -1.4274031 | 0.48228416 | 0 | -0.54059065 | 0 |
| Gross income squared | 0 | 0 | -241.14071 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income to the fourth power | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -27155536 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0.77368041 | 0 | 0.17578352 | 0.29877231 | 0 |
| Gross income by interest income | - 74.347041 | -43.790392 | -64.619424 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings | 0.78313223 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings squared | 0 | - 303.39654 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings to the third power | 0 | 0 | 0 | -66709.969 | 0 |
| Earnings to the fourth power | -46265892 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings by high school graduates | -0.38486289 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income | 0 | -43.989938 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income squared | 905054.44 | 28599.051 | 966641.35 | 181586.57 | 0 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | - 665.65244 | 0 | - 705.47694 | -103.95848 | 0 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 1166.1307 | 0 | 1181.4945 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -59.718885 |
| Interest income | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 168.76092 | - 142.83074 |
| Interest income squared | 0 | 35507.903 | 0 | 202341.46 | 103943.55 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41.792102 |
| Interest income by homeowner | 0 | -47.229805 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 121340.02 |
| Rental income to the third power | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 132846720 |
| Rental income by interest income | 0 | -933.47258 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -28.996522 |
| Income eligible | 0 | -1.1516291 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by black head | 0 | - 1.1186057 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | -1.0599182 | -0.83249998 | -1.0072745 | -0.80241712 | -0.49170957 |
| Income eligible by Hispanic head | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0.51488197 | 0 | 0 | 0.57764781 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0 | 0.14386337 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0.39424024 | 0 | 0 | 0.12156934 |
| Income eligible by HS graduates | 0 | - 0.38143378 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0.18474134 | 0.80371292 | 0 | 0.23145834 | 0.24755663 |
| Income eligible by never married | 0 | 0.64394564 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by North Central | -0.43430295 | 0 | 0 | -0.39679942 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.66945082 |
| Income eligible by earnings | 0 | 0.48360921 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by dividend income | 0 | 22.795944 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by interest income | -95.928894 | 0 | - 104.58391 | 0 | -24.862667 |
| Constant | 3.6437143 | 5.3062059 | 3.1374293 | 3.1370067 | 2.918327 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | South Dakota | Tennessee | Texas | Utah | Vermont |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size | 0 | 0 | -0.13079745 | 0 | -1.0640495 |
| Unit size squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9.8924582 | 33.298491 |
| Homeowner | -1.0125693 | -0.95021074 | -0.90257871 | -0.90095315 | -0.77367105 |
| Multiple TANF units in household | 0 | 0.46333535 | 0.30429769 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0.72515116 | 0 | 0 | 0.68128368 | 0.54896567 |
| Head is Asian | 0 | -0.56961505 | -0.76052658 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0.83860673 | 0.39617317 | 0 | 0.95778851 | 0.86085346 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.98751327 |
| Number age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.74211925 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | -0.59277538 | -0.64741186 | 0 | -0.52598682 | 0 |
| Number of high school graduates | -0.53807304 | -0.79388885 | -0.85890116 | -0.45009538 | -0.19458765 |
| Number not in the labor force | 0 | 0 | -0.23553884 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0.34243979 | 0.45949555 | 0.2899671 | 0 | 0.358332 |
| In North Central | 0.48111851 | 0.37969802 | 0 | 0.35301657 | 0.48162537 |
| In South | 0.69524108 | 0.53621977 | 0.32164761 | 1.0222037 | 1.2137207 |
| In West | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.67854902 |
| Gross income | 0 | -0.46723878 | -1.2806538 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income to the third power | - 144666.56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0.19800575 | 0.36693022 | 0.65584583 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by interest income | 0 | -62.155325 | - 98.608625 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings | 0 | 0 | 1.1122559 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings squared | 0 | 0 | - 321.247 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings to the fourth power | 0 | -44668794 | 0 | -22884016 | -26050955 |
| Earnings by high school graduates | 0 | 0 | -0.25506701 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income | 0 | 0 | -616.65633 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income squared | 245980.37 | 95189.245 | 61263.662 | 235187.94 | 0 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | -57.194043 | -43.821725 | 0 | - 78.072849 | -74.118601 |
| Dividend income by interest income | -1346.5731 | 0 | 0 | -2949.1919 | 0 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 577.36754 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest income | - 150.84747 | 0 | 0 | - 167.08473 | - 160.25224 |
| Interest income squared | 178926.63 | 0 | 0 | 98119.423 | 99480.1 |
| Interest income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54.832551 | 50.740151 |
| Rental income squared | 138577.21 | 0 | 0 | 93921.885 | 128717.8 |
| Rental income to the third power | - 153891830 | 17334931 | 0 | - 104990510 | -139863680 |
| Rental income by HS graduates | 0 | -6.5590405 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by homeowner | - 31.104443 | 0 | 0 | -22.417174 | - 30.123899 |
| Income eligible by unit size | 0 | 0 | - 1.4463162 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0.24257055 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by black head | 0 | 0.73926895 | 0.58044343 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.57935463 | -0.42211913 |
| Income eligible by Hispanic head | 0 | 0 | 0.6007603 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0.92270791 | 0 | 1.1097537 | 0.87923354 | 0.6255591 |
| Income eligible by age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0.12475147 | 1.7409882 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 5 to 17 | 0 | 0 | 1.6428039 | 0 | 0.18256716 |
| Income eligible by number of adults | 0 | 0 | 1.13705 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0.21526108 | 0 | 0.45057838 | 0.27548336 | 0 |
| Income eligible by never married | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.41699774 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0.4450725 | -0.64417956 |
| Income eligible by West | 0 | 0 | -0.32871265 | 0 | -0.52412507 |
| Income eligible by earnings | 0 | 0 | -0.22223033 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by dividend income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41.221296 | 57.499457 |
| Income eligible by interest income | 0 | -99.861485 | -97.907086 | -21.02931 | - 18.570468 |
| Constant | 3.4935863 | 3.6497401 | 2.6230425 | 3.2702317 | 3.5100444 |

Table A. 8 (continued)

| (All variables refer to TANF unit) | Virginia | Washington | West Virginia | Wisconsin | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit size | 1.2844672 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.88731793 |
| Unit size squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12.8888 | 0 |
| Homeowner | 0 | -0.77693415 | -0.70116779 | -0.72686212 | -0.83091394 |
| Multiple TANF units in household | 0 | 0.40814222 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Head is African American/ Black | 0 | 0.47527191 | 0.61755238 | 0.41579062 | 0.5909654 |
| Head is Asian | 0 | 0 | -0.36700932 | -0.37310695 | -0.47150222 |
| Head is Hispanic | 0 | 0.30321653 | 0.4047051 | 0.58792676 | 0.75754023 |
| Head is other race | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.50653564 | 0.45511469 |
| Number age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.1060219 |
| Number age 5 to 17 | -0.96466165 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.97148485 |
| Number of nonelderly adults | 0 | -0.56011122 | -0.71507604 | -0.65265468 | 0.26341989 |
| Number of high school graduates | 0 | -0.72482897 | -0.46075727 | -0.35356598 | -0.23599531 |
| Number not in the labor force | 0 | -0.17689879 | 0 | -0.19761079 | 0 |
| Number of never-married adults | 0 | 0.33056868 | 0.39539468 | 0.3461549 | 0.39759174 |
| In North Central | 0 | 0.81432733 | 0.37676135 | 0.41017004 | 0.22746474 |
| In South | 0 | 0.44203839 | 0.48653487 | 0.47571784 | 0.98026921 |
| Number receiving general assistance | 0 | 1.8672455 | 1.5580664 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income | 0 | -4.098226 | 0.46464915 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income squared | 1839.6278 | 8044.6703 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income to the third power | 0 | - 5982100.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income to the fourth power | 0 | 1386696000 | -76483040 | 0 | -25067578 |
| Gross income by HS graduates | 0 | 0.32538911 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross income by interest income | 0 | - 74.291242 | 0 | -62.493886 | 0 |
| Gross income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | -0.22807967 | 0 | 0 |
| Earnings by high school graduates | -1.8674443 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend income squared | 0 | 912226.93 | 71509.936 | 210180.36 | 0 |
| Dividend income by HS graduates | 0 | -669.20056 | - 36.167192 | -48.073118 | 0 |
| Dividend income by interest income | 0 | 1153.951 | 0 | - 1483.5563 | 0 |
| Dividend income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -55.536756 |
| Interest income | 0 | 0 | - 148.71881 | 0 | - 86.201515 |
| Interest income squared | 0 | 0 | 177393.63 | 53710.394 | 100257.92 |
| Interest income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 69.68644 | 0 |
| Rental income squared | 0 | 0 | 0 | 141468.67 | 114174.74 |
| Rental income to the third power | 0 | 0 | 9224481.9 | - 149706140 | - 127682850 |
| Rental income by HS graduates | 0 | 0 | -5.2679865 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental income by homeowner | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 33.450208 | -26.314633 |
| Income eligible by multiple TANF units | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.39852239 | 0.38108172 |
| Income eligible by Asian head | 0 | - 1.0139243 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by other race head | 0 | 0.57377482 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by age 0 to 4 | 0 | 0.12366004 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by not in labor force | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.37564877 |
| Income eligible by North Central | 0 | -0.41754491 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Income eligible by South | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -0.53737552 |
| Income eligible by interest income | 0 | -90.040157 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Constant | 3.606075 | 3.3831928 | 3.0778063 | 3.1103784 | 2.9909055 |

[^3]Table A.9. TANF Benefit Equation Coefficients

| (Variables refer to TANF unit) | Alabama | Alaska | Arizona | Arkansas | California | Colorado | Connecticut | Delaware |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 person | 20.14896327 | 77.10100537 | 47.87995623 | 44.10701055 | 64.13691755 | 69.6091721 | 82.75962672 | 37.19006634 |
| 2 people | -13.12223507 | 45.77581924 | 64.28392379 | 31.98852705 | 33.3616004 | -33.67449419 | 15.22414244 | -11.74981528 |
| 3 people | - 3.996921541 | 45.42386492 | 71.30001625 | 6.37554763 | 38.85402527 | -23.65866014 | -21.40678453 | -57.79028457 |
| 4 people | -0.969798744 | 79.71942956 | 49.74644612 | -17.26759676 | 33.3323873 | 16.64457872 | -16.45470407 | -46.74844309 |
| 5 people | 43.00171142 | -8.042895885 | 2.609038599 | -15.39384617 | 52.28559269 | -8.980417175 | -23.60318016 | -83.6165335 |
| Have earnings | - 39.05893257 | -143.2121044 | -76.34289296 | 63.98577882 | 2.610244904 | -66.81571012 | 65.97309306 | 19.37959837 |
| Receive child support | - 89.30046772 | 65.62438831 | - 12.90668478 | -99.25595022 | 17.69213335 | -3.544708176 | - 34.40822299 | - 38.41867822 |
| Earnings | 0.040644032 | -0.222575469 | -0.08073586 | -0.061830157 | -0.255771919 | -0.180692726 | 0.029420268 | -0.132053481 |
| Child support | 0.186057423 | -0.583617056 | 0.053337497 | 0.160473267 | -0.500621505 | -0.018751015 | -0.032366958 | 0.386767172 |
| Other income | -0.244771101 | -0.345044197 | -0.136133408 | -0.074861678 | -0.193693267 | -0.047206956 | -0.420133469 | -0.321600019 |
| Child only | 56.25068471 | -221.5875575 | 50.05249641 | 50.65783365 | 3.583129704 | -52.1009026 | 95.1494389 | 118.6897734 |
| Child under age 1 | 36.67877534 | 101.3435936 | - 34.61428252 | 15.11475697 | -29.7077842 | -8.500373676 | -64.22833396 | 9.031134395 |
| Child under age 2 | 16.46473097 | -128.1422246 | 2.062106288 | 9.514551373 | 19.92175286 | 5.371202054 | 9.416728246 | -16.23073083 |
| Child under age 3 | - 7.44519879 | 82.19072028 | -28.16665733 | - 11.92386979 | -25.04571027 | -2.632878534 | -9.674441959 | 14.16452912 |
| Child under age 4 | 10.79308927 | 47.11922182 | - 39.96471938 | -28.50803893 | -29.42236877 | -8.807186112 | 17.93344749 | - 1.8611917 |
| Child under age 5 | -53.30708207 | -88.38730674 | 39.73600495 | 4.402241698 | 25.17401438 | 5.456957175 | 30.82955446 | - 36.99077366 |
| Child under age 6 | 18.9253635 | 24.10724239 | -40.68312093 | -4.230565761 | - 38.17231137 | -0.365564588 | -21.33306296 | - 12.71426098 |
| Adult age 18 to 24 | 10.99701763 | -75.45556708 | 33.23939955 | -15.27819055 | 16.07007406 | 2.570752354 | 14.08692893 | -21.81315496 |
| Adult age 55 or older | -20.96270651 | 75.49418613 | -44.44906825 | -78.94704585 | 26.91639902 | 13.21939326 | -160.3904466 | 112.8166816 |
| Adult age 60 or older | -17.85038757 | -85.88941586 | 74.08255798 | 39.32850935 | 56.97868299 | 13.12724532 | 218.6907442 | -136.3024381 |
| Adult age 65 or older | 0 | -229.7274674 | 49.51037547 | 56.01634941 | -15.75646928 | 0 | 100.1751661 | 77.94705276 |
| Multiple adults | -0.193655724 | -109.1557776 | 1.48028566 | -60.20928959 | - 118.4951411 | -0.745816801 | -22.73964657 | 72.3712239 |
| No earnings, child | 0 | 2.058533957 | 20.97191221 | 19.26104022 | 24.04026887 | 0 | 150.6879303 | 113.1712738 |
| No earnings, no child under age 1 | 24.48761882 | 11.3738703 | -1.824985423 | 0.403230551 | -2.023632515 | -7.280080254 | -102.1203804 | -35.31353835 |
| No earnings, no child under age 2 | 53.66362898 | -41.02324253 | -22.78827201 | 51.10812276 | 33.83954263 | 3.771972295 | 8.383972076 | 48.43452895 |
| No earnings, no child under age 3 | - 59.69339856 | -10.06740464 | 53.83577051 | -27.56200929 | - 39.90004867 | 5.963137316 | 15.77489988 | -34.00467304 |
| No earnings, no child under age 4 | 14.54640919 | 90.01197143 | -55.57682985 | -19.55614679 | -5.804386858 | -9.468886196 | -29.84625508 | 8.490595532 |
| No earnings, no child under age 5 | 5.758266695 | -51.82558409 | 56.24203861 | 39.86646053 | 88.72393951 | -5.7188126 | 104.5713288 | -39.16037376 |
| No earnings, no child under age 6 | -2.591118044 | 7.52357482 | -57.96735506 | -46.99747529 | -93.86332535 | 0.762483107 | -38.78686295 | 23.44124908 |
| No earnings, multiple adults | -27.26237209 | -19.10373069 | 1.649059934 | 40.34740301 | 142.1391985 | 26.98948918 | 63.23056696 | -113.1365211 |
| Constant | 228.1116702 | 574.806449 | 210.3699007 | 99.25726164 | 441.6345551 | 175.2650809 | 214.1156989 | 270.7154799 |

Table A. 9 (continued)

| (Variables refer to TANF unit) | District of Columbia | Florida | Georgia | Hawaii | Idaho | Illinois | Indiana | Iowa |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 person | 55.65103731 | 39.94111089 | 38.13422233 | 96.33708834 | 14.39963719 | 55.97424045 | 1.074941846 | 42.80802656 |
| 2 people | - 34.57024493 | -22.25478107 | 25.35642344 | 7.069424679 | 6.292928286 | 34.88359556 | -84.64962069 | 71.95988295 |
| 3 people | - 73.19202091 | -25.99518777 | 16.31535567 | 0.434632356 | 11.4624219 | 45.91778382 | -87.43370099 | 44.43834766 |
| 4 people | -58.35737906 | - 29.66511895 | 26.00062221 | 39.16332731 | 48.72674691 | 37.87718469 | -49.77319092 | 61.08495776 |
| 5 people | -95.84074954 | 0.934208875 | 34.67174676 | 79.37728373 | -81.42877969 | 28.17065477 | -7.475845089 | 3.841781727 |
| Have earnings | -160.9757435 | -251.4405794 | -88.48481592 | -234.8030136 | -127.0593201 | 63.37134488 | 112.5629125 | 76.17322145 |
| Receive child support | - 153.7401299 | -4.374263849 | -1.328465137 | -4.395580932 | -25.54318375 | 5.394300379 | -63.59166813 | -29.02106296 |
| Earnings | - 0.035804857 | -0.006317546 | -0.021188097 | -0.39064622 | 0.066088324 | -0.262831733 | -0.028176536 | -0.110117218 |
| Child support | 0.225840088 | 0.020896302 | 0.005204916 | - 0.668127267 | 0.055120455 | -0.11103284 | -0.00621982 | 0.169430119 |
| Other income | - 0.453905019 | - 0.103408568 | - 0.140001195 | -0.620667673 | -0.483744565 | -0.110941525 | - 0.019278722 | -0.235368262 |
| Child only | 89.94765978 | -147.9701801 | 16.01550783 | - 104.9292042 | 189.9762737 | - 33.64184398 | 106.9458863 | 327.603186 |
| Child under age 1 | 77.90469963 | 25.47465634 | -16.60229263 | 54.2974681 | -58.15650671 | 11.01464319 | 20.04927247 | -22.94741328 |
| Child under age 2 | -1.560977158 | -23.31753582 | 7.085872812 | -24.35311347 | - 30.87892136 | -5.483850946 | 7.674982296 | 63.4988569 |
| Child under age 3 | 7.475564101 | 31.85533065 | -9.593498452 | -15.24749476 | 10.56651864 | 13.42365147 | -27.13392448 | -41.13456588 |
| Child under age 4 | 11.34371812 | 21.07009026 | 18.32464944 | 61.21311867 | 51.61371436 | 4.628020239 | 11.37215403 | 30.25477609 |
| Child under age 5 | 31.08928823 | -69.9582279 | 29.46093132 | -55.59043479 | -63.04201251 | 15.01653042 | -21.02787487 | 5.80792009 |
| Child under age 6 | -46.95187317 | 9.415191371 | -47.95560397 | - 32.65928946 | 50.26314583 | -28.07383236 | 17.52905232 | -27.03242604 |
| Adult age 18 to 24 | 21.54202016 | -18.29558774 | 11.71269668 | 31.46603882 | -21.34479193 | - 19.29085063 | 9.478860882 | 1.31969293 |
| Adult age 55 or older | -60.40278318 | 52.33764178 | -28.67749604 | 124.0995209 | - 38.29089257 | -58.75326429 | 29.0942244 | 28.43471806 |
| Adult age 60 or older | - 0.189258233 | 25.46741404 | - 72.42490155 | -268.1051867 | -56.10431508 | 85.36748306 | 18.95019508 | 61.81623762 |
| Adult age 65 or older | 26.62013287 | -129.0628099 | 128.3868982 | 420.1486381 | -27.62895747 | -22.26685248 | -119.8174999 | -199.656243 |
| Multiple adults | 35.34051026 | -11.60957867 | -138.2907055 | - 16.68370756 | 47.14016047 | -9.721434655 | 77.4686396 | -25.76780779 |
| No earnings, child | 0 | -201.047649 | -43.14889122 | -166.5594294 | 253.4065635 | 97.39006434 | 193.7843577 | 301.5114555 |
| No earnings, no child under age 1 | 98.5202473 | 62.66918958 | -2.987267549 | 66.09039536 | -56.70935416 | 28.78390811 | 71.7705083 | -22.66103104 |
| No earnings, no child under age 2 | 9.070892989 | -16.95610944 | 47.74548981 | 9.509355277 | -86.55952967 | -0.191446574 | -42.10791545 | 38.33798648 |
| No earnings, no child under age 3 | 24.06593981 | -46.34401304 | -19.821087 | -63.00568967 | 94.96144531 | 24.96283942 | -37.24551331 | -13.37101225 |
| No earnings, no child under age 4 | 16.02533657 | 25.33021372 | -42.70097942 | 87.85367898 | -20.25317252 | 6.609946256 | 42.17704392 | 15.39393394 |
| No earnings, no child under age 5 | 1.018648072 | - 38.16066102 | 130.6288978 | - 30.08441058 | -80.06274566 | - 16.62038412 | -22.02052534 | -4.615298405 |
| No earnings, no child under age 6 | -81.3595727 | 34.69921319 | - 104.8280057 | -52.33209055 | 31.1177921 | -81.62327721 | 5.730452695 | - 34.07850775 |
| No earnings, multiple adults | 12.84403973 | 32.6049036 | 0.264211946 | - 30.19723538 | 246.6813267 | -54.8693538 | - 13.28817242 | 47.98657273 |
| Constant | 399.1477243 | 408.5091797 | 219.6644696 | 615.9789623 | 293.5614794 | 82.45225201 | 171.6356292 | 87.8720971 |

Table A. 9 (continued)

| (Variables refer to TANF unit) | Kansas | Kentucky | Louisiana | Maine | Maryland | Massachusetts | Michigan | Minnesota |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 person | 75.06533001 | 24.11156651 | 37.54956799 | 107.2459793 | 78.04279682 | 85.30022788 | 99.74100937 | 70.3414929 |
| 2 people | 23.45098731 | - 31.82727125 | 25.72737108 | 22.42615512 | 51.02451179 | 8.464535407 | 63.86277716 | 48.86756338 |
| 3 people | 26.12715053 | -40.34659807 | - 7.07199425 | 6.14823171 | 39.45260368 | - 14.59436034 | 77.18440184 | 35.82255557 |
| 4 people | 7.748244203 | 0.037182439 | 11.36948367 | 43.51741647 | 34.53835092 | -48.08771115 | 15.26560838 | 3.250522867 |
| 5 people | 1.87403991 | -28.60385959 | -4.424420829 | 13.78391439 | 43.91665705 | -63.3947044 | -44.98087906 | 15.78120637 |
| Have earnings | - 112.7732332 | - 10.27375004 | -113.13953 | 21.0566791 | -209.0726734 | 54.57647406 | -161.1995373 | -51.64285254 |
| Receive child support | 4.534310919 | - 1.349882914 | -14.79291955 | - 1.357119936 | -15.17737252 | -9.913529696 | -7.002807953 | -153.5771347 |
| Earnings | - 0.104513327 | - 0.084439224 | -0.075186016 | - 0.242512914 | -0.016710445 | -0.144634277 | -0.11233811 | - 0.093032723 |
| Child support | - 0.020077275 | 0.003793267 | 0.084181711 | - 0.020016009 | - 0.003043119 | 0.029915903 | -0.130568208 | - 0.099278006 |
| Other income | -0.088477021 | 0.166186848 | -1.989040301 | -0.556614528 | - 0.24465846 | -0.371098155 | -0.333713709 | -0.067373165 |
| Child only | -63.87038972 | 112.7146084 | 0 | -155.0639305 | 32.42903633 | 146.1370699 | - 93.88883465 | -23.12461168 |
| Child under age 1 | -29.59124509 | 16.68501149 | 52.03869337 | 51.13115433 | 69.18654153 | 34.72205226 | 37.96852694 | - 10.6553925 |
| Child under age 2 | 39.88446375 | -16.49941586 | - 147.6955122 | 13.19880255 | -51.5321685 | -2.333178458 | 45.6093098 | 19.57697058 |
| Child under age 3 | -50.25364746 | 7.423173978 | 90.4325555 | -33.93691547 | -17.13061494 | 9.333428011 | - 38.98289873 | -5.062403157 |
| Child under age 4 | 2.992570399 | -23.43431999 | - 10.06243469 | 11.57707067 | 31.53777827 | -13.78453893 | 6.535258591 | 9.484405466 |
| Child under age 5 | 45.28401414 | 4.315332083 | -42.13177173 | 18.47772262 | -6.070539854 | 9.816921306 | - 59.59433481 | - 38.14287898 |
| Child under age 6 | -56.5708436 | 45.49615345 | 35.64981993 | -13.38947222 | 6.847310904 | 14.7329499 | 62.02233448 | 51.61294354 |
| Adult age 18 to 24 | -0.64628159 | 18.81565027 | 12.71137758 | 15.79651533 | 13.93980055 | -2.642801314 | 18.10575998 | -21.32576074 |
| Adult age 55 or older | -84.34701531 | -66.49887869 | 13.71793698 | -28.68242598 | -87.4972595 | 70.42856166 | 194.0770605 | - 45.94180242 |
| Adult age 60 or older | -131.6851511 | 3.485028609 | -1.010484748 | - 39.01998594 | 59.05248564 | -13.94403964 | - 400.9531756 | 241.7181894 |
| Adult age 65 or older | 251.7193026 | -240.4617176 | 0 | 80.80079257 | 112.7613843 | 0 | 220.2912105 | -95.32574158 |
| Multiple adults | -53.44431272 | 30.07924932 | 125.7968071 | -24.60275031 | - 107.2488039 | - 124.8895349 | -72.7054706 | -125.3646493 |
| No earnings, child | 2.599803436 | 75.761103 | 7.409504477 | 102.3316362 | 0 | 103.0058664 | -21.48058777 | 47.22973376 |
| No earnings, no child under age 1 | -31.20022375 | 8.817449399 | 70.08097847 | 120.5592016 | 44.84359687 | 17.6871065 | 167.8982556 | 3.758721233 |
| No earnings, no child under age 2 | 43.6738233 | - 10.55593611 | -147.1741623 | -129.5142579 | -42.296823 | 21.57918791 | -67.68983813 | 3.466765707 |
| No earnings, no child under age 3 | -57.44089832 | 7.24916282 | 77.64582128 | -13.95916438 | 4.131897431 | -2.678954821 | 3.909731965 | -34.49980002 |
| No earnings, no child under age 4 | 21.06745028 | 13.73014122 | -0.724792051 | -24.17837006 | 23.56603284 | -25.00552092 | 43.10804284 | 43.15919117 |
| No earnings, no child under age 5 | 31.39967903 | -9.963439535 | 101.4898887 | 119.0581497 | -44.59303324 | 23.39323569 | -111.0269535 | -57.09331029 |
| No earnings, no child under age 6 | - 59.75031375 | 28.90457639 | -164.7416175 | -21.43706782 | 26.16654605 | -5.046355046 | 68.79598484 | 4.722897795 |
| No earnings, multiple adults | 58.92697695 | -41.98818126 | -67.07918759 | -62.11775181 | 153.919358 | 184.0732823 | 57.49476315 | 122.2878964 |
| Constant | 168.1287521 | 191.3079663 | 311.4283291 | 200.1385688 | 208.1874939 | 213.4878772 | 213.1243434 | 216.7524011 |

Table A. 9 (continued)

| (Variables refer to TANF unit) | Mississippi | Missouri | Montana | Nebraska | Nevada | New Hampshire | New Jersey | New Mexico |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 person | 31.17203296 | 42.79818517 | 75.22387478 | 54.96164044 | 8.996167521 | 52.68533179 | 48.0795978 | 81.53762532 |
| 2 people | 6.200525874 | 34.41309905 | -25.45414507 | -44.4056627 | -26.26574658 | 12.27324115 | 35.06283496 | 22.587267 |
| 3 people | - 20.88416188 | 22.83907807 | -1.454631198 | -27.62033848 | -24.57573385 | -9.963634191 | 3.241247902 | 27.04735984 |
| 4 people | -41.42228305 | - 0.337881441 | - 33.81329166 | -64.61934977 | -1.865814215 | 15.88960136 | -8.340412532 | 29.83934132 |
| 5 people | -51.22782201 | 13.24926184 | -50.30673464 | - 59.27402889 | 45.27712809 | 13.92553027 | -45.60791701 | -24.33952482 |
| Have earnings | -29.08623728 | -59.08601942 | -49.77592817 | - 12.82503541 | -200.2446083 | - 384.9062945 | 49.77271095 | - 109.7930733 |
| Receive child support | - 51.09381848 | -51.69810141 | 2.900426323 | -43.90091866 | -126.947781 | - 70.15916366 | -21.99980745 | -46.07787182 |
| Earnings | 0.024194038 | - 0.037837276 | -0.192224524 | -0.282621766 | 0.041058558 | - 0.033579819 | -0.064462751 | - 0.051579398 |
| Child support | 0.471920546 | 0.007514061 | 0.03548942 | 0.035639531 | 0.056044396 | 0.058515983 | 0.073837519 | -0.329525397 |
| Other income | - 0.224088525 | 0.025664826 | - 0.019053457 | -0.428099347 | - 0.083850545 | -0.112616262 | -0.396682059 | -0.315088752 |
| Child only | 63.02261601 | 64.58546939 | 44.65481529 | 23.96159685 | - 17.01988263 | - 115.1251922 | 229.2180674 | 110.5949322 |
| Child under age 1 | - 3.518867434 | -8.380246509 | - 14.05991806 | -0.354433578 | -86.15364938 | -0.929042133 | -17.17362165 | 16.39872456 |
| Child under age 2 | 5.077706712 | 14.33970494 | 62.81895472 | -8.970458893 | 62.98534937 | -56.14290836 | -9.486992308 | -25.25829537 |
| Child under age 3 | - 31.88698842 | - 32.78143175 | - 23.45813201 | 10.09810248 | -10.36972061 | 10.53425702 | 51.76910218 | 17.5474642 |
| Child under age 4 | 15.44440943 | 84.51268926 | 0.60530851 | - 7.221685654 | 49.08705766 | -17.07466239 | -31.29751071 | - 71.28206499 |
| Child under age 5 | -6.136671599 | -66.74251132 | 7.472571797 | -25.57209208 | -91.26918266 | 64.52248936 | 4.294361069 | 118.0446701 |
| Child under age 6 | 22.08741112 | -8.017521513 | -20.6354715 | - 11.6877559 | 23.44579404 | -43.51852454 | -23.21544367 | -65.49190855 |
| Adult age 18 to 24 | 2.905309485 | 3.252668881 | -11.7437609 | -15.96093852 | -8.399633409 | 7.420420537 | 1.814638663 | - 17.48384812 |
| Adult age 55 or older | -107.7572952 | -56.36297712 | -110.3553878 | 193.6405858 | - 18.05565391 | -58.37306003 | -1.756276253 | 100.925072 |
| Adult age 60 or older | 72.42080263 | -6.584550467 | 49.73385172 | -17.8659652 | -3.010360327 | -8.609893703 | -33.53000627 | -73.20639292 |
| Adult age 65 or older | 110.324999 | -213.6693951 | 51.70718384 | -120.3835926 | 0 | - 107.1270294 | 174.1336416 | -6.872059474 |
| Multiple adults | -111.3481147 | -157.6885709 | -29.60577106 | 2.718659104 | 170.6036023 | 64.56904391 | 58.46850566 | -43.6895861 |
| No earnings, child | 0 | 66.14630204 | 51.77507525 | 57.35537235 | -26.77829107 | - 127.1511172 | 259.1569241 | 127.0769339 |
| No earnings, no child under age 1 | 45.35845575 | -21.78204591 | -10.21825664 | -41.79832118 | -82.8201656 | 7.710411234 | 17.89961537 | -42.42063969 |
| No earnings, no child under age 2 | 10.77391796 | -1.205419905 | 27.90069622 | 56.66672518 | - 6.904821669 | -58.26992256 | -30.71700556 | -44.96503708 |
| No earnings, no child under age 3 | -29.73672806 | -46.06642069 | -31.35449812 | 61.81032138 | 55.05574543 | -44.08434991 | 66.79197884 | 38.89828496 |
| No earnings, no child under age 4 | 3.628730684 | 72.5715121 | -9.985144821 | -88.97561429 | 10.25625238 | -2.389819873 | -64.80597857 | -132.1599263 |
| No earnings, no child under age 5 | 11.87261212 | -61.06260132 | 25.75444125 | 46.07909662 | -61.19721579 | 142.9307216 | 91.1012083 | 183.2169387 |
| No earnings, no child under age 6 | -0.597342239 | -8.067148966 | 11.23547144 | -64.28193857 | 11.19832982 | -99.26611041 | -51.17691884 | - 90.46478175 |
| No earnings, multiple adults | 174.1816516 | 186.543726 | 64.55340238 | 111.2513227 | -97.75364195 | -43.93886781 | 51.00363761 | -48.74430497 |
| Constant | 110.4040515 | 216.093528 | 187.9456212 | 346.830693 | 488.849378 | 616.0384678 | 72.17327422 | 202.8703868 |

Table A. 9 (continued)

| (Variables refer to TANF unit) | New York | North Carolina | North Dakota | Ohio | Oklahoma | Oregon | Pennsylvania | Rhode Island |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 person | 83.20790462 | 16.19504021 | 68.47385475 | 41.55426835 | 52.18507361 | 94.88413104 | 77.87411938 | 72.2499626 |
| 2 people | - 14.75010676 | - 3.608958695 | 22.96158822 | - 2.264609882 | 27.47299452 | -24.47403785 | 21.43977348 | 13.55484575 |
| 3 people | 38.25918817 | -13.16430424 | 23.96852986 | -4.580260336 | 19.99667909 | 32.63181694 | 19.0150419 | 9.063438884 |
| 4 people | 16.51676492 | -27.20407352 | 23.03708044 | 16.11874277 | 37.91959707 | 24.40082314 | 8.459781534 | - 12.94235804 |
| 5 people | 47.14596566 | -25.88078379 | 9.597820927 | -49.26611826 | -43.58065659 | 70.14654729 | -29.56355052 | 2.093980872 |
| Have earnings | 114.3826171 | - 103.4940043 | - 35.90746979 | -83.606323 | - 10.96180157 | -225.6882198 | - 160.2778265 | - 109.7950337 |
| Receive child support | -10.36455148 | -65.92848747 | - 150.4016247 | 131.5561294 | 20.5682371 | -24.00784612 | 11.66540661 | -58.04575903 |
| Earnings | - 0.122117837 | 0.063594064 | -0.033209224 | - 0.064429485 | -0.001672264 | - 0.142432692 | -0.192296196 | - 0.199029348 |
| Child support | -0.06610329 | 0.111026123 | 0.495848423 | -2.100525603 | - 0.036940462 | 0.010629963 | -0.321075601 | 0.090364497 |
| Other income | -0.130943848 | -0.210456432 | -0.286306482 | - 0.305296593 | - 0.092344397 | - 0.353291424 | - 0.184288436 | -0.146529639 |
| Child only | 226.3273839 | 32.19617504 | - 29.73207945 | 77.98490107 | 34.73928313 | - 311.6000594 | 32.82880677 | 9.772415257 |
| Child under age 1 | -74.79929836 | - 32.2118551 | 10.94821481 | - 14.64433092 | 15.68484788 | 46.58737015 | 29.25046853 | 50.25838272 |
| Child under age 2 | 51.60317612 | 37.90996398 | -60.15023689 | 0.674668557 | 3.994160467 | -77.58652051 | 0.397993161 | 10.82270559 |
| Child under age 3 | -3.326366183 | -53.18859605 | 133.8091955 | - 18.35698328 | - 2.56167559 | 19.86375183 | - 10.72527857 | 0.182900329 |
| Child under age 4 | 11.01021956 | 51.08614025 | -95.39058613 | -25.86195257 | 3.067703886 | 22.73852267 | 8.643172939 | 5.763040176 |
| Child under age 5 | -69.81074367 | - 39.07060952 | -7.786208496 | -20.0619536 | 4.821945675 | 21.2955559 | - 10.46036715 | -6.580920522 |
| Child under age 6 | 89.27378072 | 27.26299489 | - 4.521124255 | 54.6920815 | - 0.626431088 | - 36.01259846 | - 12.97030356 | 0.374394075 |
| Adult age 18 to 24 | -57.27474194 | -7.452693071 | -2.484245108 | - 18.41791546 | - 16.03207735 | -20.44973974 | -12.23726837 | 6.905964282 |
| Adult age 55 or older | - 35.57193323 | 104.3350292 | -87.15778201 | 26.50281609 | 21.47015533 | -103.9044392 | 2.300084709 | -96.61438485 |
| Adult age 60 or older | 108.3555917 | - 37.18035703 | 169.1057074 | 99.63778797 | - 70.35111937 | 74.21879332 | - 130.818547 | 91.55726407 |
| Adult age 65 or older | -12.22412106 | 36.3206127 | 0 | -20.17665126 | -11.29463765 | 66.60311181 | 149.6479362 | 152.4567289 |
| Multiple adults | -75.37503939 | 91.69102007 | 49.56363895 | - 7.716340112 | 92.623392 | -23.01827394 | -42.37027385 | -1.093096479 |
| No earnings, child | 215.5197546 | 47.80144986 | 54.64420629 | 68.40719424 | 166.2874964 | -169.7773387 | 64.23016825 | -16.07633914 |
| No earnings, no child under age 1 | -88.8094302 | -18.54716372 | -4.684883373 | 45.39422792 | 18.18102353 | 38.78880148 | 15.31799018 | 37.18223914 |
| No earnings, no child under age 2 | 26.35056529 | 46.52793533 | -62.27033224 | 43.98078263 | - 70.18424933 | -74.86066181 | -29.83986689 | - 31.97687937 |
| No earnings, no child under age 3 | 21.09877627 | -46.30935212 | 168.8512592 | -61.15888829 | 50.47397873 | -22.01644149 | - 37.70295447 | -6.863970834 |
| No earnings, no child under age 4 | 31.71279322 | 9.05567242 | -94.9917962 | 49.83002882 | -63.36080996 | 45.88355965 | 13.60028246 | 69.80714816 |
| No earnings, no child under age 5 | -55.72705357 | 9.841251056 | 4.438705996 | - 34.42593594 | 91.89111602 | 44.89813714 | 24.93170449 | -52.74187466 |
| No earnings, no child under age 6 | 76.82333459 | 1.015491434 | -2.505228087 | -41.34590674 | -61.86489853 | -61.82643412 | - 31.69193877 | -14.97425897 |
| No earnings, multiple adults | 108.7753968 | -29.25446953 | 20.84708527 | 19.84015883 | -106.3304701 | 16.47009928 | 7.849386779 | 7.549064473 |
| Constant | 51.5002814 | 243.4585904 | 127.561827 | 367.7046609 | -1.636003329 | 449.5709395 | 218.786915 | 352.5688189 |

Table A. 9 (continued)

| (Variables refer to TANF unit) | South Carolina | South Dakota | Tennessee | Texas | Utah | Vermont | Virginia | Washington |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 person | 26.30547472 | 54.0612969 | 10.3625118 | 20.33117648 | 65.61677489 | 53.38515843 | 25.61232616 | 73.35520298 |
| 2 people | - 3.616845192 | 11.94158346 | - 38.79646887 | 12.66367976 | 36.01718311 | 8.902613155 | -5.059554773 | -16.43468657 |
| 3 people | - 9.670085477 | 5.708637907 | - 40.25358158 | 14.10164327 | 34.64452942 | 16.30164023 | 17.63898843 | - 33.85851537 |
| 4 people | - 15.99420803 | 0.071317667 | -44.31537342 | 25.05428598 | 30.65408555 | 60.55028167 | 40.87084277 | -23.94813967 |
| 5 people | - 37.76388671 | 60.26829677 | -42.00479226 | 63.0553034 | 15.97984702 | 13.84516703 | 13.59330738 | 7.570646197 |
| Have earnings | -58.70379162 | -109.3248759 | 90.66926659 | -4.920816145 | -56.1254893 | 71.72030652 | -76.01005329 | -230.602223 |
| Receive child support | - 13.09576828 | 7.31609001 | - 5.161588732 | -7.254897981 | - 6.472969141 | 10.17729595 | 35.91555009 | -24.79850727 |
| Earnings | - 0.024551515 | - 0.148743664 | -0.116967589 | - 0.002505801 | -0.301429677 | - 0.167038707 | 0.017882148 | -0.281297749 |
| Child support | - 0.130261331 | 0.003659038 | 0.018634919 | 0.006500736 | 0.088163436 | 0.957383025 | - 0.026893753 | 0.073581725 |
| Other income | -0.249601157 | -0.203973752 | -0.110995264 | - 0.054184983 | - 0.414975779 | - 0.400322125 | - 0.026602023 | -0.328802504 |
| Child only | 73.376732 | -60.07173956 | 62.03651131 | -63.42589881 | 147.3881535 | 182.689718 | -47.29377357 | 50.09401383 |
| Child under age 1 | - 14.82520629 | - 17.27116428 | -13.70994762 | 1.756679837 | 22.79728595 | 35.55268962 | -26.68404292 | -7.335549908 |
| Child under age 2 | 16.38555536 | 7.473732961 | 6.029962476 | -2.196848978 | -15.30600512 | -29.05263631 | - 38.87539807 | - 33.44762314 |
| Child under age 3 | 6.52619811 | - 40.45902742 | -6.796921518 | - 3.531987314 | -15.78129145 | 61.91830669 | 33.98913197 | 0.873826738 |
| Child under age 4 | -63.64385965 | 11.58668964 | - 35.21170719 | 2.430562595 | 55.17229833 | -47.92256477 | 0.206795641 | -14.15380402 |
| Child under age 5 | 31.42165216 | 14.26426242 | 1.676516542 | -17.43134426 | -60.76223388 | - 38.50296136 | -27.99949718 | 10.53694047 |
| Child under age 6 | 3.715030413 | 5.552046574 | -20.33556163 | 18.80001471 | 28.37434278 | 26.78206922 | 76.52954168 | -24.24935344 |
| Adult age 18 to 24 | - 3.667352503 | -8.799232876 | -1.49368242 | 15.52498058 | -2.598162562 | 3.451299437 | 4.576193675 | -28.54004538 |
| Adult age 55 or older | 12.0871442 | 143.481283 | 75.33069721 | -58.08002888 | 83.28312943 | 49.32177153 | 6.221208991 | 116.2555192 |
| Adult age 60 or older | 81.04313308 | -59.16493855 | 87.12842543 | - 14.18749016 | 24.77517826 | -25.42289814 | 30.25323651 | -21.71351842 |
| Adult age 65 or older | 222.2983699 | 0 | -68.38096815 | 86.40822624 | 8.514115896 | 0 | -138.8768932 | -22.70333212 |
| Multiple adults | - 14.76322143 | 7.568156896 | - 28.99550049 | -69.44463785 | 80.01012521 | 9.300432025 | -17.35131673 | 24.41353046 |
| No earnings, child | 82.28548714 | -55.52497275 | 48.40136074 | 33.6342929 | 102.6605391 | 187.3211003 | -87.30722535 | 14.76126113 |
| No earnings, no child under age 1 | -9.155745393 | -51.91121947 | -9.497379636 | 25.96801567 | 46.37530389 | 17.74565416 | 55.31845001 | - 39.35117039 |
| No earnings, no child under age 2 | 48.43838122 | 23.77210787 | 35.82402292 | -8.656375879 | -17.13911299 | - 5.588847973 | - 70.42462406 | -40.64648807 |
| No earnings, no child under age 3 | -17.55225615 | - 30.17252511 | 10.67951716 | -40.43077756 | -5.788111514 | 55.05674034 | 23.30169736 | 58.26899474 |
| No earnings, no child under age 4 | -70.9254084 | 4.039053767 | -23.58410156 | 46.37027794 | 68.54632989 | -33.07720438 | 33.20484915 | -41.16622786 |
| No earnings, no child under age 5 | 64.08089968 | -40.07338651 | -12.74904742 | - 35.9385046 | -83.9584178 | - 37.56865368 | -110.5692799 | 47.26143325 |
| No earnings, no child under age 6 | -24.61662259 | 78.62833848 | 1.529497206 | -12.83124734 | 9.634961354 | - 25.48843841 | 138.6934967 | -60.81964317 |
| No earnings, multiple adults | 88.81535029 | 1.525066627 | 32.35329543 | 52.35537445 | -83.43997898 | 35.06920526 | -59.8331783 | -41.843937 |
| Constant | 140.9939566 | 290.9156802 | 245.7612402 | 126.8667976 | 273.4444827 | 235.1519114 | 277.6658026 | 517.0578862 |

Table A. 9 (continued)

| (Variables refer to TANF unit) | West Virginia | Wisconsin | Wyoming |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 person | 25.20349755 | 75.55845706 | 102.1959376 |
| 2 people | 7.270408073 | 183.0958414 | 12.6260811 |
| 3 people | 18.20291238 | 200.6221869 | -87.82694432 |
| 4 people | -0.92983644 | 213.6856208 | -87.85690644 |
| people | 60.87308331 | 150.1637553 | 11.0061582 |
| Have earnings | -115.536291 | -24.03207257 | 153.1513077 |
| Receive child support | 29.33266564 | 28.58933332 | -57.10554118 |
| Earnings | -0.133618974 | -0.079881848 | -0.343401553 |
| Child support | -0.113382942 | 0.001788533 | 0.039657594 |
| Other income | -0.059700829 | -0.003094698 | -0.105484138 |
| Child only | 75.59794258 | -13.38190765 | 142.3456493 |
| Child under age 1 | -4.19028465 | 79.65320886 | -52.48206656 |
| Child under age 2 | -28.05969726 | -34.20718004 | 15.91225023 |
| Child under age 3 | 35.31774727 | 15.26073135 | -45.82660403 |
| Child under age 4 | -18.2579652 | -0.109335253 | 4.452930179 |
| Child under age 5 | -2.05253822 | -4.820324579 | 77.10020042 |
| Child under age 6 | -0.073882022 | 22.96161244 | -23.82678935 |
| Adult age 18 to 24 | -23.34464642 | -0.535806884 | 74.11843457 |
| Adult age 55 or older | -81.60306905 | 353.8773569 | 149.9547771 |
| Adult age 60 or older | 55.9614166 | -192.8319612 | -7.288743528 |
| Adult age 65 or older | 37.38056339 | -499.2905577 |  |
| Multiple adults | 100.6123171 | -359.3304638 | -225.3413935 |
| No earnings, child | 0 |  | 0 |
| No earnings, no child under age 1 | 18.69646147 | 178.5761741 | -9.4950355 |
| No earnings, no child under age 2 | -1.035410406 | -83.03185844 | -78.70832383 |
| No earnings, no child under age 3 | 26.01707592 | 34.22769611 | 20.69955002 |
| No earnings, no child under age 4 | -30.59241145 | -62.4342443 | 263.1927826 |
| No earnings, no child under age 5 | -58.84104923 | -127.6985707 | -145.628819 |
| No earnings, no child under age 6 | 72.51757233 | 150.6053539 | 42.36132736 |
| No earnings, multiple adults | -62.60561759 | 372.4387177 | 74.16760796 |
| Constant | 266.0286831 | 157.0408334 | -44.58115313 |
|  |  |  |  |

Table A.10a. State Broad- Based Categorical Eligibility Income, Asset, and Unit Composition Requirements, FY 2008

| State(s) | Unit Composition | Asset Limit | Gross Income Limit | Net Income Limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delaware, Michigan, South Carolina, Wisconsin | All units | None | 200 | None |
| Georgia | Pure elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Massachusetts | Child (includes 18) and caretaker | None | 200 | None |
| Maine | Child (includes 18 and in HS) and caretaker | None | 185 | None |
| Maryland | Child (includes 18-19 and in HS) | None | 200 | None |
| Minnesota | Elderly or disabled | \$7,000 for financial | 165 | None |
|  | All other | assets | 130 | None |
| New York | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Texas | All units | \$5,000 (exclude \$15,000 FMV from one vehicle) | 165 | None |
| Arizona, Oregon | All units | None | 185 | None |
| Washington | All units | None | 130 | None |
| North Dakota | All units | None | None | 100 |

Note: States without a BBCE policy in FY 2008 include Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Florida, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wyoming.

Table A.10b. State Broad-Based Categorical Eligibility Income, Asset, and Unit Composition Requirements, FY 2009

| State(s) | Unit Composition | Asset Limit | Income Limits |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Gross | Net |
| Delaware, Michigan, Nevada, Washington, Wisconsin, South Carolina (first half) | All units | None | 200 | None |
| Ohio, West Virginia, Pennsylvania (first half), South Carolina (second half) | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Oklahoma (second half) | Elderly or disabled | None | None | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Georgia | Pure elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Massachusetts | Child (includes 18) and caretaker, elderly, or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | 100 |
| Maine | Child (includes 18 and in HS) and caretaker | None | 185 | None |
| Maryland | Child (includes 18-19 and in HS) | None | 200 | None |
| California (second half) | Child with elderly or disabled | None | None | 100 |
|  | Other units with child | None | 130 | 100 |
| New Hampshire (second half) | Child under 22 and caretaker | None | 185 | None |
| Minnesota | Elderly or disabled | \$7,000 for | 165 | None |
|  | All other | financial assets | 130 | None |
| New York | Elderly or disabled or dependent care expenses | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 130 | None |
| Idaho (second half) | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | 100 |
|  | All other | None | 130 | 100 |
| Pennsylvania (second half) | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 160 | None |
| Texas | All units | $\begin{gathered} \hline \$ 5,000 \text { (exclude } \\ \$ 15,000 \mathrm{FMV} \\ \text { from one vehicle) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 165 | None |
| Arizona, Oregon, Connecticut (second half) | All units | None | 185 | None |
| Vermont | All units | None | 185 | 100 |
| Montana | Elderly or disabled | None | None | 100 |
|  | All other | None | 185 | 100 |
| Rhode Island (second half) | Elderly or disabled | None | 200 | None |
|  | All other | None | 185 | None |
| North Dakota | All units | None | None | 100 |

Note: $\quad$ States without a BBCE policy in FY 2009 include Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, District of Columbia, Florida, Hawaii, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming. The States that implemented a BBCE policy mid-year are California, Connecticut, Idaho, New Hampshire, Oklahoma, and Rhode Island.

Table A.11. SNAP Maximum Allowable Gross and Net Monthly Income Eligibility Standards, FY 2008 and FY 2009

| SNAP Unit Size | Gross Income (\$) |  |  | Net Income (\$) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 48 Contiguous States, Guam, and the Virgin Islands | Alaska | Hawaii | 48 Contiguous States, Guam, and the Virgin Islands | Alaska | Hawaii |
| FY 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1,107 | 1,384 | 1,273 | 851 | 1,065 | 980 |
| 2 | 1,484 | 1,855 | 1,707 | 1,141 | 1,427 | 1,313 |
| 3 | 1,861 | 2,326 | 2,140 | 1,431 | 1,790 | 1,646 |
| 4 | 2,238 | 2,798 | 2,573 | 1,721 | 2,152 | 1,980 |
| 5 | 2,615 | 3,269 | 3,007 | 2,011 | 2,515 | 2,313 |
| 6 | 2,992 | 3,740 | 3,440 | 2,301 | 2,877 | 2,646 |
| 7 | 3,369 | 4,211 | 3,873 | 2,591 | 3,240 | 2,980 |
| 8 | 3,746 | 4,683 | 4,307 | 2,881 | 3,602 | 3,313 |
| Each Additional Member | 377 | 472 | 434 | 290 | 363 | 334 |
| FY 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1,127 | 1,409 | 1,296 | 867 | 1,084 | 997 |
| 2 | 1,517 | 1,896 | 1,745 | 1,167 | 1,459 | 1,342 |
| 3 | 1,907 | 2,384 | 2,193 | 1,467 | 1,834 | 1,687 |
| 4 | 2,297 | 2,871 | 2,642 | 1,767 | 2,209 | 2,032 |
| 5 | 2,687 | 3,359 | 3,090 | 2,067 | 2,584 | 2,377 |
| 6 | 3,077 | 3,846 | 3,539 | 2,367 | 2,959 | 2,722 |
| 7 | 3,467 | 4,334 | 3,987 | 2,667 | 3,334 | 3,067 |
| 8 | 3,857 | 4,821 | 4,436 | 2,967 | 3,709 | 3,412 |
| Each Additional Member | 390 | 488 | 449 | 300 | 375 | 345 |

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture

Table A.12. SNAP Net Income Regression Equation Results, FY 2008 and FY 2009

| Explanatory Variable | FY 2008 |  | FY 2009 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Coefficients |  | Coefficients |  |
| Constant | -243.41801 | * | - 282.62278 | * |
| Gross income minus standard and earned income deductions | 0.65007 |  | 0.21379 | * |
| No housing expenses | 160.20244 | * | 167.6714 | * |
| Maximum allowable shelter expense deduction | -0.06453 | * | - 0.06924 | * |
| Maximum allowable dependent care expense deduction | -0.01983 | * | 0 | * |
| Earned income | -0.07284 | * | -0.16525 | * |
| TANF income | 0.15082 | * | 0.10543 | * |
| TANF income squared | -0.00014051 | * | -0.0000958 | * |
| SSI income | -0.01366 | * | - 0.06972 |  |
| SSI income squared | 0.00003766 | * | 0.00009558 | * |
| Gross income | 0.54523 | * | 0.9013 | * |
| Gross income squared | -0.00001371 | * | 0.00000729 | * |
| Gross income between \$101 and \$200 | 150.34132 | * | 126.61994 | * |
| Gross income between \$201 and \$300 | 127.50697 | * | 115.58705 | * |
| Gross income between \$301 and \$400 | 82.72157 | * | 81.90787 | * |
| Gross income between \$401 and \$500 | 38.30853 | * | 33.42467 | * |
| Gross income as percent of poverty | -2.16593 | * | -2.08595 | * |
| In Alaska | - 3.78074 | * | - 58.91693 |  |
| In Hawaii | 69.93645 | * | 57.8091 | * |
| In the Northeast region | -87.69473 | * | - 138.38284 | * |
| In the Mid- Atlantic region | 17.05863 | * | 17.34879 | * |
| In the Southeast region | 44.74404 | * | 58.25174 | * |
| In the Midwest region | - 2.95452 |  | - 0.96888 |  |
| In the Southwest region | 59.5591 | * | 76.07109 | * |
| In the Mountain Plains region | 10.05121 | * | 26.86742 | * |
| Participating in MFIP | 48.26114 | * | 48.65797 | * |
| SNAP unit size | -24.218 | * | - 25.29834 | * |
| Member under age 60 and receiving SSI | 32.20562 | * | 37.26134 | * |
| Member age 60 or older and receiving SSI | 35.03806 | * | 50.47647 | * |
| Elderly member | 16.75503 |  | 6.54721 | * |
| Single adult with child(ren) | - 25.22877 | * | - 22.66879 | * |
| Multiple adults | - 27.87481 | * | - 25.44308 | * |
| $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | 0.8166 |  | 0.8149 |  |
| Adjusted $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | 0.8164 |  | 0.8148 |  |
| Sample Size | 38,167 |  | 38,762 |  |

[^4]Table A.13a. State Policies for Counting Vehicle Assets, FY 2008

|  | State(s) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Federal rules (Group 1) | North Dakota, Washington |
| Exempt all vehicles (Group 2) | Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin |
| Exempt one vehicle (Group 3) | Arkansas, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Nevada, Pennsylvania, South Dakota |
| Exempt one vehicle per driver (Group 4) | Alaska, New York, South Carolina |
| Exempt one vehicle per adult (Group 5) | Idaho, New Hampshire, North Carolina |
| Exempt one vehicle per adult up to 2 vehicles (Group 6) | Rhode Island, Vermont |
| Exempt one vehicle per driver then $\$ 5,000$ equity for remaining vehicles | Oklahoma |
| Exempt \$7,500 fair market value from each vehicle | Minnesota |
| Exempt \$15,000 fair market value from one vehicle | Texas |
| Exempt \$12,000 fair market value from one vehicle | Nebraska |
| Exempt $\$ 10,000$ equity from combined value of all vehicles | Oregon |
| Exempt two vehicles for a unit with a married couple, one vehicle for other units | Wyoming |
| Exempt $\$ 8,500$ equity from combined value of as many vehicles as there are people subject to work requirements; if none, then exempt $\$ 8,500$ equity from one vehicle | Florida |

Table A.13b. State Policies for Counting Vehicle Assets, FY 2009

|  | State(s) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Federal rules (Group 1) | North Dakota, Washington |
| Exempt all vehicles (Group 2) | Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin |
| Exempt one vehicle (Group 3) | Arkansas, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Nevada, Pennsylvania, South Dakota |
| Exempt one vehicle per driver (Group 4) | Alaska, New York, South Carolina |
| Exempt one vehicle per adult (Group 5) | Idaho, New Hampshire |
| Exempt one vehicle per adult up to 2 vehicles (Group 6) | Rhode Island, Vermont |
| Exempt one vehicle per driver then $\$ 5,000$ equity for remaining vehicles | Oklahoma |
| Exempt \$7,500 fair market value from each vehicle | Minnesota |
| Exempt \$15,000 fair market value from one vehicle | Texas |
| Exempt \$12,000 fair market value from one vehicle | Nebraska |
| Exempt $\$ 10,000$ equity from combined value of all vehicles | Oregon |
| Exempt two vehicles for a unit with a married couple, one vehicle for other units | Wyoming |

Table A.14a. SNAP Asset Eligibility Equation Coefficients, First Half of FY 2008

|  | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 3 | Group 4 | Group 5 | Group 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SNAP unit size | 0.1518014 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit size squared | -25.20515 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Homeowner | -0.891838 | -0.961572 | -0.968438 | -0.955908 | -0.955908 | - 0.959846 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.5161291 | 0.5559921 | 0.5626763 | 0.5352751 | 0.5352751 | 0.5380807 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/ Black | 1.0421899 | 1.1489562 | 1.1348802 | 1.1497103 | 1.1497103 | 1.1491509 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.6447283 | 0.8732821 | 0.8928767 | 0.8948665 | 0.8948665 | 0.8829637 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian |  | 0.3685337 | 0.4109351 | 0.3847354 | 0.3847354 | 0.3854356 |
| SNAP unit's interest income | -256.0817 | - 251.9875 | - 253.3331 | - 253.8775 | -253.8775 | - 253.7698 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income |  | - 38.41545 | - 39.41315 | - 38.38463 | - 38.38463 | - 38.34809 |
| SNAP unit's gross income |  | 0.7133424 | 0.72749 | 0.7087316 | 0.7087316 | 0.7121186 |
| SNAP unit's earnings |  | - 0.477115 | - 0.541818 | - 0.509981 | - 0.509981 | -0.510633 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 1.4986332 | 2.3603342 | 2.4168061 | 2.3790446 | 2.3790446 | 2.3799551 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 0.8654184 | 1.2597233 | 1.2629262 | 1.2757949 | 1.2757949 | 1.2561893 |
| Number of elderly ( $60+$ ) in the SNAP unit | - 0.402601 | - 0.432187 | - 0.445324 | -0.440122 | - 0.440122 | - 0.439182 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | - 0.756475 | -0.701826 | -0.704321 | - 0.717578 | - 0.717578 | -0.709259 |
| Number of never-married adults in the SNAP unit | 0.2039229 | 0.1197174 | 0.1322287 | 0.1324228 | 0.1324228 | 0.1340859 |
| In South | 0.2269171 | 0.3505501 | 0.3458083 | 0.3509135 | 0.3509135 | 0.3536454 |
| In West | -0.180535 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 14.921457 | 13.930833 | 13.938749 | 13.652997 | 13.652997 | 13.70164 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by homeowner | -0.364442 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's earnings by homeowner | 0.4607135 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income by high school graduates | 9.7553919 | 9.625959 | 8.921478 | 9.251399 | 9.251399 | 9.1746757 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | -45.06919 | - 29.42991 | - 28.84375 | - 29.09325 | - 29.09325 | -29.18073 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by high school graduates | -6.809551 | - 2.173779 | - 7.986593 | -2.165003 | - 2.165003 | - 2.162129 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.2941589 | 0.3395634 | 0.3526465 | 0.3575305 | 0.3575305 | 0.3528348 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income |  | - 2690.43 | - 2670.968 | - 2668.098 | - 2668.098 | - 2670.357 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 283.73631 | 307.57707 | 165.45363 | 309.59304 | 309.59304 | 309.41791 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 3623991.6 | 3605781.6 | 3644060.2 | 3649389.7 | 3649389.7 | 3648316.6 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 71265.572 | 215453.73 | 215894.65 | 214003.75 | 214003.75 | 214235.07 |
| SNAP unit's rental income squared | 40796.987 |  | 39013.972 |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income squared | 2018.3545 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income to the third power | - 15020000000 | -15150000000 | -15290000000 | -15320000000 | -15320000000 | -15320000000 |
| SNAP unit's rental income to the third power | - 42569726 |  | - 31285864 |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the third power | - 1197429 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's earnings to the third power | -2184133 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power |  | - 169830000 | - 166620000 | - 168370000 | - 168370000 | - 167960000 |
| SNAP unit's earnings to the fourth power | 1244940000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Constant | 1.8181731 | 2.0456448 | 2.01267 | 2.041801 | 2.041801 | 2.0344109 |

[^5]Table A.14a (continued)

|  | Oklahoma | Minnesota | Texas | Nebraska | Oregon | Wyoming | Florida |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homeowner | - 0.963845 | - 0.980164 | -0.980799 | -0.997681 | -0.959728 | - 0.971959 | - 0.976216 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.5636519 | 0.5690589 | 0.5434912 | 0.5711098 | 0.5676004 | 0.56385 | 0.5751449 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/ Black | 1.1556557 | 1.1367921 | 1.1600193 | 1.145765 | 1.0815686 | 1.1811226 | 1.1323494 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.8819561 | 0.8592743 | 0.8920102 | 0.9454315 | 0.8535818 | 0.883924 | 0.8477651 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.3760628 |  | 0.3818988 | 0.3234996 |  | 0.3982549 |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income | - 252.0132 | - 257.6895 | - 254.2985 | - 251.7984 | - 252.538 | -252.8861 | - 256.6198 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income | - 38.53054 | - 36.83767 | - 39.41127 | - 38.96542 | - 39.07878 | - 38.19911 | - 38.74314 |
| SNAP unit's gross income | 0.7182524 | 0.7797859 | 0.7177493 | 0.7829913 | 0.7382095 | 0.7062675 | 0.6861106 |
| SNAP unit's earnings | -0.487594 |  | -0.522264 |  |  | -0.512857 | -0.523625 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 2.3661319 | 1.5842891 | 2.0719481 | 2.0570124 | 1.8078765 | 2.3882696 | 1.6949156 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 1.2669203 | 0.8748868 | 1.2178628 | 1.2094517 | 1.0894776 | 1.2653972 | 0.9783276 |
| Number of elderly ( $60+$ ) in the SNAP unit | - 0.428627 | - 0.415606 | -0.417763 | -0.438911 | - 0.419421 | -0.462852 | - 0.410618 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | -0.700395 | - 0.743267 | -0.732461 | -0.74726 | - 0.788741 | - 0.70457 | - 0.732605 |
| Number of never- married adults in SNAP unit | 0.1215784 | 0.1585813 | 0.1443135 | 0.1411879 | 0.1471078 |  | 0.1286099 |
| In South | 0.3521427 | 0.2328597 | 0.3355652 | 0.2800883 | 0.3204225 | 0.3401159 | 0.2373803 |
| In West |  | -0.162679 |  | - 0.153166 |  |  | -0.16536 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 13.865203 | 15.335677 | 13.665591 | 14.131058 | 13.663559 | 13.667191 | 14.713171 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by high school graduates | 9.6608243 | 9.442232 | 9.5377397 | 9.7270307 | 8.7560055 | 9.3574405 | 8.1021096 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | -29.39434 | -26.01062 | -28.26509 | -27.65594 | -27.3402 | -29.14404 | -26.60545 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by high school graduates | -2.165483 | -2.076313 | - 7.713781 | - 7.799878 | - 7.486471 | -2.144436 | - 7.248211 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.3372322 | 0.3378989 | 0.3563478 | 0.3582039 | 0.3685656 | 0.3549888 | 0.3519276 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | - 2696.677 | - 2464.644 | -2642.109 | -2593.703 | - 2607.799 | -2662.484 | - 2541.302 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 307.16636 | 299.50137 | 169.72803 | 169.73717 | 170.5212 | 306.66457 | 170.04638 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 3607694.9 | 3669718.8 | 3582398 | 3539223.2 | 3651325.6 | 3624756.3 | 3739200.7 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 215735.47 | 197106.73 | 213589.97 | 209786.77 | 209199.71 | 213721.48 | 204712.42 |
| SNAP unit's rental income squared |  |  | 38026.302 | 38852.082 | 36797.676 |  | 36668.759 |
| SNAP unit's interest income to third power | -15160000000-15290000000 |  | -14790000000 | -14630000000-15340000000 |  | -15200000000-15760000000 |  |
| SNAP unit's rental income to the third power |  |  | - 30590721 | - 31322564 | - 29626395 |  | -29749412 |
| SNAP unit's earnings to the third power |  | - 1425114 |  | - 1418700 | - 1402895 |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power | - 168630000 | -203400000 | -173730000 | - 195900000 | - 192290000 | - 168020000 | -172730000 |
| SNAP unit's earnings to the fourth power |  | 844841310 |  | 820323690 | 813031540 |  |  |
| Constant | 2.0341753 | 2.0449217 | 2.036927 | 2.0682123 | 2.0720494 | 2.0862398 | 2.1110846 |

Source: 2012 Baseline of 2009 MATH SIPP+ model

Table A.14b. SNAP Asset Eligibility Equation Coefficients, Second Half of FY 2008

|  | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 3 | Group 4 | Group 5 | Group 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SNAP unit size | 0.139855 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit size squared | - 22.86013 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Homeowner | -0.928531 | -0.904312 | -0.919904 | -0.896424 | - 0.896424 | -0.900783 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.5374891 | 0.5653311 | 0.5834331 | 0.5517806 | 0.5517806 | 0.5545993 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/Black | 1.0425849 | 1.1111988 | 1.1123769 | 1.1272325 | 1.1272325 | 1.1264599 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.7969125 | 1.0283304 | 1.0487425 | 1.0557937 | 1.0557937 | 1.0442936 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.3141635 | 0.433336 | 0.4861561 | 0.4545721 | 0.4545721 | 0.456048 |
| SNAP unit's interest income | - 254.8709 | - 254.8353 | - 256.2429 | - 255.96 | -255.96 | - 255.8512 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income | -40.24443 | - 36.35723 | - 36.9171 | - 36.37328 | - 36.37328 | - 36.33781 |
| SNAP unit's gross income |  | 0.6702414 | 0.6901915 | 0.6683749 | 0.6683749 | 0.6704788 |
| SNAP unit's earnings | - 0.502001 | -0.417607 | - 0.482381 | - 0.443718 | - 0.443718 | - 0.444473 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 1.4245149 | 2.1056749 | 2.1498284 | 2.1217193 | 2.1217193 | 2.1227471 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 0.886197 | 1.1920517 | 1.1967285 | 1.2060572 | 1.2060572 | 1.1885742 |
| Number of elderly ( $60+$ ) in the SNAP unit | - 0.431952 | - 0.460509 | -0.477602 | - 0.470791 | - 0.470791 | - 0.469773 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | - 0.744957 | -0.659752 | - 0.654794 | -0.668061 | - 0.668061 | -0.660297 |
| Number of never-married adults in the SNAP unit | 0.2054224 | 0.1527786 | 0.1626094 | 0.1654379 | 0.1654379 | 0.1670759 |
| In South | 0.1748293 | 0.2754304 | 0.2545949 | 0.2618425 | 0.2618425 | 0.2629994 |
| In West | -0.217234 | - 0.164556 | -0.201489 | - 0.191181 | -0.191181 | - 0.195653 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 10.679653 | 10.442836 | 10.97055 | 10.559701 | 10.559701 | 10.608284 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by homeowner |  |  | 9.7291501 |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income by high school graduates | 8.2087939 | 7.8361175 | 7.6457515 | 7.939417 | 7.939417 | 7.8708298 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | - 19.8336 | -28.58001 | -27.56636 | - 28.26061 | -28.26061 | - 28.32792 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by high school graduates | -6.524131 | -2.169672 | - 7.507637 | -2.15763 | - 2.15763 | -2.153986 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.3690096 | 0.3594189 | 0.3636789 | 0.367231 | 0.367231 | 0.363323 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | - 2272.011 | - 2405.345 | - 2378.577 | - 2390.23 | - 2390.23 | - 2391.794 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 270.65875 | 320.40164 | 274.93883 | 321.03922 | 321.03922 | 320.94786 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 3532180.7 | 3536004.5 | 3566830.7 | 3558816.3 | 3558816.3 | 3557749.9 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 177592.08 | 199426.28 | 197273.1 | 198251.25 | 198251.25 | 198390.79 |
| SNAP unit's rental income squared | 36719.011 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income squared | 655.73563 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income to the third power | -13960000000 | -14050000000 | - 14200000000 | -14170000000 | -14170000000 | -14160000000 |
| SNAP unit's rental income to the third power | - 36384862 |  | - 2839542 |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power | - 262490000 | - 155830000 | - 151390000 | - 152040000 | - 152040000 | - 151590000 |
| Constant | 1.8239774 | 1.9238085 | 1.900351 | 1.9206183 | 1.9206183 | 1.9158129 |

Note: $\quad$ Groups are defined in Table A.13a.

Table A.14b (continued)

|  | Oklahoma | Minnesota | Texas | Nebraska | Oregon | Wyoming | Florida |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homeowner | -0.907999 | -0.931033 | -0.929098 | -0.933135 | -0.916307 | -0.897064 | - 0.921411 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.5735142 | 0.5933931 | 0.5754405 | 0.5884521 | 0.5791558 | 0.5632233 | 0.6026664 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/Black | 1.1169609 | 1.0898509 | 1.1321637 | 1.1212051 | 1.0483817 | 1.1381528 | 1.1070832 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 1.0413557 | 0.9621747 | 1.0411638 | 1.0536597 | 1.0190782 | 1.040939 | 0.9519421 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.4440178 |  | 0.4462588 | 0.3925618 | 0.2910263 | 0.4616394 |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income | - 254.974 | - 253.075 | -256.6476 | -255.3023 | -257.0413 | -255.1546 | - 253.5699 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income | - 36.47136 | - 35.43459 | - 36.91558 | - 36.72709 | - 36.82567 | - 36.33417 | - 36.27833 |
| SNAP unit's gross income | 0.6728211 | 0.6007062 | 0.6435875 | 0.6477125 | 0.6076076 | 0.6763806 | 0.6274843 |
| SNAP unit's earnings | -0.428981 | - 0.441469 | -0.467172 | -0.470463 | -0.482682 | -0.448499 | -0.49187 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 2.1110832 | 1.5192096 | 1.9636705 | 1.9533875 | 1.717173 | 2.1282541 | 1.6103754 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 1.1996401 | 0.8843252 | 1.1568324 | 1.1647666 | 1.0655642 | 1.1964599 | 0.9602895 |
| Number of elderly ( $60+$ ) in the SNAP unit | -0.456923 | -0.435502 | -0.459086 | -0.465705 | -0.442234 | -0.470615 | - 0.45213 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | - 0.658433 | -0.714991 | - 0.69459 | -0.703162 | -0.744928 | -0.659041 | - 0.705494 |
| Number of never-married adults in SNAP unit | 0.154553 | 0.1782542 | 0.1673351 | 0.1588832 | 0.1644965 | 0.1456002 | 0.1498954 |
| In South | 0.2707461 | 0.1973251 | 0.2438017 | 0.2415601 | 0.2288908 | 0.2606446 | 0.2106436 |
| In West | -0.182666 | -0.210874 | -0.203606 | -0.195485 | -0.201868 | -0.188027 | -0.198943 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 10.416122 | 12.970646 | 11.901569 | 12.01099 | 10.630443 | 10.506309 | 11.643726 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by homeowner |  | 7.958575 | 9.6678586 | 9.6635763 | 9.4474604 |  | 9.4809765 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by high school graduates | 7.8845132 |  | 7.5620179 | 7.6790131 | 7.3608592 | 7.9829499 |  |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | -28.48877 | -25.23137 | -27.0719 | -26.65221 | -25.98334 | -28.19413 | -25.911 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by high school graduates | -2.159059 | -6.166878 | -7.388675 | - 7.35027 | - 7.14817 | -2.145816 | - 7.150287 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.3579278 | 0.4125164 | 0.389747 | 0.3859112 | 0.4060295 | 0.358403 | 0.4179388 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | -2406.344 | -2203.508 | -2356.938 | -2336.467 | -2307.541 | -2387.396 | -2261.312 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 320.46024 | 278.05998 | 272.61543 | 270.3883 | 272.82245 | 319.46695 | 274.91252 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 3539773.8 | 3670129.6 | 3562188.3 | 3539111 | 3599492.9 | 3544345.3 | 3688902.2 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 199442.55 | 183970.4 | 195423.36 | 193399.34 | 191028.76 | 197912.67 | 188822.31 |
| SNAP unit's interest income to third power | -14070000000 | -14670000000 | 14160000000 | -14070000000 | 14340000000 | -14100000000 | 14750000000 |
| SNAP unit's rental income to third power |  | - 2513899 | - 2862685 | - 2879718 | - 2867826 |  | - 2886839 |
| SNAP unit's gross income to fourth power | - 154550000 | - 155990000 | - 149470000 | - 146530000 | - 153720000 | - 150980000 | - 161240000 |
| Constant | 1.9202176 | 1.937015 | 1.941279 | 1.9369737 | 2.001291 | 1.9103882 | 1.9611208 |

Source: 2012 Baseline of 2009 MATH SIPP+ model

Table A.14c. SNAP Asset Eligibility Equation Coefficients, First Half of FY 2009

|  | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 3 | Group 4 | Group 5 | Group 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SNAP unit size squared | -6.646709 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Homeowner | -0.934075 | -0.895351 | -0.910828 | -0.882751 | -0.882751 | -0.892231 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.4997752 | 0.5136464 | 0.5360206 | 0.4948109 | 0.4948109 | 0.507766 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/Black | 1.041672 | 1.1211493 | 1.0848188 | 1.127867 | 1.127867 | 1.1264414 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.5556651 | 0.7216697 | 0.7644262 | 0.7472298 | 0.7472298 | 0.7490856 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian |  | 0.5168028 | 0.5654644 | 0.5398591 | 0.5398591 | 0.5331022 |
| SNAP unit's interest income | -80.96584 | -80.69475 | -80.96895 | -81.13504 | -81.13504 | -81.35018 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income | - 19.88522 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income | 0.5900152 | 0.4804889 | 0.8047697 | 0.4766437 | 0.4766437 | 0.8014667 |
| SNAP unit's earnings |  |  | -0.451231 |  |  | -0.435844 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 1.5412783 | 2.5439656 | 2.6162735 | 2.563723 | 2.563723 | 2.5721519 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 1.0677305 | 1.6640291 | 1.5967757 | 1.6861449 | 1.6861449 | 1.6598625 |
| Number of elderly ( $60+$ ) in the SNAP unit | -0.4638 | -0.476683 | -0.490824 | - 0.478492 | -0.478492 | -0.497919 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | -0.707691 | -0.584312 | -0.596388 | -0.595888 | -0.595888 | -0.609341 |
| Number of never-married adults in the SNAP unit | 0.1735217 | 0.1312418 | 0.1419845 | 0.1391278 | 0.1391278 | 0.145605 |
| In South | 0.3572927 | 0.4493852 | 0.4366216 | 0.4411692 | 0.4411692 | 0.4420938 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 5.5668127 | 5.3115305 | 5.502794 | 5.2849771 | 5.2849771 | 5.4136404 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | - 16.12661 | - 39.1053 | - 40.48715 | - 38.76069 | - 38.76069 | - 39.56977 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by high school graduates | -2.157484 | - 1.842017 | -6.819475 | - 1.831802 | - 1.831802 | - 1.842555 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.280094 | 0.3635932 | 0.2729825 | 0.3818213 | 0.3818213 | 0.2935705 |
| SNAP unit's earnings by high school graduates |  | -0.256239 |  | -0.272054 | -0.272054 |  |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | - 7980.064 | - 7636.723 | - 7338.775 | - 7573.007 | - 7573.007 | - 7617.974 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 190.41452 | 175.8242 | 66.157946 | 175.93579 | 175.93579 | 176.69679 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by interest income | 9.5640362 | 8.0805319 | 8.1743582 | 8.2482527 | 8.2482527 | 8.2622668 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 216180.12 | 218599.1 | 219080.68 | 219773.84 | 219773.84 | 220054.17 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 113971.51 | 124182.63 | 127515.62 | 122930.59 | 122930.59 | 125515.36 |
| SNAP unit's rental income squared |  |  | 33048.122 |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income to the third power | -171900000 | -172790000 | - 173440000 | - 173800000 | - 173800000 | - 174120000 |
| SNAP unit's rental income to the third power |  |  | - 26307911 |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the third power |  |  | -297567.6 |  |  | - 304873.4 |
| SNAP unit's earnings to the third power | - 1298487 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power | - 166310000 | -143860000 |  | - 143350000 | - 143350000 |  |
| SNAP unit's earnings to the fourth power | 775401770 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Constant | 2.0281772 | 2.0160961 | 1.9780819 | 1.9947711 | 1.9947711 | 1.9938495 |

[^6]Table A.14c (continued)

|  | Oklahoma | Minnesota | Texas | Nebraska | Oregon | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homeowner | -0.893952 | -0.927318 | -0.918596 | - 0.926797 | -0.920816 | -0.904588 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.5189292 | 0.5386488 | 0.5126854 | 0.523578 | 0.5575582 | 0.5267878 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/ Black | 1.1275472 | 1.1256969 | 1.1049185 | 1.108495 | 1.1179692 | 1.1635138 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.7271577 | 0.7007675 | 0.7654884 | 0.7432516 | 0.7472276 | 0.7420996 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.522121 |  | 0.5222691 | 0.4909675 | 0.3921133 | 0.5562545 |
| SNAP unit's interest income | -80.60098 | -83.20631 | -84.39009 | - 83.5121 | - 81.27065 | -80.99777 |
| SNAP unit's gross income | 0.4840454 | 0.4924433 | 0.5772164 | 0.499136 | 0.5722689 | 0.4670251 |
| SNAP unit's earnings |  |  | - 0.443189 |  | - 0.415994 |  |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 2.5468429 | 1.6516004 | 2.3343693 | 2.1592888 | 1.9448815 | 2.5786186 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 1.6690649 | 1.1262975 | 1.5783521 | 1.5362185 | 1.4160612 | 1.6016216 |
| Number of elderly ( $60+$ ) in the SNAP unit | - 0.473904 | - 0.412258 | -0.492994 | - 0.445127 | - 0.455799 | -0.491268 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | -0.580269 | -0.602524 | -0.636393 | -0.620502 | -0.668953 | -0.57693 |
| Number of never-married adults in the SNAP unit | 0.1294254 | 0.1829258 | 0.1562805 | 0.145577 | 0.1547692 |  |
| In South | 0.4464425 | 0.366849 | 0.4260746 | 0.4148256 | 0.4059741 | 0.4345256 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 5.2937882 | 5.7114762 | 5.5782709 | 5.5136238 | 5.5430041 | 5.27973 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | - 39.11989 | - 37.00275 | - 39.76302 | - 38.79001 | - 39.16918 | - 38.62815 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by high school graduates | - 1.839921 | -5.839111 | -6.574919 | -6.518377 | - 6.281449 | - 1.803148 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.3624673 | 0.311176 | 0.2967983 | 0.3603324 | 0.2859642 | 0.3638606 |
| SNAP unit's earnings by high school graduates | -0.258062 | -0.238831 |  | -0.278775 |  | - 0.261555 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | - 7646.384 | - 7807.496 | - 7260.072 | - 7172.331 | - 7947.646 | - 7532.703 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 175.65961 | 71.75514 | 71.216303 | 68.957499 | 67.413971 | 173.24159 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by interest income | 8.0631744 | 8.8685597 | 8.8721077 | 9.0975463 | 8.5133237 | 8.2747405 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 218378.78 | 225825.93 | 228693.82 | 225281.42 | 219789.74 | 219215.46 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 124297.06 | 118797.35 | 124831.27 | 121701.54 | 125343.1 | 122308 |
| SNAP unit's rental income squared |  | 28807.57 | 32031.671 | 32000.093 | 31026.895 |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income to the third power | - 172590000 | - 179660000 | - 181440000 | - 178690000 | - 174460000 | -173370000 |
| SNAP unit's rental income to the third power |  | - 22944948 | - 25595741 | - 25530640 | - 24826558 |  |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power | -143630000 | - 150940000 | - 132970000 | -150590000 | - 144130000 | - 141090000 |
| Constant | 2.0036239 | 1.9589171 | 2.0420491 | 2.0037997 | 2.0620511 | 2.0429904 |

[^7]Table A.14d. SNAP Asset Eligibility Equation Coefficients, Second Half of FY 2009

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Note: $\quad$ Groups are defined in Table A.13b.

Table A.14d (continued)

|  | Oklahoma | Minnesota | Texas | Nebraska | Oregon | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homeowner | -0.909493 | - 0.932344 | -0.924756 | -0.935435 | -0.926204 | -0.922878 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.553216 | 0.564965 | 0.5264292 | 0.5454531 | 0.5786999 | 0.5546992 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/ Black | 1.1419879 | 1.1493092 | 1.1185239 | 1.1206474 | 1.1309556 | 1.1789303 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.7336586 | 0.7346311 | 0.7501263 | 0.7687818 | 0.7300623 | 0.7495797 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.6193908 | 0.3327269 | 0.6095024 | 0.5719395 | 0.4676546 | 0.6561485 |
| SNAP unit's interest income | -81.11243 | -84.07803 | -85.19894 | -84.46528 | - 82.05777 | - 81.46046 |
| SNAP unit's rental income | -2.705533 | - 2.514985 | -2.682511 | - 2.62447 | -2.552193 | -2.669028 |
| SNAP unit's gross income | 0.5582818 | 0.5589371 | 0.5454142 | 0.5865907 | 0.5378443 | 0.5491903 |
| SNAP unit's earnings | -0.435927 | - 0.407684 | -0.475028 | - 0.472395 | - 0.447945 | - 0.439993 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 2.6044964 | 1.6502859 | 2.3559886 | 2.1805432 | 1.9507704 | 2.6374625 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 1.6044919 | 1.083044 | 1.5127613 | 1.4788892 | 1.3594021 | 1.5420875 |
| Number of elderly (60+) in the SNAP unit | -0.508959 | - 0.451608 | -0.510083 | - 0.49123 | - 0.472444 | -0.526539 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | -0.619914 | -0.64197 | -0.664199 | -0.669244 | -0.695005 | -0.614611 |
| Number of never-married adults in the SNAP unit | 0.1315955 | 0.1794162 | 0.1552049 | 0.146492 | 0.1517796 |  |
| In South | 0.4485913 | 0.3717429 | 0.429453 | 0.4240797 | 0.4073187 | 0.4377076 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 6.0072848 | 6.5445709 | 6.3607697 | 6.3728342 | 6.2990956 | 6.0138173 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | -42.35393 | - 38.03149 | -40.77952 | -40.19296 | - 39.40953 | -41.90871 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.3169345 | 0.2662843 | 0.3258404 | 0.3085512 | 0.3132353 | 0.3138995 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | -6601.653 | - 7154.681 | - 6473.803 | -6472.369 | - 7289.921 | - 6452.524 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 252.20182 | 243.91388 | 246.19004 | 243.7327 | 238.393 | 250.67369 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by interest income | 7.994913 | 8.9213232 | 9.0515627 | 9.1168506 | 8.695903 | 8.1833611 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 217161.19 | 225224.2 | 227621.92 | 225004.77 | 218753.08 | 217850.93 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 140125.89 | 126018.94 | 134254.09 | 132085.23 | 130401.89 | 138405.03 |
| SNAP unit's interest income to the third power | - 170670000 | - 178290000 | - 179660000 | - 177650000 | - 172750000 | - 171340000 |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power | - 131670000 | - 134090000 | - 123620000 | - 134930000 | -134030000 | - 129670000 |
| Constant | 2.0698015 | 2.0109809 | 2.0869984 | 2.0744627 | 2.1088424 | 2.1071399 |

[^8]Table A.14e. SNAP Asset Eligibility Equation Coefficients, FY 2010

|  | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 3 | Group 4 | Group 5 | Group 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SNAP unit size squared | -5.9813044 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Homeowner | -0.87273001 | -0.80377583 | -0.82789436 | -0.79310894 | -0.79310894 | -0.7973804 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.46571397 | 0.49945855 | 0.50967741 | 0.48111018 | 0.48111018 | 0.48406133 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/ Black | 1.0255211 | 1.1235447 | 1.1004057 | 1.134594 | 1.134594 | 1.1343427 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.54719539 | 0.87618593 | 0.90983081 | 0.90966794 | 0.90966794 | 0.89989668 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.3702534 | 0.63139171 | 0.69089442 | 0.65889181 | 0.65889181 | 0.66038521 |
| SNAP unit's interest income | -83.215797 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's rental income | -11.105991 | -2.2083527 | - 13.749763 | -2.1900968 | -2.1900968 | -2.1859248 |
| SNAP unit's gross income | 0.50452153 | 0.73121943 | 0.76897269 | 0.74355409 | 0.74355409 | 0.7450159 |
| SNAP unit's earnings | -0.37721633 | - 0.3987193 | - 0.46394417 | - 0.42774772 | -0.42774772 | -0.42819892 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 1.4051858 | 2.1589274 | 2.218914 | 2.179031 | 2.179031 | 2.1806045 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 1.079778 | 1.5175094 | 1.4509148 | 1.5382344 | 1.5382344 | 1.514559 |
| Number of elderly (60+) in the SNAP unit | - 0.41051693 | -0.5499791 | -0.55815953 | - 0.55501252 | -0.55501252 | -0.55445673 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | - 0.6240885 | -0.52303383 | -0.51795141 | -0.52643049 | -0.52643049 | - 0.51913012 |
| Number of never-married adults in the SNAP unit | 0.14781164 |  |  |  |  |  |
| In South | 0.32317945 | 0.41887293 | 0.39965715 | 0.39802445 | 0.39802445 | 0.39891336 |
| In West |  | -0.14777169 | -0.16695129 | -0.17202383 | -0.17202383 | -0.17583986 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | 5.1466584 | - 14.40603 | - 13.862754 | - 14.258946 | -14.258946 | -14.218337 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by homeowner | 9.212359 |  | 11.798181 |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income by high school graduates |  | - 18.048863 | -17.736497 | - 17.890581 | - 17.890581 | - 17.912171 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | - 32.123933 | - 39.998197 | - 38.677536 | - 39.616198 | - 39.616198 | - 39.647947 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.21002193 | 0.30224713 | 0.27536999 | 0.30403224 | 0.30403224 | 0.29991855 |
| SNAP unit's earnings by high school graduates |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | -8060.1692 | -8300.522 | -8289.78 | -8270.6929 | -8270.6929 | -8279.8633 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 164.85574 | 175.16623 | 160.11813 | 174.13752 | 174.13752 | 174.01628 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by interest income | 8.3685256 | -13.443706 | -13.594665 | - 13.471669 | -13.471669 | -13.473547 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared | 237349.83 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 105528.36 | 131649.46 | 127110.64 | 130239.33 | 130239.33 | 130374.84 |
| SNAP unit's interest income to the third power | - 196194580 | 72174691 | 71290062 | 71801805 | 71801805 | 71803795 |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the third power |  | -263641.55 | -253545.7 | - 261757.45 | -261757.45 | -260570.09 |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power | - 126302690 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Constant | 1.8220787 | 1.7980701 | 1.7798562 | 1.7841597 | 1.7841597 | 1.7805001 |

## Note:

Groups are defined in Table IV. 5

Table A.14e (continued)

|  | Oklahoma | Minnesota | Texas | Nebraska | Oregon | Wyoming |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Homeowner | - 0.80773606 | - 0.88149378 | -0.84823082 | -0.85270177 | -0.87225296 | -0.79819186 |
| More than one SNAP unit in household | 0.50744912 | 0.54400833 | 0.51433461 | 0.53581096 | 0.53602982 | 0.48992905 |
| SNAP unit head is African American/ Black | 1.1292004 | 1.1116311 | 1.1127955 | 1.1155017 | 1.05721 | 1.144257 |
| SNAP unit head is Hispanic | 0.89287223 | 0.80511565 | 0.89174556 | 0.91172512 | 0.83803737 | 0.90191294 |
| SNAP unit head is not white, Black, Hispanic, or Asian | 0.64409978 | 0.39510294 | 0.62810471 | 0.54717748 | 0.40258723 | 0.66742654 |
| SNAP unit's interest income |  | -82.998087 |  |  | -83.088592 |  |
| SNAP unit's rental income | -2.1913335 | - 11.591289 | -13.722808 | - 13.515589 | -12.010657 | -2.1551774 |
| SNAP unit's gross income | 0.56591291 | 0.40780342 | 0.59123864 | 0.58977166 | 0.39114357 | 0.74481284 |
| SNAP unit's earnings | -0.40420721 |  | -0.45426847 | -0.43063766 |  | -0.41706774 |
| Number of SSI units in the SNAP unit | 2.1694894 | 1.4234712 | 2.0303414 | 1.8384535 | 1.5913682 | 2.1916905 |
| Number of TANF units in the SNAP unit | 1.5276641 | 1.0160417 | 1.4102284 | 1.4098039 | 1.1726168 | 1.4567441 |
| Number of elderly (60+) in the SNAP unit | -0.54832995 | - 0.40742329 | -0.53358809 | -0.52749638 | -0.4906707 | -0.54074442 |
| Number of high school graduates or equivalent in SNAP unit | -0.51731871 | -0.6076123 | -0.56967516 | - 0.5742309 | - 0.61959382 | -0.51233383 |
| Number of never- married adults in the SNAP unit |  | 0.11720405 |  |  |  |  |
| In South | 0.41591087 | 0.31362633 | 0.38476287 | 0.36570408 | 0.32159065 | 0.4060263 |
| In West | -0.1637853 | -0.15377187 | -0.15126086 | - 0.1552072 | -0.17762449 | -0.16149006 |
| SNAP unit's interest income by homeowner | -14.385484 | 5.5298397 | -13.706304 | -13.751211 | 5.0323628 | -14.229257 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by homeowner |  | 9.9858146 | 11.864749 | 11.723072 | 10.202906 |  |
| SNAP unit's interest income by high school graduates | - 17.931869 |  | - 17.729681 | - 17.751276 |  | - 17.850337 |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by high school graduates | - 39.692087 | - 34.99401 | - 37.64942 | - 37.188887 | - 36.874276 | - 39.532893 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by high school graduates | 0.2976564 | 0.35652936 | 0.29445354 | 0.28520529 | 0.39957222 | 0.27951082 |
| SNAP unit's earnings by high school graduates |  | -0.25460204 |  |  | -0.28264556 |  |
| SNAP unit's dividend income by interest income | -8355.4252 | - 8350.7691 | -8282.031 | -8861.6217 | -7844.3306 | -8271.5411 |
| SNAP unit's rental income by interest income | 173.37798 | 149.85647 | 155.66175 | 154.4997 | 152.65332 | 173.31926 |
| SNAP unit's gross income by interest income | -13.523593 | 8.0200281 | -13.421575 | -13.088407 | 8.091405 | -13.482821 |
| SNAP unit's interest income squared |  | 236192.05 |  |  | 235713.85 |  |
| SNAP unit's dividend income squared | 130671.72 | 115344.15 | 123527.59 | 123924.54 | 119879.27 | 130067.77 |
| SNAP unit's interest income to the third power | 72113567 | - 195063340 | 70805998 | 70313314 | - 193901560 | 71716962 |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the third power |  |  |  |  |  | -256565.2 |
| SNAP unit's gross income to the fourth power | - 120032990 | - 141189710 | - 125677460 | - 130209500 | - 131857930 |  |
| Constant | 1.8106643 | 1.8827862 | 1.8424583 | 1.8390491 | 2.0162091 | 1.7650103 |

Source:
2012 Baseline of 2009 MATH SIPP+ model

Table A.15. Maximum and Minimum Monthly SNAP Benefits, FY 2008 and 2009

|  | Contiguous United States | Alaska | Hawaii |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2008 |  |  |  |
| Maximum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size |  |  |  |
| 1 | \$162 | \$194 | \$258 |
| 2 | 298 | 356 | 473 |
| 3 | 426 | 510 | 678 |
| 4 | 542 | 648 | 861 |
| 5 | 643 | 770 | 1,022 |
| 6 | 772 | 924 | 1,227 |
| 7 | 853 | 1,021 | 1,356 |
| 8 | 975 | 1,167 | 1,549 |
| Each Additional Member | 122 | 146 | 194 |
| Minimum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size |  |  |  |
| 1-2 | \$10 | \$10 | \$10 |
| First Half of FY 2009 |  |  |  |
| Maximum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size |  |  |  |
| 1 边 | \$176 | \$210 | \$276 |
| $2$ | 323 | 385 | 506 |
| 3 | 463 | 552 | 725 |
| 4 | 588 | 701 | 921 |
| 5 | 698 | 833 | 1,094 |
| 6 | 838 | 999 | 1,313 |
| 7 | 926 | 1,105 | 1,451 |
| 8 | 1,058 | 1,263 | 1,658 |
| Each Additional Member | 132 | 158 | 207 |
| Minimum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size |  |  |  |
| $1-2$ | \$14 | \$17 | \$22 |
| Second Half of FY 2009 |  |  |  |
| Maximum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size |  |  |  |
| $1$ | \$200 | \$239 | \$314 |
| $2$ | 367 | 438 | 575 |
| 3 | 526 | 627 | 824 |
| 4 | 668 | 797 | 1,046 |
| 5 | 793 | 946 | 1,243 |
| 6 | 952 | 1,135 | 1,491 |
| 7 | 1,052 | 1,255 | 1,648 |
| 8 | 1,202 | 1,434 | 1,884 |
| Each Additional Member | 150 | 179 | 236 |
| Minimum Monthly SNAP Benefits by Unit Size $1-2$ | \$16 | \$19 | \$25 |

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture

Table A.16. Number of Cases Sampled, Dropped from the Edited File, and Included on the Edited File, FY 2008 and FY 2009

|  | Number |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ |  |
| Cases sampled |  |
| Cases not subject to review |  |
| Cases deselected to correct for oversampling | 58,367 |
| Cases subject to review |  |
| $\quad$ Incomplete cases | 2,587 |
| Cases completed | 1 |
| SNAP units not eligible for a positive benefit | 55,779 |
| SNAP units not eligible for SNAP | 4,492 |
| SNAP units eligible for a positive benefit | 51,287 |
| SNAP units dropped due to inconsistencies | 929 |
| SNAP units on the final file | 50,358 |
|  | 144 |
| 2009 | 50,214 |
| Cases sampled |  |
| Cases not subject to review | 59,369 |
| Cases deselected to correct for oversampling | 2,673 |
| Cases subject to review |  |
| Incomplete cases | 56,691 |
| Cases completed |  |
| SNAP units not eligible for a positive benefit | 4,430 |
| SNAP units not eligible for SNAP |  |
| SNAP units eligible for a positive benefit | 52,261 |
| SNAP units dropped due to inconsistencies | 61 |
| SNAP units on the final file | 813 |

Source: SNAP Quality Control samples.

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[^0]:    Source: State Assistance Programs for SSI Recipients, January 2010

[^1]:    Source: SSA's SSI Annual Statistical Report, 2010

[^2]:    Source: State Assistance Programs for SSI Recipients, January 2009
    Note: States not listed do not provide an SSI supplement.

[^3]:    Source: 2009 Baseline of 2005 MATH SIPP+ model

[^4]:    *Indicates significance at the . 05 level using a two-tailed t- test

[^5]:    Note:
    Groups are defined in Table A.13a

[^6]:    Note:
    Groups are defined in Table A.13b.

[^7]:    Source: 2012 Baseline of 2009 MATH SIPP+ model

[^8]:    Source: 2012 Baseline of 2009 MATH SIPP+ model

